Unified Enterprise Survey - Annual

Signature

5-4600-350.1: 2009-07-27

Statistics Statistique Canada Canada

Capital Expenditures Preliminary Estimate for 2009 and Intentions for 2010

Target date is 30 days from Date of Receipt

Collected under the authority of the Statistics Act, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1985, Chapter S-19. Completion of this questionnaire is a legal requirement under this Act.

Confidential when completed.

Si vous préférez recevoir ce questionnaire en français, veuillez cocher u ou téléphoner au numéro sans frais: 1 800 345-2294.

FORM FN2

Please correct pre	e-printed label info	rmation, if nece s	ssary , usin	g the correspo	nding boxes	s below:							
Legal Name		Mail Contact Name											
Business Name					Title								
Location					Mail Address								
Principal Activity	Principal Activity												
Type of Ownership	o (Please see repo	orting guide)			Telephone Number Extension Fax Number () — () —								
	For Statistics C	anada Use Only			E-Mail			(
E-Mail	SMO V.	Corr.		3K. I.	L-Iviali								
				INTRODU	CTHON								
				(7/0								
Survey Purpo		capital expens	lituros in	Canada		Questionnai		ro to Invest	tmont or	d Capital			
The information and agencies,	This survey collects data on capital expenditures in Canada. The information is used by Federal and Provincial governments and agencies, trade associations, universities and international organizations for policy development and as a measure of regional						Please mail the completed questionnaire to Investment and Capital Stock Division , Statistics Canada, Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0T6, or by Facsimile: (613) 951-0196 or toll free at 1 800 606-5393 .						
activity.						Fax or Other Electronic Transmission Disclosure							
Data sharing	Agreements				Statistics Canada advises you that there could be a risk of								
Statistics Cana	Statistics Canada has entered into agreements with provincial					disclosure during the facsimile or other electronic transmission. However, upon receipt of your information, Statistics Canada will							
and territorial statistical agencies for the sharing of data. The data are kept confidential and used for statistical purposes only. Your responses are not shared with Canada Revenue Agency.					provide the guaranteed level of protection afforded all information collected under the authority of the <i>Statistics Act</i> .								
Confidentialit	v				To Compl	ete the Quest	ionnaire. Co	nsult the	Reporti	na Guide			
Statistics Canada is prohibited by law from publishing any statistics which would divulge information obtained from this survey that relates to any identifiable business. The data reported						To Complete the Questionnaire, Consult the Reporting Guide Instructions, definitions and examples can be found in the reporting guide. Reading these before completion can save you both time and effort in filling out this questionnaire. For additional information, please call us at (613) 951-9815, toll free at							
	confidentiality provisions of the <i>Statistics Act</i> are not affected by either the <i>Access to Information Act</i> or any other legislation. 1 800 345-2294 or by e-mail at Invest@statcan.gc.ca.												
	riod Informatior e of this survey, p		formation	for your 12 m	onth fiscs	I period for w	hich the FIN	N DAV oc	cure on	or			
between April 1	I, 2009 and Marc	h 31, 2010 for	2009 and	April 1, 2010									
Please indicat	e below the per		y this rep										
	YYYY	MM	_	YYYY	M	Л							
2009 From	2000/	1414	То	2000	2.40	4							
2010 From	YYYY	MM	То	YYYY	MI	Л							
Name of person	n completing thi	s auestionnaire	o (nleasa	nrint clearly	v)								
First Name and Last Name	ar sompleting till	o quodionnant	o. (picase	Print Oleding	,								
Title													
Telephone						Fax							
Number				Ext.		Number		- VV	- MM	DD			

I certify that the information contained herein is complete and correct to the best of my knowledge.

STC/UES-475-02500

Date completed

Canad'ä

Section A - Information Relat	ed to Project							
Joint venture project:	led to 1 Toject							
a) Is this project a joint venture?		4. Size of structure(s)						
	No	(square metres)						
b) If yes, are you reporting for the er	ntire joint venture?	5. Construction starting date:	 YYYY MM					
		O O construction assumblished data						
 c) List other participants and their sl of the joint venture: 	hare	6. Construction completion date:						
	%	7. Total project value representing						
		a) Construction	C					
	%	a) Construction	7					
	%	b) Machinery and equipment	\$ 000.00					
Business activity at this location:		b) Machinery and equipment.						
		Do you have the value or estimate of the work put in place on a monthly or quarterly basis?						
Physical address of project:								
		¹ Yes ²	No					
	PRELIMINARY E	STIMATE 2009						
Section B - Capital Expenditu	ıres							
	New Assets, Renovation, Retrofit	Purchase of Used	Total Capital Expenditures					
(Include acquisitions to work in progress)	(include used fixed assets if imported,	Canadian Assets	(Columns 1 + 2)					
to work in progress)	(1)	(thousands of dollars)	(3)					
4.1	100	(2)	(8)					
1. Land	000.00	102						
2. Residential Construction	000.00	000.00						
3. Non-Residential Construction (including for lease to others)	103	000.00	000.00					
Machinery and Equipment	107	108	109					
(including for lease to others)	000.00	000.00	000.00					
5. What percentage of question 4, B	ox 107 is for the purchase of software	are?	%					
Section C - Capacity Utilization	on (Manufacturing only)	△						
	YYYY MM	10						
Expected production starting date:		P	reliminary Estimate 2009					
1. If production has started, at who been operating in 2009?	at percentage of its capacity has	this plant	820					
(If the year 2009 is not completed	when you fill in this question aire, re	• •	%					
Capacity is defined as maximum process with	production attainable uncleinormal	conditions. With regard to normal cacilities, overtime, workshifts, holida	onditions, please follow the					
facilities permit the substitution of	one product for another, use a prod	duct mix at capacity which is most si	milar to the composition					
of your 2009 output.	A loop them are Political vision 0000 o	what is the mainsinal assess (Disse						
2. If this plant has been operating a		952	OEC					
 insufficient orders insufficient labour available 	plant shutdown	• other reas	ons (please specify): 857					
• lack of materials or supplies 852	• start-up of new operat	ion ⁸⁵⁵	, , , ,					
3. If this plant has been operating a	t more than capacity during 2009.	what is the principal reason? (Plea	se check the appropriate boxes)					
stronger demand for product 858	3		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
• insufficient inventory 859	• other reasons (please	specify):	860					
4. Has the production capacity of this plant changed in 2009? (change in resources e.g. plants, equipment, workforce, etc.)								
• Increased 870 • Decreased	sed ⁸⁷¹ • No change ⁸⁷²	•						
	INTENTIO	NS 2010						
Section D - Capital Expenditu	ures							
	New Assets, Renovation, Retrofit	Purchase of Used	Total Capital Expenditures					
(Include acquisitions to work in progress)	(include used fixed assets if imported,		(Columns 1 + 2)					
	(1)	(thousands of dollars) (2)	(3)					
1. Land	000.00							
	112	113						
Residential Construction Non-Residential Construction	000.00	000.00	116					
(including for lease to others)	000.00	000.00	000.00					
4. Machinery and Equipment (including for lease to others)	118 000.00	000.00	120 000.00					
,		1	077 %					
o. What percentage of question 1, 20x 110 in the parentage of contract.								
hour(s) minute(s) 098 099								
How much time was spent compiling data and completing this questionnaire? COMMENTS								
055								
	THANK YOU FOR YOU	ID CO OPEDATION						
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Survey on Capital Expenditures Preliminary Estimate for 2009 and Intentions for 2010

Reporting Guide

Introduction

1. Reports Required

· Reports should be completed for Canadian operations and locations as described on the pre-printed label.

2. Dollar Amounts and Percentages

- All dollar amounts reported should be rounded to THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS (e.g., \$6,555,444.00 should be rounded to \$6,555)
- Percentages should be rounded (e.g., 37%, 76%, 94%)
- Your best estimates are acceptable when precise figures are not available
- Pre-printed cell numbers 055 to 872 are for identification purposes

3. Return of Questionnaire

By Mail to: Investment and Capital Stock Division,

Statistics Canada Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0T6

(613) 951-0196 or toll free at 1 800 606-5393

Statistics Canada advises you that there could be a risk of disclosure during the facsimile or other electronic transmission. However, upon receipt of your information, Statistics Canada will provide the guaranteed level of protection afforded all information collected under the authority of the Statistics Act.

If you have any questions, please call us at (613) 951-9815, toll free at 1 800 345-2294 or by e-mail at Invest@statcan.gc.ca.

Data sharing Agreements

To reduce respondent burden, Statistics Canada has entered into data sharing agreements with provincial and territorial statistical agencies and other government organizations, which must keep the data confidential and use them only for statistical purposes. Statistics Canada will only share data from this survey with those organizations that have demonstrated a requirement to use the data.

Section 11 of the Statistics Act provides for the sharing of information with provincial and territorial statistical agencies that meet certain conditions. These agencies must have the legislative authority to collect the same information, on a mandatory basis, and the legislation must provide substantially the same provisions for confidentiality and penalties for disclosure of confidential information as the *Statistics Act*. Because these agencies have the legal authority to compel businesses to provide the same information, consent is not requested and businesses may not object to the sharing of the data.

For this survey, there are Section 11 agreements with the provincial and territorial statistical agencies of Newfoundland and Labrador, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia, and the Yukon.

The shared data will be limited to business establishments located within the jurisdiction of the respective province or territory.

Section 12 of the *Statistics Act* provides for the sharing of information with federal, provincial or territorial government organizations. Under Section 12, you may refuse to share your information with any of these organizations by writing a letter of objection to the Chief Statistician and returning it with the completed questionnairs. Please specify the organizations with which you do not want to

For this survey, there are Section 12 agreements with the statistical agencies of Prince Edward Island, the Northwest Territories and Nunavut as well as Natural Resources Canada, Environment Canada, the Newfoundland and Labrador Department of Mines and Energy, the Nova Scotia Department of Natural Resources, the New Brunswick Department of Natural Resources, the Ontario Ministry of Northern Development and Mines, Manitoba Science, Technology Energy and Mines and the British Columbia Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources.

For agreements with provincial and territorial government organizations, the shared data will be limited to business establishments located within the jurisdiction of the respective province or territory.

Paragraph 12(2)(b) of the Statistics Act states that respondents cannot object to the sharing of their information with organizations

that are authorized by law to require the respondent to provide the same information.

For this survey, agreements exist under paragraph 12(2)(b) with the Canadian Radio-television and Telecommunications Commission (CRTC) and the Saskatchewan Department of Energy and Mines. More precisely, section 37 of the Telecommunications Act provides the authority for the CRTC to require the Information. The Saskatchewan Department of Energy and Mines the Information of pursuant to the Saskatchewan *Mineral Resources Act* and only data from business establishments located in Saskatchewan will be shared with it.

Pre-Printed Label

Type of Ownership

Private - less than 50% of the voting rights are controlled by the government

Public - more than 50% of the voting rights are controlled by the government

- specify Federal, Provincial or Municipal

Fiscal Year End

For the purpose of this survey, please report information for your 12 month fiscal period for which the FINAL DAY occurs on or between April 1, 2009 - March 31, 2010 for 2009 and April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2011 for 2010.

The following are acceptable report periods for **2009**:

The following are acceptable report periods for 2010:

May	2008	-	April	2009	(04/09)	May	2009	-	April	2010	(04/10)
June	2008	-	May	2009	(05/09)	June	2009	-	May	2010	(05/10)
July	2008	-	June	2009	(06/09)	July	2009	-	June	2010	(06/10)
Aug.	2008	-	July	2009	(07/09)	Aug.	2009	-	July	2010	(07/10)
Sept	. 2008	-	Aug.	2009	(08/09)	Sept.	2009	-	Aug.	2010	(08/10)
Oct.	2008	-	Sept.	2009	(09/09)	Oct.	2009	-	Sept.	2010	(09/10)
Nov.	2008	-	Oct.	2009	(10/09)	Nov.	2009	-	Oct.	2010	(10/10)
Dec.	2008	-	Nov.	2009	(11/09)	Dec.	2009	-	Nov.	2010	(11/10)
Jan.	2009	-	Dec.	2009	(12/09)	Jan.	2010	-	Dec.	2010	(12/10)
Feb.	2009	-	Jan.	2010	(01/10)	Feb.	2010	-	Jan.	2011	(01/11)
Marc	h 2009	-	Feb.	2010	(02/10)	March	2010	-	Feb.	2011	(02/11)
April	2009	-	March	2010	(03/10)	April	2010	-	March	2011	(03/11)

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Definitions

What are Capital Expenditures?

Capital Expenditures are the **gross expenditures** on fixed assets for use in the operations of your organization or for lease or rent to others.

Include:

- cost of all new buildings, engineering, machinery and equipment which normally have a life of more than one year and are charged to fixed asset accounts
- modifications, additions and major renovations
- · capital costs such as feasibility studies, architectural, legal, installation and engineering fees
- cuheidiae
- capitalized interest charges on loans with which capital projects are financed
- work done by own labour force
- · acquisitions to work in progress

How to Treat Leases

- include assets acquired for lease to others, either as a capital, financial or as an operating lease
- exclude assets acquired as a lessee through either a capital, financial or an operating lease from others

Information for Government Departments

The following applies to government departments only:

- include all capital expenditures without taking into account the capitalization threshold of your department
- grants and/or subsidies to outside entities (e.g., municipalities, agencies, institutions or businesses) are not to be included
- departments are requested to **exclude** from reported figures budgetary items pertaining to any departmental agency and proprietary crown corporation as they are surveyed separately
- federal departments are to report expenditures paid for by the department, regardless of which department awarded the contract
- provincial departments are to include any capital expenditures on construction (exclude outlays for land) and/or machinery
 and equipment, for use in Canada, financed from revolving funds, loans attached to revolving funds, other loans, the
 Consolidated Revenue Fund or special accounts

Sections B and D: Capital Expenditures

Report the value of the projects expected to be put in place during the year. **Include** the **gross expenditures** (including subsidies) on fixed assets for use in the operations of your organization or for lease crient to others. **Include** all capital costs such as feasibility studies, architectural, legal, installation and engineering fees as well as work done by your own labour force.

New Assets, Renovation, Retrofit (Column 1), includes both existing assets being upgraded and additions of new assets

The following explanations are NOT applicable to government copartments:

- include Capitalized interest charges on loans with which capital projects are financed
- exclude If you are capitalizing your leased fixed assets as a lessee in accordance with the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants' recommendations, please exclude the total of the capitalization of such leases during the year from capital expenditures

Leases

In accordance with the recommendations of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants, leases are divided into two types, operating and capital. For the present, purchases of all capital assets whether for own use or for lease to others, either as a capital lease or as an operating lease should be reported in the appropriate place in Columns 1 or 2 Sections B and D. Assets acquired as a lessee through either a capital lease or operating lease from others should not be reported in these columns.

New assets acquired by means of a capital lease from others should not be included in Section B and D Columns 1 or 2.

The following applies to government departments only:

- grants and/or subsidies: to outside entities (e.g., municipalities, agencies, institutions or businesses), are not to be included
- departments are requested to **exclude** from reported figures budgetary items pertaining to any departmental agency and proprietary crown corporation as they are surveyed separately
- federal departments are to report expenditures paid for by their department, regardless of which department awarded the contract
- provincial departments are to include any capital expenditures on construction (exclude outlays for land) and/or machinery and
 equipment, for use in Canada, financed from revolving funds, loans attached to revolving funds, other loans, the Consolidated
 Revenue Fund or special accounts

Purchase of Used Canadian Assets (Column 2)

Definition: Used fixed assets may be defined as existing buildings, structures or machinery and equipment which have been previously used by another organization in Canada that you have acquired during the time period being reported on this questionnaire.

Explanation: The objective of our survey is to measure gross annual new acquisitions to fixed assets separately from the acquisition of gross annual used fixed assets in the Canadian economy as a whole.

Hence, the acquisition of a used **fixed Canadian asset** should be reported separately since such acquisitions would not change the aggregates of our domestic inventory of fixed assets, it would simply mean a transfer of assets within Canada from one organization to another.

Imports of used assets, on the other hand, should be **included** with the new assets (Column 1) because they are newly acquired for the Canadian economy.

Work in Progress:

Work in progress represents accumulated costs since the start of capital projects which are intended to be capitalized upon completion.

Typically capital investment includes any expenditure on an asset in which its' life is greater than one year. Capital items charged to operating expenses are defined as expenditures which could have been capitalized as part of the fixed assets, but for various reasons, have been charged to current expenses.

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Definitions

Land (Row 1)

Capital expenditures for land should **include** all costs associated with the purchase of the land that are not amortized or depreciated.

Residential Construction (Row 2)

Report the value of residential structures **including** the housing portion of multi-purpose projects and of townsites with the following EXCEPTIONS:

- buildings that have accommodation units without self-contained or exclusive use of bathroom and kitchen facilities (e.g., some student and senior citizen residences)
- the non-residential portion of multi-purpose projects and of townsites
- · associated expenditures on services

The exceptions should be included in the appropriate construction (e.g., non-residential) asset.

Non-Residential Construction (Row 3) (excluding land purchase and residential construction)

Report the total cost incurred during the year of building and engineering construction (contract and by own employees) whether for your own use or rent to others. **Include** also:

- · the cost of demolition of buildings, land servicing and of site-preparation
- · leasehold and land improvements
- townsite facilities, such as streets, sewers, stores, schools
- oil or gas pipelines, including pipe and installation costs
- all preconstruction planning and design costs such as engineering and consulting fees and any materials supplied to construction contractors for installation

Machinery and Equipment (Row 4)

Report total cost incurred during the year of all new machinery, whether for your own use or for lease or rent to others. Any capitalized tooling should also be included. **Include** progress payments paid out before delivery in the year in which such payments are made. Receipts from the sale of your own fixed assets or allowance for scrap or trade-in should not be deducted from your total capital expenditures. Any balance owing or holdbacks should be reported in the year the cost is incurred.

Include:

- automobiles, trucks, professional and scientific equipment, office and store furniture and appliances
- computers (hardware and software), broadcasting, telecommunication and other information and communication technology equipment
- · motors, generators, transformers
- any capitalized tooling expenses
- · progress payments paid out before delivery in the year in which such payments are made
- any balance owing or holdbacks should be reported in the year the cost is incurred

Section C: Capacity Utilization (Manufacturing Companies only)

Capacity use (utilization) is calculated by taking the actual production level for an establishment (production can be measured in dollars or units) and dividing it by the establishment's capacity production level.

Capacity production is defined as maximum production attainable under normal conditions.

To calculate capacity production, follow the establishment's operating practices with respect to the use of productive facilities, overtime, workshifts, holidays, etc. For example, if your plant normally operates with one shift of eight hours a day five days a week then capacity will be calculated subject to these conditions and not on the hypothetical case of three shifts a day, seven days a week.

Example

Plant "A" normally operates one shift a day, five days a week and given this operating pattern, capacity production is 150 units of product "A" for the month. In that month, actual production of product "A" was 125 units. The capacity use for plant "A" is (125/150) * 100 = 83%.

Now suppose that Plant "A" had to open for a shift on Saturdays to satisfy an abnormal surge in demand for product "A". Given this plant's normal operating schedule, capacity production remains at 150 units.

Actual production has grown to 160 units, so capacity use would be (160/150) * 100 = 107%.

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