Unified Enterprise Survey - Annual



Target date is 30 days from Date of Receipt

Collected under the authority of the Statistics Act, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1985, Chapter S-19. Completion of this questionnaire is a legal requirement under this Act. Confidential when completed. Si vous préférez recevoir ce questionnaire en français, veuillez cocher i ou téléphoner au numéro sans frais: 1 800 345-2294.

FORM FN2

Please correct pre-printed label information, if necessary, using the corresponding boxes below:

Legal Name	Mail Contact Name
Business Name	Title
Location	Address Postal Code (Zip Code)
Principal Activity	Telephone Number     Extension     Fax Number       ( )     -     ( )     -
Type of Ownership (Please see reporting guide )	E-Mail
	For Statistics Canada Use Only
	F-M, il SMO V. Corr. A. Bk. I

INTRODUCTION

#### Survey Purpose

This survey collects data on capital expenditures in Canaca The information is used by Federal and Provincial governments and agencies, trade associations, universities and international organizations for policy development and as a measure of regional activity.

#### **Data sharing Agreements**

Statistics Canada has entered into agreemonts with provincial and territorial statistical agencies for the sharing of data. The data are kept confidential and used for station of purposes only. Your responses are not shared with Canada Revenue Agency.

#### Confidentiality

Statistics Canada is prohibited by naw from publishing any statistics which would divulge information obtained from this survey that relates to any identifiable business. The data reported on this questionnaire will be treated in strict confidence. The confidentiality provisions of the *Statistics Act* are not affected by either the *Access to Information Act* or any other Legislation.

#### Poturn of Questionnaire

Please mail the completed questionnaire to **Investment and Capital Stock Division**, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0T6, or by Facsimile: **(613) 951-0196** or toll free at **1 800 606-5393**.

#### Fax or Other Electronic Transmission Disclosure

Statistics Canada advises you that there could be a risk of disclosure during the facsimile or other electronic transmission. However, upon receipt of your information, Statistics Canada will provide the guaranteed level of protection afforded all information collected under the authority of the *Statistics Act*.

## To Complete the Questionnaire, Consult the Reporting Guide

Instructions, definitions and examples can be found in the reporting guide. Reading these before completion can save you both time and effort in filling out this questionnaire. For additional information, please call us at **(613) 951-9815** or toll free at **1 800 345-2294**.

#### **Reporting Period Information**

For the purpose of this survey, please report information for your **12 month fiscal period** for which the **FINAL DAY** occurs on or between April 1, 2006 and March 31, 2007 for 2006 and April 1, 2007 and March 31, 2008 for 2007. *(See reporting guide for examples)*. **Please indicate below the period covered by this report**.

		YYYY	MM		YYYY	MM
2006	From			То		
		YYYY	MM		YYYY	MM
2007	From			То		

Name of person completing this questionnaire: (please print clearly)							
First Name	Last Name						
Title							
Telephone Number	( ) – Ext.	Fax Number	(	)	— MM	DD	
Signature	I certify that the information contained herein is complete and correct to the best of my knowledge.	Date completed					

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# Canadä

Section A - Information Relat	ed to Project						
1. Joint venture project:		4 Size of structure(s)					
a) Is this project a joint venture?	No	4. Size of structure(s) (square metres)					
b) If yes, are you reporting for the er $1 \square$ Yes $2 \square$ I	ntire joint venture?	5. Construction starting date:					
c) List other participants and their s of the joint venture:		6. Construction completion date:.	YYYY MM				
	%	<ol> <li>Total project value representing</li> <li>a) Construction</li> </ol>	¢ 000 00				
	%						
2. Business activity at this location:		b) Machinery and equipment .	\$ 000.00				
3. Physical address of project:		<ol> <li>B. Do you have the value or estimate of the work put in place on a monthly or quarterly basis?</li> <li>1 Yes 2 No</li> </ol>					
Section B - Capital Expenditu		STIMATE 2006					
	New Assets, Renovation, Retrofit		Total Capital Expenditures				
(Include acquisitions to work in progress)	(include used fixed assets if imported,	(thousands of dollars)	(Columns 1 + 2)				
1. Land	(1) 100 000. <sup>00</sup>	(2)	(3)				
2. Residential Construction	101 000.00	102 000.00					
3. Non-Residential Construction (including for lease to others)	103 000.00	104	105 000.00				
4. Machinery and Equipment (including for lease to others)	107 000.00	108 000.00	109 000.00				
5. What percentage of question 4, B	ox 107 is for the purchase of softwa	are? %	076 Zero 🗌				
Section C - Capacity Utilization	on (Manufacturing only)						
Expected production starting date:		<b>X</b>					
YYYY       MM       Preliminary Estimate 2006         1. If production has started, at what percentage of its capacity has this plant       820         been operating in 2006? (If the year 2006 is not completed when you fill in this quest. spare, sport for the year to date)       820         Capacity is defined as maximum production attainable upder normal conditions. With regard to normal conditions, please follow the company's operating practices with respect to the use of productive facilities, overtime, workshifts, holidays, etc. When any of your							
facilities permit the substitution of of your 2006 output.	one product for another use a proc	duct mix at capacity which is most s	imilar to the composition				
2. If this plant has been operating a • insufficient orders 850 • insufficient labour available • lack of materials or supplies 852 • strike or work stoppage	plant shutdown     jart-up of new operat     sufficient inventory	• other reas	e check the appropriate box) ions (please specify): <sup>857</sup>				
<ul> <li>3. If this plant has been operating a</li> <li>• stronger demand for product</li> </ul>							
insufficient inventory <sup>8</sup> 4. Has the production capa. ity of this	• other reasons (please	specify):	860				
Increased <sup>870</sup> • Decreased	074 070						
	INTENTIO	NS 2007					
Section D - Capital Expenditu	New Assets, Renovation, Retrofit (include used fixed assets if imported)		Total Capital Expenditures (Columns 1 + 2)				
to work in progress)	(1)	(thousands of dollars) (2)	(3)				
1. Land	111 000.00		- (0)				
2. Residential Construction	112 000.00						
3. Non-Residential Construction (including for lease to others)	114 000.00		116 000.00				
4. Machinery and Equipment (including for lease to others)       118       119       120       000.00         000.00       000.00       000.00       000.00       000.00       000.00							
5. What percentage of question 4, Box 118 is for the purchase of software? % Zero hour(s) minute(s)							
How much time was spent compiling	data and completing this questionna	aire?	098 099 099				
	СОММ						
055							



## Survey on Capital Expenditures Preliminary Estimate for 2006 and Intentions for 2007

## Introduction

## 1. Reports Required

• Reports should be completed for Canadian operations and locations as described on the pre-printed label.

## 2. Dollar Amounts and Percentages

- All dollar amounts reported should be rounded to THOUSANDS OF CANADIAN DOLLARS
  - (e.g., \$6,555,444.00 should be rounded to \$6,555)
- Percentages should be rounded (e.g., 37%, 76%, 94%)
- · Your best estimates are acceptable when precise figures are not available
- · Pre-printed cell numbers 055 to 872 are for identification purposes

## 3. Return of Questionnaire

By Mail to: Investment and Capital Stock Division, Statistics Canada,

Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0T6

#### (613) 951-0196 or toll free at 1 800 606-5393 By Fax at:

Statistics Canada advises you that there could be a risk of disclosure during the facsimile or other electronic transmission. However, upon receipt of your information, Statistics Canada will provide the guaranteed level of protection afforded all information collected under the authority of the Statistics Act.

## 4. Questions?

Detach along perforated edge

If you have any questions, please call us at (613) 951-9815 or toll free at 1 800 345-2294.

#### **Data sharing Agreements**

To avoid duplicating survey activity, Statistics Canada has entered into the following data sharing agreements concerning this Survey.

**Under section 11** of the *Statistics Act*, Statistics Canada has entered into data sharing agreements with the statistical bureaus of Newfoundland and Labrador, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario, Manitaba Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia. Statistics Canada only enters into section 11 agreements with provincial statistical agencies which have statistic acts similar to the federal act. These agencies have the authority to collect this information and the se me provisions for confidentiality and penalties for disclosure of information as the federal Statistics Act.

Under section 12 of the Statistics Act, Statistics Canada has entered into deta sharing agreements with the Prince Edward Island Department of the Provincial Treasury, the Northwest Territories Bureau c\* Statistics, the Nunavut Bureau of Statistics and the Yukon Bureau of Statistics. The agreements we have with these agencies require that they keep the information confidential and use it only for statistical and research purposes. Under section 12, response, is may object to the sharing of their information with any of these agencies by giving notice in writing to the Chief Statistican and by returning their letter of objection along with the completed questionnaire in the enclosed envelope.

To reduce response burden and to ensure more uniform tatistics, Statistics Canada has entered into an agreement under section 12 of the Statistics Act with the Canadian Radio Television and Telecommunications Commission (the CRTC) for the sharing of information from this survey pertaining to the telecommunication. se, vices industry (NAICS 517). Subsection 12(2) of the *Statistics Act* provides that where a respondent gives notice in writing to the chief Statistician that the respondent objects to the sharing of the information by Statistics Canada, the information not be shared with the department or corporation unless the department or corporation is authorized by law to require the respondent opprovide the information. The CRTC is authorized by law to require the respondent opprovide the information authorized by law to require the respondent opprovide the information Act. Information provided to the CRTC will be treated in approvide to the CRTC will be treated in the respondent opprovide the information authorized by law to require the respondent opprovide the information act. accordance with the requirements of section 39 of the Telecommunications Act.

## **Pre-Printed Label**

Type of Ownership

Private - less that 5. % of he voting rights are controlled by the government

- more the solution of the voting rights are controlled by the government Public
  - specify Federal, Provincial or Municipal

## **Fiscal Year End**

For the purpose of this survey, please report information for your 12 month fiscal period for which the FINAL DAY occurs on or between April 1, 2006 - March 31, 2007 for 2006 and April 1, 2007 - March 31, 2008 for 2007.

## The following are acceptable report periods for 2006:

	•			· ·	
May	2005	-	April	2006	(04/06)
June	2005	-	May	2006	(05/06)
July	2005	-	June	2006	(06/06)
Aug.	2005	-	July	2006	(07/06)
Sept.	2005	-	Aug.	2006	(08/06)
Oct.	2005	-	Sept.	2006	(09/06)
Nov.	2005	-	Oct.	2006	(10/06)
Dec.	2005	-	Nov.	2006	(11/06)
Jan.	2006	-	Dec.	2006	(12/06)
Feb.	2006	-	Jan.	2007	(01/07)
March	2006	-	Feb.	2007	(02/07)
April	2006	-	March	2007	(03/07)

The following are acceptable report periods for 2007:

May	2006		April	2007	(04/07)
iviay	2000	-	Арпі	2007	· · ·
June	2006	-	May	2007	(05/07)
July	2006	-	June	2007	(06/07)
Aug.	2006	-	July	2007	(07/07)
Sept.	2006	-	Aug.	2007	(08/07)
Oct.	2006	-	Sept.	2007	(09/07)
Nov.	2006	-	Oct.	2007	(10/07)
Dec.	2006	-	Nov.	2007	(11/07)
Jan.	2007	-	Dec.	2007	(12/07)
Feb.	2007	-	Jan.	2008	(01/08)
March	2007	-	Feb.	2008	(02/08)
April	2007	-	March	2008	(03/08)



FORM FN2

## Definitions

## What are Capital Expenditures?

Capital Expenditures are the gross expenditures on fixed assets for use in the operations of your organization or for lease or rent to others.

## Include:

- cost of all new buildings, engineering, machinery and equipment which normally have a life of more than one year and are charged to fixed asset accounts
- modifications, additions and major renovations
- capital costs such as feasibility studies, architectural, legal, installation and engineering fees
- subsidies
- capitalized interest charges on loans with which capital projects are financed
- work done by own labour force
- acquisitions to work in progress

## How to Treat Leases

- include assets acquired for lease to others, either as a capital, financial or as an operating lease
- exclude assets acquired as a lessee through either a capital, financial or an operating lease from others

## Information for Government Departments

The following applies to government departments only:

- include all capital expenditures without taking into account the capitalization threshold of your department
- grants and/or subsidies to outside entities (e.g., municipalities, agencies, institutions or businesses) are not to be included
- departments are requested to **exclude** from reported figures budgetary items pertaining to any departmental agency and proprietary crown corporation as they are surveyed separately
- federal departments are to report expenditures paid for by the department, regardless of which department awarded the contract
- provincial departments are to **include** any capital expenditures on construction (**excluse** cattors for land) and/or machinery and equipment, for use in Canada, financed from revolving funds, loans attached to recolving funds, other loans, the Consolidated Revenue Fund or special accounts

## Sections B and D: Capital Expenditures

Report the value of the projects expected to be put in place during the yc.r. **Clude** the **gross expenditures** (including subsidies) on fixed assets for use in the operations of your organization or for lease or r. nt to others. **Include** all capital costs such as feasibility studies, architectural, legal, installation and engineering fees as well as vork cone by your own labour force.

New Assets, Renovation, Retrofit (Column 1), includes both ediating assets being upgraded and additions of new assets

The following explanations are NOT applicable to governmen departments:

- include Capitalized interest charges on loans with which capital projects are financed
- exclude If you are capitalizing your leased fixed assets as a lessee in accordance with the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants' recommendations, please exclude the total of the capitalization of such leases during the year from capital expenditures

## Leases

In accordance with the recommendations of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants, leases are divided into two types, operating and capital. For the present purchases of all capital assets whether for own use or for lease to others, either as a capital lease or as an operating lease should be reported in the appropriate place in Columns 1 or 2 Sections B and D. Assets acquired as a lessee through either a capital lease or operating lease from others should not be reported in these columns.

New assets acquired by mean of a capital lease from others should not be included in Section B and D Columns 1 or 2.

The following applies to gover iment departments only:

- grants and/c. subsidies. to outside entities (e.g., municipalities, agencies, institutions or businesses), are not to be included
  departments ar requested to exclude from reported figures budgetary items pertaining to any departmental agency and proprietary crown corporation as they are surveyed separately
- federal departments are to report expenditures paid for by their department, regardless of which department awarded the contract
- provincial departments are to **include** any capital expenditures on construction (**exclude** outlays for land) and/or machinery and equipment, for use in Canada, financed from revolving funds, loans attached to revolving funds, other loans, the Consolidated Revenue Fund or special accounts

## Purchase of Used Canadian Assets (Column 2)

**Definition:** Used fixed assets may be defined as existing buildings, structures or machinery and equipment which have been previously used by another organization in Canada that you have acquired during the time period being reported on this questionnaire.

**Explanation:** The objective of our survey is to measure gross annual new acquisitions to fixed assets separately from the acquisition of gross annual used fixed assets in the Canadian economy as a whole.

Hence, the acquisition of a used **fixed Canadian asset** should be reported separately since such acquisitions would not change the aggregates of our domestic inventory of fixed assets, it would simply mean a transfer of assets within Canada from one organization to another.

**Imports of used assets**, on the other hand, should be **included** with the new assets (Column 1) because they are newly acquired for the Canadian economy.

## Work in Progress:

Work in progress represents accumulated or accrued costs on capital projects not completed and which are intended to be capitalized upon completion.

## Definitions

## Land (Row 1)

Capital expenditures for land should **include** all costs associated with the purchase of the land that are not amortized or depreciated.

## Residential Construction (Row 2)

Report the value of residential structures **including** the housing portion of multi-purpose projects and of townsites with the following EXCEPTIONS:

- buildings that have accommodation units without self-contained or exclusive use of bathroom and kitchen facilities (e.g., some student and senior citizen residences)
- the non-residential portion of multi-purpose projects and of townsites
- associated expenditures on services

The exceptions should be included in the appropriate construction (e.g., non-residential) asset.

## Non-Residential Construction (Row 3) (excluding land purchase and residential construction)

Report the total cost incurred during the year of building and engineering construction (contract and by own employees) whether for your own use or rent to others. **Include** also:

- the cost of demolition of buildings, land servicing and of site-preparation
- · leasehold and land improvements
- · townsite facilities, such as streets, sewers, stores, schools
- oil or gas pipelines, including pipe and installation costs
- all preconstruction planning and design costs such as engineering and consulting fees and any materials supplied to construction contractors for installation

## Machinery and Equipment (Row 4)

Report total cost incurred during the year of all new machinery, whether for your own use or for lease or total to others. Any capitalized tooling should also be included. **Include** progress payments paid out before delivery in the year in which such payments are made. Receipts from the sale of your own fixed assets or allowance for scrap or trade-in should not be deducted from your total capital expenditures. Any balance owing or holdbacks should be reported in the year the cost is incurred.

## Include:

- automobiles, trucks, professional and scientific equipment, office and store turniture and appliances
- computers (hardware and software), broadcasting, telecommunication and c'he, information and communication technology equipment
- motors, generators, transformers
- any capitalized tooling expenses
- · progress payments paid out before delivery in the year in which such payments are made
- any balance owing or holdbacks should be reported in ... a year the cost is incurred

## Section C: Capacity Utilisation (Manufacturing Companies only)

Capacity use (utilization) is calculated by taking the actual production level for an establishment (production can be measured in dollars or units) and dividing it by the establishment 's capacity production level.

Capacity production is defined as maximum production attainable under normal conditions.

To calculate capacity production, it low the establishment's operating practices with respect to the use of productive facilities, overtime, workshifts, holidays, etc. For example, if your plant normally operates with one shift of eight hours a day five days a week then capacity will be calculated subject to these conditions and not on the hypothetical case of three shifts a day, seven days a week.

#### Example

Plant "A" normally cherates one shift a day, five days a week and given this operating pattern, capacity production is 150 units of product "A" for the month. In that month, actual production of product "A" was 125 units. The capacity use for plant "A" is (125/150) \* 100 = 83%.

Now suppose that Plant "A" had to open for a shift on Saturdays to satisfy an abnormal surge in demand for product "A". Given this plant's normal operating schedule, capacity production remains at 150 units. Actual production has grown to 160 units, so capacity use would be (160/150) \* 100 = 107%.