



Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics Policing Services Program

Uniform Crime Reporting Incident-Based Survey

Version 2.1

Reporting Manual

Effective April 1, 2004



Statistique Canada Statistics Canada



FORTHERMATION

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SECTION 2
INTRODUCTION

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UCR2.1 - Incident-Based Survey

2.1.1

2.1 INFORMATION FOR RESPONDENTS

Authority: Statistics Act, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1985, Chapter S19

Objectives: This survey collects essential incident-based data on the nature and extent of crime in

Canada. It provides comprehensive data for more complete crime analysis, resource planning, and program development for the policing community. Municipal and provincial governments use the data to aid decisions about the distribution of police resources, definitions of provincial standards and for comparisons with other departments and provinces. To the federal government it provides information for policy and legislative development, evaluation of new legislative initiatives and

international comparisons. As well, media, academic, and researchers use these data to

examine questions about crime.

Confidentiality: Statistics Canada is prohibited by lav nom publishing any statistics which would

divulge information obtained iron this survey that relates to any identifiable

respondent/individual without the previous written consent of the

respondent/individual. The information reported will be treated in confidence, used for

statistical purposes and published in aggregate form only. The confidentiality

provisions of the Statistics Act are not affected by either the Access to Information Act

or any other legislation.

Collection Registration Number: STC/CCJ-140-60100

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2.2 UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING REVISED SURVEY IMPLEMENTATION

INTRODUCTION

The Uniform Crime Reporting Survey Version 2.1 (UCR2.1) is in its implementation phase. A set of procedures has been established to guide departments/respondents during implementation. These are as follows:

a.) Occurrence Report

The first step for each department is to revise their current occurrence report in order to collect a greater amount of information from patrol officers. As an aid to new respondents, and the R Development Project team has collected a number of examples of new occurrence reports, developed by and in use at departments already reporting to the survey. These occurrence reports are compatible with the incident-based survey and the local information needs. They are available to any department that is planning to revise its information system and/or its occurrence report.

b.) <u>Training</u>

Training materials are provided to each implementing respondent/department. The project team conducts a two day training course (depending on the group size - more than ten people would take three days) outlining the survey characterities (i.e. scoring rules, data elements, definitions) and includes a number of scoring exercises illustrating these concepts. The training is ideally conducted approximately three to four weeks before the start of incident-based data collection.

c.) Evaluation Procedure

A circal part of the implementation process is to evaluate each department's ability to report to the new survey. To accomplish this the project team has developed standard evaluation procedures to test the major components of the data gathering process of each department, i.e. from scoring rules application, data capture, and presence of system edits; to extraction of the data from the computer system. The process of evaluation consists of two distinct components:

i.) System - 45 test cases containing some invalid as well as case updates. These cases are - to be input directly into the information system and extracted. This allows us to evaluate the system's

ability to capture the relevant data, 'trap' errors (invalid cases), extract the data according to specifications, and identify any system or procedural limitations.

ii.) Update - an update test based on the valid cases to test the system's ability to correctly extract and send updated information for cases previously sent to CCJS.

The results of this evaluation will help identify/resolve issues of data quality and other potential sources of error.

d.) Start-up

The start of data collection for the incident-based survey requires a department to stop collecting the current aggregate survey and begin reporting the data in an incident-based format. Preferably, the date for start-up will fall on the first of a particular month. It is suggested that if resources and time permit, new respondents should consider parallel reporting (call cting and sending both surveys at the same time) for a short period of time following start-up. This wall result in maintaining temporarily a back-up source of information in the event that there remain some outstanding implementation issues.

SECTION 3

GENERAL RULES OF SCORING

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3.1 GENERAL RULES OF SCORING

a.) <u>Introduction</u>

The Uniform Crime Reporting Survey Version 2.1 (UCR 2.1) is designed to produce an indicator of the nature and extent of crime in Canadian society. This survey captures incident-level information on the characteristics of the criminal incident and the accused persons and victims involved. Unit-record data are extracted from the local operating systems of each participating respondent according to standardized definitions and concepts.

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3.2 UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING TERMINOLOGY

The purpose of this guide is to provide a set of rules and terminology which will enable coding the key concepts captured in occurrence reports. These rules need to be applied uniformly by all respondents to ensure comparable statistics.

- a.) <u>Violation</u> Refers to a contravention of the Criminal Code or other Federal and Provincial Statutes.
- b.) <u>Incident</u> An incident is the set of connected events which usually constitutes an occurrence report. This is the central concept of the UCR 2.1 Survey and is explained in section 3.5
- c.) Victim The term victim is a central concept in UCR scoring. For the purpose of reporting incidents, a "victim" is a person who is the target of violent/aggressive action or threat. A "violent" violation of the law generally indicates the use of aggressive action (with the intent to do harm) or the threat of such action by one person against mother. The survey also collects "victims" of criminal traffic violations. For this, the victim is the target of an intended/unintended violent action.

People who have been victimized as a result of lost property, either through damage or theft, are defined as "complainants" rether than victims.

- d.) CSC A "Charged/Suspe" Chargeable" is a person who has been identified as an offender in an incident and against whom a charge may be laid in connection with that incident. In response to concerns about legal liability with respect to the term "accused", the UCR2 definitions and namely conventions have been modified. While the generic term accused is used throughout this manual and is intended to capture the same meaning as "charged/suspect chargeable", the field and record names have been changed to 'CSC'.
- e.) <u>Place</u> A "place" means a single connected property that is owned, rented or occupied by the same person (or group of people) e.g. a residence or a business. In the case of property crimes the "place" is extended to include motor vehicles, that is, each vehicle is considered to be a unique single place when stolen. Motor vehicles are defined as:

A motor vehicle is a vehicle which is propelled or driven other than by muscular power but does

not include a vehicle which operates on rails. Below are the categories of motor vehicles which are defined as a single "place":

- i.) Automobiles includes all models of automobiles and station wagons.
- ii.) Trucks includes all models of trucks and buses designed to transport people or freight, including vans and motor homes.
- iii.) Motorcycles includes all types of motorcycles with two or times wheels such as motorized bicycles, motor scooters.
- iv.) Other Motor includes motorized snow vehicles; far n tractors and other self-propelled farming implements; cranes; fork-lifts, graders, bulldozers and other self-propelled vehicles designed and used on construction sites; building and maintenance of roads and in the lumber industry; army tanks a my je ps; and all-terrain vehicles.

Registration shall not be a criterion for determining whet a particular vehicle is a motor vehicle or not.

The following are not to be considered as more shicles: aircraft, boats, vessels of all types, hovercrafts, golf-carts, power wheelchairs, lawn and garden metors and non-commercial type snowblowers.

* Please note: The concept of "pice" applies only to <u>non-traffic</u> violations.

Place - Examples

- i.) A single home, the attached garage, the backyard and driveway which are all connected and they belong to (or are rented by) the same person, then they are parts of the same property and are considered as a single place;
- ii.) Two apartments of the same building are separate places if they are rented or occupied by different people;
- iii.) The city home and the cottage, owned by the same person, are separate places because they are not connected;
- iv.) Two cars are considered as two different places when stolen. An exception is made for car dealership (see Definitions document).
- v.) Three business offices in the same building but having no business connections are considered as three different places.

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3.3 SCORING RULES

a.) Score Only from Police Sources - The basic source of information for UCR scoring is the police occurrence report. It is important that all categories of crime and traffic incidents occurring within a police jurisdiction be reported so that statistical data published by Statistics Canada may be complete and factual. Unsolved incidents must be reported as well as those incidents that are cleared. Only police departmental records should be used when compiling statistical returns.

Subsequent decisions by court authorities to charge with a lesser offence are to be 15. red as are court decisions, such as "not guilty".

- b.) <u>Assistance Cases</u> Duplication of reporting statistical data must be woided. Report only those cases occurring in your geographical jurisdiction for which you have primary investigative authority. Incidents involving assistance to the police of another geographical irrisdiction must not be reported as they will be counted by the police department concerned. Similarly arrests made or summonses served for other police forces are not to be counted.
- c.) Related Charges An incident may be "cleared by charge" under the data element 'Incident/Clearance Status' if a charge is laid in connection wur. hat incident. This charge may not coincide with the most serious violation within the incident. Thus, a related charge may be used to clear an incident.

It is necessary to emphasize that the police must have sufficient evidence (not mere suspicion) that a charge might have been includent the original violation against the same accused. In this case, a CSC record with the charge's laid will be 'attached' to the original incident and the incident/clearance status changed to 'creara' by charge'.

d.) Sup_L1 ementary Homicide Return - A detailed manual Homicide Return will still be requested from the police for every case of murder, manslaughter, and infanticide reported under the Homicide category.

FORTHERMATION

3.4 DEFINITION OF AN INCIDENT

The basic unit of count selected to report crimes to the incident-based UCR 2.1 survey is the "criminal incident." This requires defining the concept of an incident so it will be applied consistently, with a minimum number of exceptions.

The fundamental characteristic of an incident is that it may involve several victims, several accused persons and several different violations of the law. All these different elements will be grouped together into one incident if they meet the conditions (or rules) outlined below.

The primary rule in determining the number of incidents is based on the violation the As in the aggregate survey, traffic and non-traffic violations are to be scored as separate incidents.

Two or more violations of the law (and their related victims and accused persons) are grouped into the same unique incident if and only if they are committed by the same person or group of persons and if they are either:

- i.) part of simultaneous or sequential actions to to occur at the same place (not repeated actions over a long period of time but actions committed simultaneously or in sequence in a short period of time at the same place); or
- ii.) part of interrelated actions over a short period of time, that is, actions where one action leads to the other or where one is the consequence of the other(s); or
- when the san violent action (violation against the victim) is repeated over a long period of time against the sam victin(s) and only comes to the attention of the police at one point in time.

Please note that "conspiracy to commit" and the crime for which the accused conspired are counted as separate incidents if they occur at different times.

a.) <u>Incident - Examples</u>

i.) A person is asked to stop by the police and a CPIC check reveals the car is stolen. Also it is determined that the person is impaired through a breathalizer.

3.4.2

These two violations, theft of motor vehicle and impaired driving are two different incidents because one violation is traffic (impaired) and the other is non-traffic (theft of motor vehicle).

ii.) A car is chased by police for several minutes after hitting a pedestrian. Once the car is apprehended, the driver is found to be impaired.

These three violations, fail to stop or remain, dangerous operation - evading police, and the impaired driving are part of the same incident because they are all traffic violations.

iii.) Two men break into a private house, they steal the television, vice ecording machine, and cash. They also commit some vandalism before leaving.

All the actions described in the example occurred either simultaneously or sequentially at the same place. Accordingly, these violations are part of the same unique incident.

iv.) Two men break into three apartments and steal a television from each of the apartments.

There are three incidents in this see, and because the acts occurred at different places. Within each distinct break and enter, the acts of breaking in and stealing are sequential actions occurring at the same place and thus comprise of a single incident according to part i.) of the definition of an inclient.

v.) A man break, into a house, kills the owner, and sets fire to the house.

> All these acts occur at the same place sequentially and are part of the same incident according to part i.) of the definition.

vi.) A man is arrested for disturbing the peace and is found to be in possession of drugs and an offensive weapon.

All these violations are part of the same incident because they occurred simultaneously at the same place.

vii.) A man commits a bank robbery. A guard attempts to stop the robber and is killed. The perpetrator escapes.

These two violations are part of the same incident because these actions are <u>interrelated</u> within the same event. The bank robbery led to intervention by the guard and the subsequent act of killing of the guard.

viii.) A man sets fire to a private house during the night. Two occupants in the house die in the blaze.

The two murders are the direct consequence of the act of arson. These actions are <u>interrelated</u> and are thus part of the same incident.

ix.) A man is arrested and is charged with having committed several acts of incest with his daughter during the past two years.

These violations have been <u>repeated over a long period of time</u> against the same victim and become known to the police at one paint in time. According to the definition of an incident, only one incident is reported to UCA 2.1.

x.) A man is arrested as the result of a family dispute and is charged with assault. During the investigation, it is recealed that the man has assaulted his wife frequently over the past five years.

Only one incident will be reported to UCR 2.1 as these violations have been repeated over a long period of time against the same victim.

xi.) Two men commit a break and enter at a residence. When leaving the residence, they are accosted by the owner who takes them back to the house. There he sexually assaults one of the men and causes bodily harm to the other.

These violations, though appearing interrelated, will result in two incidents being reported to UCR 2.1. This is because all violations within one incident must be <u>committed by the same person or persons</u>.

xii.) A man steals a car and two days later he uses the same vehicle while committing a bank robbery.

Two incidents will be reported to the UCR 2.1. These act: did not occur simultaneously or sequentially over a short period of time; and, these two actions are not directly interrelated - the theft of the motor vehicle did not lead directly to the bank robbery.

b.) Operational Considerations in the Definition of an Incident

In cases where multiple incidents occur on the same occurrence report, these will have to be scored as separate incidents (different 'Incident File Number') and sent as separate incident records to CCJS.

Examples:

- i.) A break and ence, into a residence results in the keys and the motor vehicle taken from a detached garage. One incident record will be sent to CCJS showing the break and enter to the residence (one place) and another incident showing the theft of motor vehicle (another place).
- ii.) An accused is stopped for impaired driving and during a search of the car, a number of stolen goods are found. Two incident records will be sent to CCJS, one showing the impaired driving (traffic) and the other showing the possession of stolen goods (non-traffic).

3.5 DISCUSSION ON THE DEFINITION OF AN INCIDENT

The large majority of criminal incidents encompass basic components; they involve a single violation of the law or several violations clearly related to the same event, occur in a very limited area, involve a small number of people and occur over a short period of time. The change to incident-based reporting should be fairly clear for these types of incidents since the "offence" from the aggregate UCR survey will be exactly the same as the "incident" in the revised survey. However, there is a wide range of criminal incidents and it is difficult, if not impossible, to create a single definition.

It is necessary to briefly discuss and illustrate how the definition of an incident should be interpreted for specific types of violations.

a.) <u>Violations Against the Person - Examples</u>

Violations against the person are violent incidents and roust involve at least one victim. To score a violation against the person, all actions committed against the same victim(s) occurring under the same conditions are grouped together. The definition of an incident is not dependent on the number of victims, offenders, or violations of the law, cut is dependent on the actions of the offenders and on the link between their different actions and victures.

The following scenarios provide examples on how to interpret and apply the concept of an incident.

i.) Two men corunic a bank robbery. They assault a customer of the bank during the incident and when outside the bank they shoot and kill a bank guard who was attempting to stop them.

In this incident there are three different violations of the law: a murder, an assault and a robbery. They are all part of the same incident because they are all interrelated: the murder and the assault are the consequence of the robbery and they would not have occurred without the initial offence. Accordingly, all violations of the law are grouped as one incident.

ii.) A bus driver and two passengers are assaulted by two young men. The three assaults are part of the same incident because they occurred simultaneously at the same place.

There are certain criminal behaviours where the same violation of the law is committed many times against the same victim by the same offender. The offences of incest and domestic assault are examples of such criminal behaviours. In these situations it is operationally difficult to determine the number of times that such violations of the law were committed. Regardless of the number of repeated actions, only one incident is recorded when the same violation of the law is committed repeatedly by the same offender(s) against the same victim(s).



3.6 VIOLATIONS AGAINST PROPERTY - EXAMPLES

There are six types of violations against property:

- break and enter;
- arson;
- possession of stolen goods;
- fraud;
- theft;
- mischief.

a.) Break and Enter

Given the definition of "place" and the nature of break and enter, there can only be one violation of break and enter within an incident. Therefore, the number of incidents of break and enter reported is equal to the number of different places broken into. Note, 'f a single house, the attached garage and the backyard shed are broken into, only one break and enter is scored because all these structures are located at the same place according to the incident-baced survey definition of a 'place'.

Examples

i.) A man breaks into an separately rented apartments in an apartment building.

Ten incidents of break and enter will be reported because each distinct apartment is defined as separate place.

ii.) A house and the unattached garage on the same connected property are broken into.

Only one incident of break and enter is reported because the house and the unattached garage are considered a single place situated on a single piece of property.

iii.) Four offices in a building are broken into after closing hours and ransacked. The offices are occupied by: 1) a lawyer; 2) a dentist; 3) a doctor and 4) a construction firm. They do not share their space and have no business connection.

Four incidents of break and enter will be reported to the survey because each office is deemed a distinct place.

iv.) A secured locker room in an apartment building is broken into and goods are stolen from ten lockers.

One incident of break and enter will be reported because all the actions were committed in sequence over a short period of time at the same place.

v.) Some money is stolen from ten lockers at a swimming pool complex

One incident of theft will be reported to UCR2.1. Break and enter is not scored, as the perpetrator did not have to "break in" to gain entry.

vi.) A number of apartments are broken into in a apartment building. Three of them were unoccupied, the other two were occupied

Three incidents of break and enter will be reported to UCR2.1, two incidents for the two occupied apartments, and one incident for the group of three unoccupied apartments. This is because each 'place' must be separately owned, rented or occupied (except for motor vehicles).

b.) Arson

The number of incidents of arson is determined by the number of different 'places' where a fire was set.

If two units in an apartment building are set on fire by two separately ignited fires, two incidents of arson are reported.

If a fire is set to one unit in an apartment building and four units burn, there is one incident of arson (only one fire was set). If a fire is set to a single home and the neighbouring house also burns, there is only one incident of arson (only one fire was set).

Examples

i.) A store and the two apartments on the second floor are destroyed by fire. The investigation concludes that the fire was criminally set at the back of the store using gas.

One incident of arson will be reported.

ii.) A fire is set in a vehicle parked on the street.

One incident of arson will be reported.

iii.) Two fires are set to two houses on the same street.

Two incidents of arson will be reported because the two fires were set to two different places.

iv.) Two fires are set at the back of an apartment building.

Only one incident of arson will be a ported. The fire was not set to individual apartments and the apartment building itself was the arget of the offender.

v.) Several fires are set in a recipational facility by one person.

Only one increase. If arson will be reported as the recreational facility is a single 'place' and the fires were set within the single place.

c.) <u>Possess on of Stolen Goods</u>

Whenever the police apprehend a person (or group of persons) who is (are) in possession of stolen goods, this is scored as one incident. The scoring is not dependent on the number of stolen objects, the number of persons who own the objects, the number of offenders, or the number of places where these objects are stored.

Examples

i.) A man is arrested in a parking lot selling stolen watches.

One incident of possession of stolen goods will be reported to the UCR2.1

- ii.) A man is arrested for speeding. The police discover stolen goods in his car. Subsequently, additional stolen goods are discovered in his house and his cottage. One incident of possession of stolen goods will be reported.
- iii.) Stolen goods are discovered in a warehouse. The investigation reveals the stolen goods were stored in this place by two men.

One incident of possession of stolen goods will be reported to use survey, and two persons will be charged in relation to this incident.

iv.) A man is arrested for possession of stolen goods. He tells police that he bought them from someone else. Police discover more stolen goods in the apartment of the latter.

Two incidents of possession of stolen goods must be declared; one person is charged for each incident.

d.) Frauds

There are currently some inclusistencies in the way the offence of fraud is scored under the aggregate UCR survey. Inclusistencies and analytical problems have led to a revision of the fraud scoring rules. The UCR2.1 survey will employ a counter to track the number of fraudulent cheques issued and the number of times a transaction card (e.g., credit card) is used in a fraudulent manner. This information is not directly compatible with the aggregate UCR survey. In order to keep the consistency between both survey, and to be able to translate the incident-based data to the aggregate survey, respondents will be requested to provide the following information. One record will be created for each credit card which is used for fraudulent purposes together with a count of the number of times that it was used. For fraud by cheque, one record will be created for each location where cheques were 'passed' by the same person or group of persons within a period of a day and a count of the number of cheques issued at each location will be provided. In summary, the UCR 2.1 survey will generate one record under the same rules for fraud that were used in the aggregate survey. In addition, a 'count' will be generated for the number of fraudulent actions occurring within each type of fraud, to meet the requirements of the revised survey.

For most other types of frauds (ie. excluding cheques or transaction cards), one record will be created each time a fraudulent action is committed. One record will be created when a number of similar fraudulent actions occur and the counter will capture the number of those actions.

Examples

i.) A man enters a store and knowingly issues three "bad" cheques and subsequently enters a second store and knowingly issues two additional "bad" cheques

Two incidents of fraud will be reported to UCR 2.1 with the 'counter' indicating three and two fraudulent actions respectively, thus showing the number of cheques parsed within each store.

ii.) A woman enters a shopping centre and uses a stolen credit card in three dufferent stores.

One incident of fraud will be reported to the survey with the 'counter' indicating three fraudulent actions.

iii.) A health/fitness club sells lifetime membe ship, to two hundred customers. The club never opens.

One incident of fraud will be reported with the 'counter' indicating two hundred fraudulent actions, thus showing the number of times a similar fraudulent action had occurred at one time.

e.) Theft and Mischief

Please note that for theft and hischief (including arson) involving motor vehicles, a counter is always used.

i.) Motor Venicles

Whenever there is a theft from or mischief to one or more motor vehicle(s), they are to be included in the same incident as long as all occurrences occurred within the same area and within a similar time period. The counter in this case must be at least 001. It is acknowledged that it may be difficult to identify "same circumstances" when two or more vehicles have been targeted. Whenever there is a theft of a motor vehicle (unless location is a car dealership), one incident is reported for each motor vehicle.

Examples

a.) Four men working as a gang steal three cars in a parking lot.

Three incidents of theft of a motor vehicle will be reported to UCR 2.1.

b.) Five vehicles are damaged during a paint spraying incident on a street.

One incident of mischief will be reported to UCR 2.1 with a counter of 5.

c.) Seven vehicles are stolen from a car dealership parking lot.

One incident of theft of a motor vehicle will be reported to UCR 2.1 and the 'counter' will indicate that seven vehicles were involved.

d.) Two vehicles are stolen from a private driveway

Two incidents of theft from a motor vehicle will be reported to UCR 2.1.

ii.) Other Thefts or Mischiefs

The definition of an incident for unis category of violations of the law is not based on the number of objects stolen of the number of offenders. It is dependent on whether or not the offenders are conscicusly acting together, and on whether or not the thefts or mischiefs are committed simultaneously or sequentially at the same place.

Examples

2.) I'wo men go into a coatroom and steal from ten coats.

One incident of theft is scored as the action takes place simultaneously at the same place and the two men act together.

b.) Two bicycles are stolen from the backyard of private property.

One incident of theft will be reported to UCR 2.1.

c.) A woman enters a shopping centre and shoplifts in five stores.

Five incidents of theft will be reported as the thefts were committed at five different places.

d.) A student steals from seven lockers where he attends school.

One incident of theft will be reported to UCR 2.1



3.7 INCIDENTS COMPRISING MANY VIOLATIONS OF THE LAW

A single incident can group together violations of a different nature (e.g. violations against the person, violations against property, etc.), as follows:

A man breaks into a house to steal but he is caught in the act by the owner and he assaults the owner and runs away. The violation against the property (break and enter), and the violation against the person (assault), are of a different nature but they are grouped together because they are interrelated, the assault would not have occurred without the break and enter.

There are some types of violations that may become known to the police when a person is being detained in regard to another criminal behaviour or for a routine check. Possession of crugs or of restricted weapons are examples of these types of violations because the actual event or time that the person gained possession is unknown. They are grouped together with the other violations that a person is arrested for, even if they are not related, because they came to the attention of police during the same incident. For example:

A man is arrested by the police because he is driving a tolen car. While being detained at the scene, the man is found to be in possession of drugs. Both violations are reported under the same incident.

3.8 OTHER CRIMINAL CODE, FEDERAL STATUTE, AND PROVINCIAL STATUTE VIOLATIONS

The definition of an incident will be applied to the other Criminal Code violations, federal statutes, and provincial statute violations, although it is necessary to discuss and illustrate the scoring of a counterfeiting incident.

a. <u>Counterfeiting Currency</u>

In the case of counterfeit currency incidents, the number of incidents are to be scored and **not** the number of counterfeit bills.

Examples:

i. A search that yields \$25,000 in \$100 counterfeit bills should be scored as **one** incident.

Separate counterfeit incidents must be established in order to be sent to CCJS.

- ii. If a bank notifies an investigator that they have 50 counterfeit bills but no details as to how many different depositors the mone, was received from, only **one** incident should be counted.
- iii. If the bank reports that the 50 counterfeit bills were in deposit bags from 7 different businesses, 7 incidents should a scored.
- iv. If one of the cusinesses had 11 bills in their deposit and subsequent investigation establishes that they were passed in a number of distinct incidents, then 11 incidents should be scored.
- The general rule is that, unless investigation is able to identify separate incidents, only one incident should be sent.

3.9 TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS

The Traffic Violation Classification System identifies all traffic violations under the Criminal Code and the more serious traffic violations that are common across jurisdictions under their respective Provincial Statutes.

The capture of incident-based information for traffic enforcement statistics utilizes the same standard record layout and scoring rules as the non-traffic incident records. This not only reduces respondent burden but simplifies the recording of information for automated record keeping systems. There is however one data element on the incident record that applies uniquely to traffic violations, i.e. 'Vehicle Type'. All other data elements that apply to traffic violations at the incident level are listed below.

INCIDENT LEVEL

- 1) Respondent Code
- 2) Incident File Number
- 3) Incident Date/Time
- 4) Report Date
- 5) Violation Type
- 6) * Attempt/Completed
- 7) Clearance Date
- 8) ** Incident/Clearance States
- 9) Location of Incident
- * For Traffic Violations, 'attempted' does not apply
- ** For UCR 2.. 1, affic Violations, may be "unfounded. This is a recent change applicable to UCR 2.1 only

All data elements on the CSC record apply for all traffic violations where an accused has been identified and there is evidence to charge.

All data elements on the victim record are to be captured only when one or more persons have been injured or killed during the incident with selected types of criminal traffic violations. The types of violations where a victim record will be expected within an incident are:

<u>Description</u>	Code	<u>.e</u>
Dangerous Operation Causing Bodily Harm	9120	0
Dangerous Operation Causing Death	9110	0
Impaired Operation Causing Bodily Harm	9220	0
Impaired Operation Causing Death	9210	0
Fail to Stop or Remain (where there is injury to a victim)	9310	0
	70,	

3.10 UNFOUNDED INCIDENTS

An incident is "unfounded" if it has been determined that no violations of the law took place at that time or location. An unfounded incident <u>is not</u> an incident where someone is committing mischief by reporting a violation that did not take place. These incidents should be re-classified according to the resulting violation e.g., mischief.

For unfounded violations, it is necessary that other data elements are coded besides the violation type in order to translate the incident into the current UCR offence code. For example, for Break and Enter, co. 2120, it will be necessary to code the data element "Location of Incident" to establish the nature of the place e.g., residential.

The following table indicates the violations and the required data elements which will enable a translation of the incident-based survey to the aggregate UCR survey for unfounded incidents.

TABLE OF DATA ELEMENTS REQUIRED FOR UNFOUNDED INCIDENTS

UCR 2.1 Survey		Aggrega	ate UCR Survey		
UCR2.1 Hierarchical Code	Description	Detail Line	Offence Description	Required Data Element	Options
1460	Assault Against Peace Officer	210	Assault - Police	Peace – Public Officer Status	01 – Police
1460	Assault Against Peace Officer	211	Assault – Other Peace Officer	Peace – Public Officer Status	02 – Other Peace/Public Officer
1610	Robbery	019	Robbery – Firearms	Most Serious Weapon Present	01 - Fully Automatic 02 - Fawe !-off Rifle / Shotgun 03 - Ha.idgun 04 - Rifle / Shotgun 0: - Other Firearms like weapon
1610	Robbery	020	Robbery – Other Offensive Weapons	Most series We now Present	06 – Knife 07 – Other Piercing / Cutting 08 – Club / Blunt Instrument 09 – Explosives 10 – Fire 12 – Other Weapon
1610	Robbery	021	Robbe, y – O her	Most Serious Weapon Present	11 – Physical Force 13 – Threat
2120	Break and Enter	023	Breaking & Entering - Business premises	Location	05 – Car Dealership 06 – Bank / Other Financial 07 – Convenience Store 08 – Gas Station 09 – Schools Supervised 10 – Schools Unsupervised 11 – Universities / Colleges 12 – Other Commercial 13 – Other Non-Commercial
2120	Break and Enter	024	Breaking & Entering – Residence	Location	01 – Residence 03 – Dwelling Unit 04 – Commercial Dwelling Unit
2120	Break and Enter	025	Breaking and Entering	Location	02 – Private Property Structures
2131 / 2141	Theft of a motor vehicle over \$5,000 / Theft of a motor vehicle \$5,000 and under	027	Theft - Automobile	Property Stolen	VA –Automobile
2131 / 2141	Theft of a motor vehicle over \$5,000 / Theft of a motor vehicle \$5,000 and under	028	Theft – Truck	Property Stolen	VT – Truck, Van VL – Tractor-trailer

2131 / 2141	Theft of a motor vehicle over \$5,000 / Theft of a motor vehicle \$5,000 and under	029	Theft - Motorcycle	Property Stolen	VM - Motorcycle
2131 / 2141	Theft of a motor vehicle over \$5,000 / Theft of a motor vehicle \$5,000 and under	030	Theft – Other Motor Vehicle	Property Stolen	VO – Other Motor Land Vehicles VC – Construction / farm equipment
2130	Theft over \$5,000	032	Theft over \$5,000– Bicycle	Property Stolen	BI –Bicycle
2132	Theft over \$5,000 from a motor vehicle	033	i) Theft over \$5,000– From Motor Vehicle	Target – Vehicle	1 Yes
2132	Theft over \$5,000 from a motor vehicle ¹		ii) Theft over \$5,000 – From Motor Vehicle	1) Location 2) Counter of Motor Vehi 'le	2) Counter > 0
2130	Theft over \$5,000	034	Theft over \$5,000 – Shoplifting	Shoplifting	1 – Shoplifting
2140	Theft \$5,000 and under	037	Theft \$5,000 and under – Bicycle	Property Stolen	BI – Bicycle
2142	Theft of \$5,000 or under from a motor vehicle	038	i) Theft \$5 000 and under – From Waster Vehicles	Target – Vehicle	1 – Yes
2142	Theft of \$5,000 or under from a motor vehicle ¹	4	ii) Their \$ 7000 and under - 1 rom Motor / ehicle	1) Location 2) Counter of Motor Vehicle	1) 05 – Car Dealership2) Counter > 0
2140	Theft \$5,000 and under	(39	Theft \$5,000 and under – Shoplifting	Shoplifting	1 – Shoplifting
2160	Fraud	0.43	Fraud – Cheques	1) Type of Fraud	10 – Cheques
2160	Fraud	044	Fraud – Credit Cards	1) Type of Fraud	20 - Transaction Cards
2160	Fraud	045	Fraud – Other Frauds	1) Type of Fraud	30 – Telemarketing 40 – Securities / Financial 50 – False Claims – insurance 51 – False Claims – government 60 – Computer 90 – Other
2174	Mischief over \$5,000	071	Mischief over \$5,000	1) Location	All Codes
2172	Mischief de \$5,000 and under	072	Mischief de \$5,000 and under	1) Location	Value of \$5,000 or less (not blank)

^{1.} If the incident occurred at a car dealership then two other data elements are required: 'Location' - code 05 - Car Dealership, and 'Counter of Motor Vehicles' - Counter >0.



SECTION 4

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4.1 ABORIGINAL INDICATOR

Record: CSC, Victim

Field-length: One field, 1 byte.

Coding Options:

Z. Not applicable The CSC is a company.

A. Aboriginal Descendants of the original inhabitants of North America. Three 'ategories are

outlined below, North American Indian, Inuit (Eskimo), nd Métis.

North American Indian: Includes status Indian persons registered or entitled to be registered as an Indian according to the *Indian Act*. Also includes members of an Indian Band or First Nation who are no necessarily registered Indians.

Inuit (Eskimo): The Inuit are the boriginal inhabitants of Northern Canada who generally reside north of the Oth parallel, although some live in Northern Québec and Labrador. The teleral government's power to make laws in respect to "Indians", and lands reserve te Indians was interpreted to extend to Inuit by the Supreme Court of Cana a in 1939. However, Inuit are not covered by the *Indian Act*.

N. 'tis. Are descendants of people of mixed Indian and European ancestry who formed a distinct socio-cultural entity in the 19th century. The Métis have gone on to absorb the mixed offspring of Native Indian people and groups from all over the world.

N. Non-aboriginal Includes all persons who are other than aboriginal peoples.

P. Police Refusal Police Department policy not to collect information on aboriginal origin.

R. CSC or CSC or victim has refused to provide the necessary information.

Victim Refusal

U. Unknown Could not be determined if the CSC or victim was aboriginal or not.

Scoring Rule: None

FOR THE ORIGINAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF T

ABORIGI	NAL INDICATOR			DOCUMENT: ABORIGIN
Record: Type: Size: Format:	CSC, Victim Alphanumeric 1 A			
	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	em Record:	4
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
Z	Invalid for victim records			Z
	Not applicable if the CSC is a company		4	O_{\geq}
A	Aboriginal			
N	Non-aboriginal		W Y	
P	Police Refusal			
R	CSC or Victim Refusal			
U	Unknown			
Rules			Genera	l Comments
1. Blank is	invalid			

4.2 CSC STATUS (Charged Suspect Chargeable)

Record: CSC

Field-length: One field, 1 byte.

General Definition: Each CSC record will contain the UCR status of that CSC in order to distinguish in

which manner the CSC has been dealt with by the police.

Coding Options:

If the CSC is charged or charges have been recommended:

1. Charged or charges The police have laid an information against the CSC or the police recommend

recommended to an outside source of legal authority that the CSC be officially charged.

2. Cleared Otherwise - For one of the reasons listed under the data cleared Incident/Clearance

Adults and Status means (codes D-H and J-R) the police contact proceed with a charge.

Companies only

Examples: CSC is already incarceraid and no useful purpose would be served by

laying an information, CSC has care, diplomatic immunity.

Coding options 3-7: Cleared Otherwise - Youths only

Part I of the Youth Criminal Justice Act (YCJA) now formalizes alternatives to judicial proceedings by referring to these diversions as "extrajudicial measures." Coding options 3-6 provides more information as to how a youth (age 12-17) was cleared.

3. Warning An informal process that is verbal and usually applies to minor offences. The officer warns the youth of the seriousness of the action.

4. Caution The officer issues a formal warning (police caution). This could be in the form of a

letter to the parents and the youth and/or a meeting may also be set up by the police

with the youth and others (e.g., parents, social worker).

5. Referral to An informal process by which the officer refers the youth to a community-community program based program, activity or agency (e.g., a drug and alcohol abuse program).

 Referral to Extra Judicial Sanctions Program The youth is diverted away from the court process into a formal diversionary program as outlined in Section 10 of the *YCJA*. These programs were formally known as "Alternative Measures."

7. Other means For one of the reasons listed under the data element Incident/Clegrance Status (codes D-O) the police do not proceed with a charge.

Examples: Youth is already incarcerated and no useful, urpose would be served by laying an information, youth has died, youth is less than twelve years of age.

Scoring Rules:

- a) Score only police decisions, not decisions by other legal or outside authorities.
- b) Recommended charges pertains to those jurisdictions where police do not lay a charge but instead 'recommend of the Crown what charges should be laid.
- c) Score only adults to coding option 2. Score only youths to coding options 3-7.

Record: C Type: A Size: 1 Format: N	lphanumeric			DOCUMENT: CSCSTAT
	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	em Record:	
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
BLANK	Invalid			
ZERO	Invalid			
1	Charged or charges recommended			
2	Cleared otherwise – Adults and Companies Only			
Val	ues 3-7 are for Youths Only			
3	Warning			
4	Caution			
5	Referral to community program			
6	Referral to an Extra Judicial Sanctions program			
7	Other means			
Rules			General	Comments
1. If at least one CSC STATUS = 1, INCOENT CLEARANCE STATUS must = C.				
	C records for the increase, have CSC 2-7, INCIDEN 1 CLEARANCE ust = D-R			
3. If CSC S' known) mus	TATUS = ?, A.P.PARENT AGE (if st b :> 1)			
4. If CSC STATUS = 3-6, APPARENT AGE (if known) must be > 11 and < 18.				
5. If CSC STATUS = 7, APPARENT AGE (if known) must be > 2 and < 18.				
6. If all CSC records have CSC STATUS = 3-5, INCIDENT CLEARANCE STATUS must = 0.				
7. If all CSC records have CSC STATUS = 6, INCIDENT CLEARANCE STATUS must = R.				
8. If all CSC records have CSC STATUS = 7 and APPARENT AGE (if known) is < 12, INCIDENT CLEARANCE STATUS must = I.				

4.3 APPARENT AGE

Record: CSC and Victim

Field-length: One field, 3 bytes.

General Definition: Age of all CSC, and victims of violent crimes at the time of incident (TO INCIDENT

DATE), as estimated by the officer when the person's actual date of birth is not

available.

Coding Options: "000" if less than one year of age.

"888" if date of birth is unavailable and apparent age is unknown.

"999" not applicable if date of birth is available and this data element is therefore not

necessary, or the CSC is a company i.e., on the CSC record only.

Acceptable range from 000 to 140, 888 and 999.

Scoring Rule: The age of the vict. a and the CSC as estimated by the police officer. This field is

used when the exact date of birth is unavailable.

DOCUMENT: AGE APPARENT AGE The age of all CSC and victims of violent crimes at the CSC, Victim Record: time of the incident, as estimated by the officer when the Type: Alphanumeric person's actual date of birth is not available. Size: NNN Format: **UCR2.1 Values Police System Record: Description & Comments** Values **Description** Data Values Element 000 LESS THAN ONE YEAR OF AGE > 000 & APPARENT AGE ONE YEAR OR <= 140 GREATER 888 DATE OF BIRTH unavailable and APPARENT AGE unknown 999 Not Applicable Invalid if DATE OF BIRTH = 9999999 and CSC SEX not equal to C **General Comments** Rules 1. If CSC is charged, APPARENT AGE mus. De greater than eleven OR equal to 888 (unknown); if cleared by other means, APPA, ENT AGE must be greater than two 2. If victim age < 16; PEACE PUBLIC OFFICER STATUS must = > 3. If VIOLATIC N AGAINST VICTIM victim age < 1 = 1146 = 1530victim age <14 = 1540victim age <16 = 1545victim age <18 victim age <14 = 1550victim age <14 = 1560= 1460victim age >15

4.4 ATTEMPTED/COMPLETED VIOLATION

Record: To be coded a) on the incident record with the data element "Violations"

b) the victim record with the data element "Violation Against Victim"

Five fields, 1 byte each, to be embedded in the Violation Crime Classification System.

General Definition: This data element describes the nature of the violation in that it indicates whether the

act or omission was carried out, or whether there was only the ir tent to carry out the

act or omission.

Coding Options:

A. Attempted violation As defined in the Criminal Code, Section 24(1), "Every one who, having an intent to

commit an offence, does or omits to do anything for the purpose of carrying out his

intention is guilty of an attempt to commit the offence whether or not it was possible

under the circumstances to commit the offence."

C. Completed violation The particular violation was carried out either through an act or omission by one or ore

persons.

(Note: No other possibilities exist e.g. un'no vn', because a violation, with its nature and type, will have to be

present in the occurrence report 'n order to produce an incident record).

Scoring Rules

a.) Some attenueted violations are formally written out in the Criminal Code under particular

sections due to their seriousness. One is 'Attempted Murder', Section 239 or 'Attempt to

cloke, suffocate or strangle another person....', Section 246(a) - these should all be coded 'C'

to signify 'Completed violations'. 'Attempted Break and Enter', Section 348(2)(a) shall be

coded "A".

b.) The generic Criminal Code, Section 24(1) is unacceptable as an offence because the type of

offence will be unknown. In these instances, code the offence and score as an "A". For

example, in cases of attempted theft, score usual Criminal Code offence for this particular

theft and score this field as an "A".

- c.) UCR TRAFFIC CLASSIFICATION CODES will all be coded with 'C' as these are all completed violations.
- d.) For some violations, judgement will be needed to determine the nature and type of violation. For example where a motor vehicle has been broken into, this would be scored as follows:

with evidence of tampering with ignition-'hot wiring' - score attempted theft of auto, with evidence of tampering with "security bar" on steering wheel - score attempted theft of auto,

with evidence of attempted removal of items but not completed - score attempted theft from auto,

with damage to windows and property stolen - score complexed theft from auto, with damage only, none of the above evidence - score a completed mischief, with damage to windows but nothing stolen - score a completed mischief.

ATTEMP' VIOLATIO	FED / COMPLETED ON			DOCUMENT: ATTEMPT
	ncident, Victim Ilphanumeric			. 1
	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	tem Record:	
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
BLANK	Invalid for first coded violation and for each subsequent violation that is coded (e.g. if second violation is coded; second attempted / completed must be coded.)			
A	Attempted			
С	Completed			
	Rules	General Comments		
The following violations must be coded as completed: 1110, 1120, 1130, 1141, 1150 1210, 1220 1470, 1627 2150 3410, 3430, 3510, 3520, 3530 6450 9NNN		Attempted a		nter may be classified as A -

4.5 CHARGES LAID OR RECOMMENDED

Record: CSC

Field-length: Four fields - 16 bytes each with four parts

1) Type of Statute - 2 bytes

2) Section - 6 bytes

3) Sub-section - 3 bytes

4) Paragraph - 5 bytes

General Definition: This data element will report the charges or informations which have been laid or

recommended by the police department against a CSC in connection with the

violation(s) which took place within an incident.

Coding Options: Each field will be sixteen (16) characters in length.

The first two characters of each field vil. contain the description of the type of violation. Those codes are as follows:

CC - Criminal Code

CD - Controlled Drug and Substances Act

CT - Criminal Code (Truffic only)

FA - Firearms A u

FB - Ban rupte / Act

FD - Fod and Drug Act

FH - Canada Health Act

FI - Competition Act

FM - Immigration and Refugee Protection Act

FN - Narcotics Control Act

FP - Canada Shipping Act

ND - National Defence Act (effective 01-01-02)

FS - <u>Federal Statute</u> (other than those listed above)

FT - Income Tax Act

FU - Customs Act

FX - Excise Act

FY - Youth Criminal Justice Act

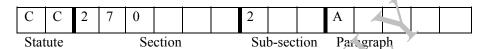
PC - Securities Act

PL - Liquor Act

- PS <u>Provincial Statute</u> (other than those listed above)
- PT Provincial Statute (Traffic only)

Next, each field will report the charge laid or recommended, within the Federal Statute, giving the particular section only. This part of each field will be 6 characters in length.

Example: The charge 'assaulting a peace officer' - Code:



Note: Each field is left-justified, trailing blanks

Scoring Rules:

- a.) Where a CSC has been charged or recommended to be charged, at least one charge will be coded on their record. It was tree more than four different charges against a CSC, then code the four most serious charges. See Section 4.31 for rules for scoring the most serious charge.
- b.) Code only different charges for any CSC.
- c.) Do not update charges with coart information.
- d.) Code only the description (the first characters e.g., PC, PS etc) for Provincial Statutes. The section sub-section and paragraphs for these Provincial Statutes are not required to be sent to the CCJS.
- e.) Corle only charges pertaining to the particular incident.

DOCUMENT: CHARGES CHARGES LAID OR RECOMMENDED Each component field is left justified and blank filled. Record: CSC Paragraph and sub-paragraph are concatenated and Alphanumeric Type: presented in upper case. Component fields that are not Size: applicable to the charge are blank filled. Format: AAAAAAAAAAAAAAA Composite: = (2 bytes) Statute + Section (6 bytes) + Sub-section (3 bytes) + Paragraph (5 bytes) **UCR2.1 Values Police System Record:** Values **Description** Data Values Description & Comments **Element** Invalid if CSC status = 1 BLANK ZEROS **Invalid** Rules **General Comment** 1. The most serious charge must be recorded in the first occurrence of this field on the CSC record, other charges are not required in order of seriousness. 2. If CSC STATUS = 1 (charged) the first charge laid cannot be blank. 3. If CSC STATUS =- 2 7 (processed by other means) the field was be blank. 4. If CLEAKANG STATUS = D-O, R, the field must be 'lank. 5. The first two alphanumeric characters representing the relevant statute must match directly the list of statutes identified in the coding manual for this field.

4.6 CLEARANCE DATE

Record: Incident

Field-length: One field, 8 bytes.

General Definition: Date upon which an incident is cleared by the department either 'by charge' or 'otherwise'. Specifically, it is the date on which the only, or the first, CSC has been identified <u>and</u> there is sufficient evidence to lay a charge and the

department decides to lay a charge or to process the CSC by c ther means.

Coding Options: Statistics Canada standard, YYYYMMDD, will apply to the record which the Centre

will receive in a 'standard record layout'.

9s only if the incident is not cleared i.e., this cata element is not applicable to this

incident.

Scoring Rule: Score only when Incident/Clearency Status is equal to codes C to R.

(Note: This date should correlate highly with the data element 'Date Charges Laid or Recommended)

CLEARANCE DATE Record: Incident Type: Alphanumeric Size: 8 Format: YYYYMMDD		DATE upon which an incident is cleared by charge or cleared otherwise, it represents the date the only or first CSC has been sufficiently identified to lay a charge or the date when the incident is cleared otherwise.		
	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	em Record:	4
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
ZERO	Invalid			A P
99999999	1. Valid only if CLEARANCE STATUS = A (unfounded) or B (not cleared).		_	O _{>}
Numeric (YYYYM MDD)	1. Must contain a valid date; year must be valid; month between 01 and 12; day between 01 and 31 as applicable to the month.		Ò	
	Rules		Genera	l Comments
1. Cannot be	e less than REPORT DATE			
2. Cannot be less than TO INCIDENT DATE				
3. Cannot be less than FROM INCIDEN DATE				
4. Cannot be	e greater than CHARGE D. TE			
5.In the orig Blank was	inal UCR2.1, a clearance date of allow d.			

4.7 COUNTER - FRAUDS AND MOTOR VEHICLES

Record: Incident

Field-length: One field, 3 bytes.

General Definition:

This data element is used as a counter to indicate the number of times an event took place for specific violations - fraud, or theft from, or damage to a motor vehicle(s). Also when LOCATION OF VIOLATION is a car dealership (cor' = 0.5) then the counter will be used for theft of motor vehicles – otherwise e ch stolen vehicle is a separate incident.

- 1. Fraud This data element will count the nun. er of fraudulent actions which took place within a criminal incidenc.
 - a.) Cheques count the number of cheques fraudulently 'passed' in one store by the same person in one day.
 - b.) Transaction card · count the number of times a transaction card (e.g., credit card) was fraudulently used over a period of time.
 - c.) All other frauds count the number of times the same fraudulent action was perp trailed over a period of time.
- 2. Mo.or Vehicles This data element will count the number of motor vehicles in a <u>non-traffic</u> incident involving a motor vehicle(s) (TARGET VEHICLE="1").

Coding Options

999, Not applicable

This data element is not applicable to this incident -- no violation of fraud or attempted fraud, theft from or damage to vehicles (including arson) was coded for this incident, nor was any motor vehicle at a car dealership the target of the incident

000

Neither the number of similar fraudulent actions (e.g., the number of times one credit card was used) nor the number of motor vehicles damaged, stolen from or stolen could be determined.

001-998,

For fraud, at least one fraudulent action took place. For motor vehicles, one or more motor vehicles were damaged, stolen from, or stolen during the incident. A count of at least 001 **must** be present in each applicable incident.

Scoring Rules:

For fraud, count the number of like fraudulent actions which occu, in an incident (in other words, count the coding option chosen for TYPE OF FRAUD in an incident).

For motor vehicles, count all motor vehicles in the d in an incident. Each stolen vehicle will be scored as a separate incident unless the vehicles are stolen from a car dealership (LOCATION OF VIOLATION "05").

COUNTER - FRAUDS AND MOTOR VEHICLES				DOCUMENT: FRAUDCTR
Record: Incident Type: Alphanumeric Size: 3 Format: NNN				
	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	em Record:	,
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Descrigation & Comments
999	Not applicable			
ZERO 000	Unknown (cannot be determined)		,	
001 to 998	Number of frauds or vehicles in the incident		3	
	Rules		Genera	l Comments
is fraud 2. If VIOLA 05 (dea to 998; and LOC COUNTE	ATION 2131 or 2141 and LOCATION is lership), then COUNTER must \$\delta_001\$ else, if VIOLATION is 2131 or 2141 CATION is not 05 (dealersh 2) then ER must be 001.			
 3. If TARGET VEHICLE=1 and any violation = 2110, 2132, 2142, 2172 or 2174, then the counter must be 001 to 938. 4. If rules 1, 2 or 3 do not apply, then COUNTER must equal 999. 				

FORTHERMATION

4.8 DATE CHARGES LAID OR RECOMMENDED AGAINST CSC OR CSC PROCESSED BY OTHER MEANS

Record: CSC

Field-length: One field, 8 bytes.

General Definition: The date reported here is the day on which a CSC is first charged or recommended to

be charged with a violation of the law contained in the incident of the date the

decision to process the CSC by other means is taken.

Coding Options: Statistics Canada standard YYYYMMDD, is to be reco. ¹ed on the standard record

layout sent to the Centre.

Scoring Rules: a.) Only the initial date on which charges are laid or recommended by the

department or when the CSC is processed by other means are to be recorded.

Subsequent or added charges and the dates they are laid or recommended are not

to be coded.

b.) If a CSC in the 1 rst instance is processed by other means but at a later date is charged with on ences in connection with this particular incident, then this field

will be up tated to reflect the charges laid or recommended date.

RECOMM PROCESS	ARGES LAID OR IENDED AGAINST CSC OR CSC EED BY OTHER MEANS			DOCUMENT: CHRGDATE
	lphanumeric			
Size: 8 Format: Y	YYYMMDD			. 1
	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	tem Record:	
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
BLANK	Invalid		,	Y
ZERO	Invalid			
Numeric (YYYY MMDD)			0	
	Rules		Genera	l Comments
	HARGES LAID must be equal to or			

4.9 DATE OF BIRTH

Record: CSC and Victim

Field-length: One field, 8 bytes.

General Definition: Year, month and day on which a person was born.

Coding Options: Statistics Canada standard date format - YYYYMMDD showing year month and

day. This is the format to be used on the standard record layout to be received at the

Centre.

"8888888" if not available or unknown (see "Appar nt Age" data element)

"9999999" not applicable, if the CSC is a company (on the CSC record only).

Scoring Rule: Date of birth is to be coded on all victim and CSC records when available.

DATE OF BIRTH		DOCUMENT: BIRTHDAT		
Record: Type: Size: Format:	CSC, Victim Alphanumeric 8 YYYYMMDD	records with	the exception the the exception to the exception to the exception of the exception to the exception of the e	required on all CSC and victim on of companies which are charged. s unavailable, APPARENT AGE must
	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	em Record:	4
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
00000000	Invalid			Ay
8888888	Not Available or Unknown			
99999999	Not applicable (If CSC is a company)		N	
Numeric (YYYYM MDD)				
	Rules		Genera	Comments
2. The cal greater	F BIRTH cannot be greater than TO NT DATE. culated 'Age of CSC' must be than eleven (11) if charged and than two (2) if processed by other			
3. If VIOLA = 1140 = 1530 = 1540 = 1545 = 1550 = 1560 = 1460	victim age < 1 victin age < 14 victin age < 16 victin age < 16 victim age < 18 victim age < 14 victim age < 14 victim age < 14 victim age < 14 victim age > 15			

4.10 INCIDENT/CLEARANCE STATUS

Record: Incident

Field-length: One field, 1 byte.

General Definition This data element will describe the status of an incident - unfounded or actual - and if

it is an actual violation, its clearance status - not cleared, cleared by charge or cleared otherwise. The following coding options show "unfounded" as a separate category, with the remaining options indicating that an actual violation has occurred. The "cleared otherwise" status is further refined to indicate the reason for which the

incident was cleared in this manner.

Coding Options:

A. Unfounded After a police investigation it is concluded that no violation of the law took place nor

was attempted.

B. Not cleared A CSC has not been identified in connection with this incident.

C. Cleared by Charge At least one CSC has been identified and there is a charge laid against or

recommended to be laid against this individual in connection with this incident.

Cleared Otherwise: Coding options "D" to "R"

The following is a listing of the reasons for which a department may clear an incident otherwise". This means the department has met two criteria: 1.) at least one CSC has been identified, and 2.) there is sufficient evidence to lay a charge in connection with the incident, but for one of the reasons listed below, the CSC is processed by other

means.

D. Suicide of CSC The CSC takes their own life prior to the department laying charges.

charges

E. Death of CSC The CSC loses life by circumstances other than suicide, prior to the department laying charges. F. Death of The complainant in the case or an essential witness to the incident loses their complainant/ life through any circumstance prior to the department laying charges. witness By directive either for policy or stated procedure, the department and ot lay G. Reason beyond control of charges. department (policy) H. Diplomatic CSC is a diplomat of a Member State of the United Nations and is therefore immunity covered under the Privileges and Irimuni ies Act, 1977 and U.N. Conventions contained therein which exempts to CSC from charges for specific offences committed by them in Canada. Children under 12 years of a re cannot be prosecuted for criminal activities. I. CSC is less than 12 years old J. Committal of the CSC is comi. itted to a mental institution without hope of early release and to a mental is therefore not be available for prosecution. hospital K. CSC is in a CSC is not present in Canada and cannot be returned to Canada to face foreign country. charges because Canada does not have an extradition treaty with the country in cannot be returned question or the government decides not to proceed with extradition; therefore no charges are laid. L. Complainant The complainant decides not to proceed with charges against the CSC. declines to lay

M. CSC involved in other incidents

CSC is involved in other incidents in which charges have been laid, and it is decided not to lay charges against him for this particular incident.

N. CSC already sentenced

CSC is already serving a sentence in a correctional facility and no useful purpose would be served by laying charges in connection with this particular incident.

O. Departmental discretion

For reasons not already outlined in any of the other categories listed above and is not a diversionary program, the department's administration decides not to lay a charge against the CSC. For example, if a CSC is given a warning, caution or a referral to a community-based program.

R. Diversionary
Program

The CSC is diverted away from the court process into a formal diversionary program. Commonly referred to as "Alternative Measures or Extra Judicial Sanctions."

Scoring rules:

The reasons for cleared otherway (coding options D-R) listed above are ordered in terms of seriousness. They have been grouped in the following hierarchical manner: D-F; death of a minute "actor" in the incident; G-K: department cannot proceed with a charge for reasons a eyond their control, and L-R; departmental discretion - they could proceed to law a charge but choose not to.

Example: If two CSC in an incident are identified and there is sufficient evidence to lay sharges against both of them but one of them dies before the charges can be laid (not suicide) and it is decided not to charge the other CSC as he is already serving a sentence, then this incident would be cleared otherwise and the reason would be code "E - Death of CSC" as it precedes code "N - CSC already sentenced".

INCIDENT / CLEARANCE STATUS				DOCUMENT: CLEARSTA
Record: Ir Type: A Size: 1 Format: A	lphanumeric			
	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	tem Record:	4
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
BLANK	Invalid			
A	Unfounded			
	1. Invalid if CSC record(s) present			
	2. There should not be victim records present		O	
	3. CLEARANCE DATE must be '99999999'			
В	Not cleared			
	1. Invalid if CSC record(s) resent			
	2. CLEARANCE DATE must be '99999999'			
C	Cleared by charge			
	1. At least one alid CSC record must be present and CSC status			
	must cluai 1 (charges laid or recoi imended).			
	Cleared Otherwise Values In order of seriousness D - F; G-K; L-R			
	CSC records are required for all cleared otherwise values: D-R.			
	2. All cleared otherwise values require CSC STATUS = 2–7 (cleared or processed by other means) for each CSC record attached to the incident.			

п —			1		
	D	Suicide of CSC			
	E	Death of CSC (not suicide)			
	F	Death of complainant			
	G	Beyond control of department			
	Н	Diplomatic immunity			
	I	CSC under 12 years of age			
	J	CSC committed to mental hospital			. 1
	K	CSC outside Canada, cannot be returned			
	L	Complainant declines to lay charge			
	M	CSC involved in other incidents			\rightarrow
	N	CSC already sentenced			
	О	Departmental discretion			
	R	Diversionary Program			
		Rules		General	Comments
1.	CSC r STATU	ARANCE STATUS = C; at least one record must be present with CSC US = 1 (charged)			
2.	= B (n	ARANCE STATUS = A (unfounded) or not cleared) then CSC records must eattached to the incident.			
3.		EARANCE STATUS = D-C,R, CSC must equal 2-7 (processed by other s).			
4.		CAR NCE TATUS = C-O,R, KANC. DATE cannot = blank			

FORTHERMATION

4.11 INCIDENT DATE/TIME

Record: Incident

Field-length: Two fields - 12 bytes each with two parts

1) Date - 8 bytes

2) Time - 4 bytes

General Definition: The date and time the incident is known or believed to have occurred. When the

actual date and time are not known, but it is known that the is cident occurred

somewhere between two given dates and times, these will be cap, ared in two fields "from YYYYMMDDXXXX" to "YYYYMMDDXXXX." (where XXXX=24 hour

military time).

Coding Options: Statistics Canada standard, YYYYMMDD, will be used in both fields on the

standard record layout for date.

24 hour military time will be usea to capture time.

The first field 'From vill report the "earliest" date and time when an incident could have occurred it on exact date and time could not be determined. This field will be "9999999999" if the exact date and time is known.

T. e second field 'To' will report the exact date and time when the incident occurred or the "latest" date and time if an exact date and time could not be determined.

If only the exact date is known, and the time of the incident is unknown, then the time category of the second field will report '0000'.

If only the approximate dates are known and the time for either of those dates is unknown, then the time category will be report '0000'.

Scoring Rules:

- a.) For repeated offences over time, score only the date and time of the latest occurrence, e.g., incest, which has occurred over a period of time - only the latest incident is to be scored, not the time interval over which these repeated violations occurred.
- b.) In situations where the incident occurs at a particular period of the day (e.g., the morning or the evening) but the exact time is not known, code the appropriate beginning and ending times for these interval in the 'From' and 'To' time fields. For example, morning is defined as 'he time between 6:00a.m. and 11:59 a.m., and the incident occurred on Fe' ruary 12, 2004 then this data element would read: From 260432120600 To 200402121159.

Morning is 0600 to 1159
Afternoon is 1200 to 1759
Evening is 1800 to 2353
Night is 0000 to 559

c.) For the 'time' field, score only the time at which the incident occurred, not the time 'be' fficers arrived nor the time the report was taken.

FROM INCIDENT DATE Record: Incident Type: Alphanumeric Size: 8 Format: YYYYMMDD		FROM INCIDENT DATE is used when the incident is known to have spanned a period of time, or the exact dates cannot be determined. It contains the earliest possible date on which the incident could have occurred.		
	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	em Record:	4
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
Blank	Invalid			
00000000	Invalid			
Numeric (YYYYM MDD)	 The exact date and time of the incident are known. If FROM INCIDENT DATE is 99999999, FROM INCIDENT TIME must be 9999. Must contain a valid date: year must be valid; month between 01 and 12; day between 01 and 31 as applicable to in a second contains. 			
	month.			
	Rules		General	Comments
less than EXACT DA 2. FROM INC must be INCIDENT KNOWN	CIDENT DATE, must be equal to or TO INCIDENT DATE LATEPT WHEN ATE IS KNOWN. CIDENT LATE + FROM INCIDENT TIME les', than TO INCIDENT DATE + TO TILL'E EXCEPT WHEN EXACT DATE IS CIDENT DATE must be equal to or less			

DOCUMENT: FRMTIME FROM INCIDENT TIME Contains the earliest time for an incident that spanned a Record: Incident period of time or the earliest estimated time if the exact Type: Alphanumeric time cannot be determined. 4 Size: Format: HHMM **UCR2.1 Values Police System Record:** Values **Description** Data Values **Description & Comments Element** Blank Invalid 9999 1. FROM INCIDENT TIME is 9999 if the exact date and time of the incident are known. 2. If FROM INCIDENT DATE is 9999999; FROM INCIDENT TIME must be 9999. 0000 Unknown 1. If the earliest date is known, and the earliest time is unknown, FROM INCIDENT TIME = 0000. Numeric 1. Must contain a valid time in military time format between **HHMM** 0001 and 2400. **General Comments Rules** 1. FROM INCIDENT DATE FROM INCIDENT TIME must be less than TO INCLE ENT DATE + TO INCIDENT TIME FXC. PT WHEN EXACT DATE IS KNOWN. 2. If FROM INCLOSING DATE contains a value; FROM INCIDENT TIME must contain a valid value.

TO INCIDENT DATE Record: Incident Type: Alphanumeric Size: 8 Format: YYYYMMDD				DOCUMENT: TODATE date an incident occurred, or the at spanned a time period.
	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	em Record:	
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
BLANK	Invalid			
ZERO	Invalid			
99999999	Invalid			\rightarrow
Numeric (YYYY MMDD)	1. Must contain a valid date: year must be valid; month in range 01-12; day in range 1-31 as applicable to the month.		0	
	Rules		General	Comments
INCIDENT KNOWN. 2. TO INCIDENT INCIDENT KNOWN 3. TO INCIDENT	ENT DATE cannot be less than FROM DATE EXCEPT WHEN EXACT DATE IS ENT DATE + TO INCIDENT TIME n. 'SO'T than FROM INCIDENT DATE + F. 'OM'TIME EXCEPT WHEN FXAC. DATE IS ENT DATE mus, be equal to or less ert DATE WHEN FOM INCIDENT DATE 99.			

TO INCIDENT TIME Record: Incident Type: Alphanumeric Size: 4 Format: HHMM		DOCUMENT: TOTIME Contains either the exact time an incident occurred, or the latest time of an incident that spanned a time period.		
	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	tem Record:	
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
9999	Invalid			
0000	Unknown 1. The exact time of an incident cannot be determined		_	9
NUMERIC (HH MM)	Must contain a valid time in military time format between 0001 and 2400.		Q	
Rules			Genera	Comments
1. TO INCIDENT DATE + TO INCIDENT TIME must be greater than FROM INCIDENT DATE + FROM INCIDENT TIME EXCEPT WHEN EXACT DATE IS KNOWN				

4.12 INCIDENT FILE NUMBER

Record: Incident, CSC and Victim

Field-length: One field, 20 bytes.

General Definition: The incident file number will be the unique identifier for each incident and will link

together each incident and person record connected with the incident,

Coding Options: In order to connect the record which is retrieved from a respendent's database with

the record which will reside at Statistics Canada, it is proposed that the incident file number be the one used by each respondent for their incidents. Two options are available based on whether the year of the incident is embedded in the respondent's

incident file number.

a.) The year is part of the respondent's incident file number:

We will allow for 20 alphanus eric characters to capture each respondent's incident file number.

b.) The year is $\underline{\mathbf{n}}$ it part of the respondent's incident file number:

The inc dent file number received here will have the last two digits of the year generated at the beginning of the field e.g., '04' for 2004, and the remaining 18 characters will be available to retrieve the respondent's incident file number.

Record: In Type:	T FILE NUMBER ncident, CSC, Victim Alphanumeric 10 10(A)	DOCUMENT: INCINUMENT: INCINUME		
	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	em Record:	
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
BLANK	Invalid			
	Rules	General Comments		
incident appear of forms page 2. Each vio	cident record must contain an number. This number must also on each victim and CSC record that art of the incident.		OF	
the incident information	identical to the incident number on dent record that links the victim tion to the incident			
number the incid	SC record must contain an incident identical to the incident number or dent record that links the CSC tion to the incident			

4.13 LEVEL OF INJURY

Record: Victim

Field-length: One field, 1 byte.

General Definition: This data element will be captured on each victim's record to describe the extent of

their injury at the time of the incident, or determined through investigation.

Coding Options:

9. Not applicable The violation did not involve the use of weapons nor p'vsical force against victim.

0. Unknown The extent of injuries to the victim could not be determined though weapons or

physical force were used against this v ctim.

1. No injuries No visible physical injury at the tin. of the incident though weapons or physical

force were used.

2. Minor physical

injury

Physical injury that required no professional medical treatment or only some first

aid (e.g., band-aid, ice etc.).

3. Major physical

injury

Physical najury that is more than "trifling" or "transient" in nature and that

required professional medical attention at the scene or transportation to a medical

facility.

4. Death

Loss of life.

Scoring Rule: This data element is to be coded from information taken at the scene of the incident.

It is not intended that officers or coders attempt to update or follow-up the incident solely to provide this data element. Only through the course of normal investigation

by the officer should any follow-up of the victim's treatment be recorded.

Record: V Type: A Size: 1 Format: N	rictim lphanumeric			DOCUMENT: INJURY
	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	em Record:	
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
9	Not applicable			
ZERO	Unknown			
1	No injuries			\rightarrow
2	Minor physical injuries			
3	Major physical injuries			
4	Death			
	Rules		Genera	l Comments
not 99. See section	slid if WEAPON CAUSING INJURY is 5.12a for additional rules regai ling NJURY and VIOLATION AGAL 'ST			

4.14 LOCATION OF INCIDENT

Record: Incident

Field-length: Two Fields: 1) Location - 2 bytes

2) Occupancy - 1 byte

General Definition: This data element will describe the type of location where the incident took place. It

is split into two fields: the first field describes private and public 'ocations, and the second field is scored only for private locations and violent v'olations and describes whether or not the residence was occupied either by the victim at '/or the CSC at the

time of the incident.

Coding Options:

Field I - Location

00. Unknown The actual place where the incident occurred cannot be determined. For example, in

a homicide, a body is discovered by the actual location where the homicide took place cannot be established; or fail to stop or remain where damage is noticed after

the fact.

A. Private and Commercial Residences

Definition Includes all structures owned or rented where overnight accommodation is the main

perpose of the structure. The different categories under private properties will

describe the type of structure and their primary function.

01. Single home, Examples are single dwelling house, semi-detached, row house, garden

house home, duplexes, - places which have an outside entrance for each owned or rented

unit. This includes the physically connected structures to the single home dwelling

such as a garage. These structures primarily function as private residences.

Also include here mobile home dwelling, cottages, vacation houses which function

as either primary or secondary private residences.

02. Private property structure

The surrounding property of a single home/house. Include structures or buildings which are on the private property but are not considered to be part of the main dwelling-house.

Examples: garden sheds and detached garages

03. Dwelling unit

These are residential units contained in high-rise or low-rise structures of which two or more are rental or owned units. Include units contained in apartment/hotels, time-shares, rooming houses, senior citizen complexes and residences (a.g., university) which operate primarily (over half the available units) on long-term lease arrangements, and condominium or strata-titled, multi-unit struct, res. This category includes only the units themselves and excludes surrounding properties, common areas, e.g., parking lots (underground and ground level), hallways and lobbies to which the public has access.

04. Commercial dwelling unit

These are commercial residential units which are contained in a multi-unit structure or many single structures combined on one property where the principle business is to rent overnight accommodation on a daily basis - *include only the individual units themselves* and exclude all common areas - parking lots, hallways, lobbies, and surrounding properties. Include units contained in motels, hotels, and bed and breaknast on ces, and apartment/hotels which operate primarily (over half the units) on short term rental basis.

B. Non-Residential Preperties and Places

Definition

Includes all places and/or properties where the public has general access to the structure and property. The principal function of the structures or property is to conduct business or to provide a service. The categories under this part are described by their primary function to the general public.

05. Car dealership

Commercial enterprise whose primary function is to sell motor vehicles. Exclude auto-body shops and gas stations and other automotive repair dealers.

06. Bank and other financial institutions

Any commercial/public enterprise whose function it is to provide banking and/or financial transactions on behalf of its depositors and owners (shareholders). A place of business for the custody, loan, exchange, or issue of money, for the extension of credit, and for facilitating the transmission of funds.

Examples: banks or trust companies

07. Convenience stores

Any commercial enterprise that provides basic food shopping convenience to the public as opposed to a large grocery store. These stores offer less of a selection in merchandise but are open for business longer hours, sometimes 24 hours a day, and usually on Sundays. They retail perishable food staples such as falk, bread, butter, eggs, etc., but as well offer for sale other sundry articles. These types of enterprises are generally utilised by the consumer to quickly purchase small items required for the household.

Examples: corner stores or chain-operated co. venience stores

08. Gas stations

Any gas bar or gas station outlet providing service facilities to the motoring public and commercial vehicles needing fiel. The outlet, whether providing self-service pumps or full service to the distomer, retails gasoline, propane, diesel fuel or any combination of those or other petroleum products. Included in this category are gas outlets with attached convenience stores.

Examples: serve or full service gas stations

09. Schools during supervised activit,

Include junior kindergarten through to grade 13 schools or equivalent (e.g. Sylvan Learning Centre or Montessori) where the main purpose is to provide education (either public or private) to **children**. Includes all structures upon the school ground including school parking lot, playground etc. Only criminal incidents that occur *during or just outside of regular school hours or during a school sanctioned* extracurricular activity are included here.

Example: This would include offences occurring during normal school hours (e.g., a fight in the bathroom between classes or theft from a locker over the lunch hour) or when the offence occurs during a school sanctioned extracurricular activity after normal school hours (e.g., a school sporting event or school dance).

supervised activity

10. Schools not during Include junior kindergarten through to grade 13 schools or equivalent (e.g. Sylvan Learning Centre or Montessori) where the main purpose is to provide education (either public or private) to **children**. Includes all structures upon the school ground including school parking lot, playground etc. Only include criminal incidents that occur obviously outside of regular school hours and outside of a school sanctioned extracurricular activity.

> **Example**: This would include offences occurring outside of normal school hours (e.g., a "break and enter" into the school building over the weeke d) or when the offence occurs during a non-school supervised activity (e.g., 'n offence occurs during a Cubs Scouts meeting – the Cub Scouts are using the school facilities but are not a recognized part of the school curriculum).

11. Universities / Colleges

Institutions or buildings where the main purp in to provide adult education, either public or private. Include colleges, universities, and business schools. Includes all structures upon the campus. Exclude all types of residences, public roadways and parking lots.

12. Other commercial/ corporate places

Include all other structures - cuildings, warehouses and other corporate places such as where the principal purpose of the structure is to conduct legitimate business for profit. Include su rounding areas e.g., lawns, walkways, which are owned and/or rented by the place of business. (The business may be either government or private sector-owne 1/rented). Exclude transportation facilities e.g., airports, bus depots, takin stations, and parking lots.

Examples: office buildings, grocery stores (not convenience or corner stores), bars, restaurants, and the hallways, open areas and locker-rooms of apartments, hotels.

13. Other no. commercial / corporate places Institutions/buildings providing a non-profit service to the public or acting on the public's behalf. Include all structures which conduct business or provide a service to the public either through one of the levels of government (federal, provincial, municipal and regional), or through a funded agency acting on their behalf. Exclude parking lots.

Examples: government buildings, city hall, hospitals, churches, correctional facilities, police headquarters/jails, community centres, halfway houses, social service agencies, customs offices.

14. Parking lots

All areas reserved for public or private parking where there is space for more than three motor vehicles. Examples are: commercial, non-commercial, apartment, underground, customs parking lot etc. Exclude "parking lots" which are part of a private residence (see Private and Commercial Residences) and for private use only.

15. Transit bus / bus shelter

A transit or city bus or the like that operates within an urban environment for public transportation. Include bus shelters or the like and excit de parking lots on the premises.

Examples: transit or city bus, street car, trong, waiting station.

Subway /Subway station

An underground or aboveground what ramoad, usually operated by electricity for public transportation. Include any subway stations or the like and exclude parking lots on the premises.

Examples: subway car light rail transit (LRT), waiting station.

17. Other Public transportation and connected facilities

These are all other transportation facilities which are provided for the public to transfer them from one place to another. Examples are: planes, ferries, trains. Include structures and/or properties which facilitate access to the public transportation e.g., bus or ferry depots, airports, and train stations. Exclude parking lots on the premises.

18. Streets, road highways

Prepared tract of land for use by pedestrians, motor highway vehicles and other modes of transportation for use by the general public. This category will include "private" roads e.g., university roads, which provide access to public property, and bicycle paths.

19. Open areas

Areas of public access e.g., parks, playgrounds, which are in the open air. Include bodies of water e.g., lake, river or sea.

Scoring Rules:

If an incident should contain two locations e.g., the robbery of a bank and subsequent shooting of a guard in the street, always score the initial location.

Field II - Occupancy of the Private or Commercial Residence

Definition

This field of the 'Location of the Incident' applies only to the private or commercial residences (Field 1, Part A) and only for those incidents during which a "violent" violation took place. Occupancy is defined as having either legal ownership of or legal right to reside in a structure or unit through a written or oral agreement. The different categories for this field state who was occupying the private or commercial residence at the time of the incident. For the "apartment building," and "commercial residences", occupancy is based on whether the victim and/or the CSC reside in the same unit where the incident took place, not on whether they reside within the same structure where the incident took place.

9. Not applicable

Location of the incident is not a private nor a commercial residence <u>or</u> the incident did not involve a violent violation.

 Joint occupancy by both the victim and CSC

Where both the victim and CCC are the residents of the structure or unit.

2. Is occupied by the victim

Where the victim resides in the structure or unit.

3. Is occupied by the

where the CSC resides in the structure or unit.

CSC

 CSC not known and is occupied by victim

The victim is a resident and it is not known whether the CSC is a resident of the private or commercial residence.

CSC not known and not occupied by the victim The victim is not a resident and it is not known whether the CSC is a resident of the private or commercial residence.

6. Neither the victim nor the CSC are occupants

Where it is known that neither the victim nor the CSC is a resident of the private or commercial residence.

Scoring Rules:

Field II, 'Occupancy', is only to be scored when there is a vio'ent violation and the incident occurred in or on a private or commercial residence - Co les 01, 03 or 04. Otherwise this field is 9 - not applicable.

LOCATION OF INCIDENT

Record: Incident **Type**: Alphanumeric

Size: 3 Format: NNN

Composite: = Type of Location (2 bytes)

+ Occupancy (1 byte)

DOCUMENT: LOCATION

LOCATION contains two values, the first describes public or private locations, the second is used for private locations and violent violations to describe the occupancy status of victim and CSC.

Gecupancy (1 byte)				
	UCR2.1 Values	Police System Record:		
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
Type of Location		Describes t	he type of lo	cation where the incident occurred
BLANK	Invalid		4	
00 ZERO	00 "Unknown"			
01	Single home, house			
02	Private Property Structure		7	
03	Dwelling unit			
04	Commercial Dwelling Unit			
05	Car Dealership			
06	Bank and other financia institutions			
07	Convenience stores			
08	Gas station			
09	Schoc's a aring supervised activity			
10	School's not during supervised activity			
11	Universities / Colleges			
12	Other commercial / corporate places			
13	Other non-commercial / corporate places			
14	Parking lots			
15	Transit bus / Bus shelter			
16	Subway / Subway station			

17	Other public transportation and connected facilities		
18	Streets, roads, highways		
19	Open Areas		
Rules			General Comments
See section 5.11a for additional rules regarding LOCATION and MOST SERIOUS VIOLATION.			
Occupancy		ne occupancy nd violent vio	of the location for vivate plations.
ZERO	Assigned by CCJS only		
9	Not applicable 1. Invalid if LOCATION OF INCIDENT = 01,03 or 04 and VIOLATION AGAINST VICTIM = 1NNN		
1	Joint OCCUPANCY by both victim and CSC	·	
2	Occupied by the victim		
3	Occupied by the CSC		
4	Not known if occupied by CC; occupied by victim		
5	Not known if occupied by CSC; not occupied by the rictim		
6	Not occupied by either victim or CSC		
	Rules	Genera	l Comments
	"CY must be 9 if LOCATION OF	 	

FORTHERMATION

4.15 MOST SERIOUS VIOLATION AGAINST THE VICTIM (VAV)

Record: Victim

Field-length: One field, 4 bytes.

General Definition: Identifies on the victim record the most serious violation committed against this

individual.

Examples: Murder 2nd degree - violation code 1120C or Shopke per robbed with

firearm-violation code 1610C

Coding Options: See Violations Crime Classification System in Appendix 5.13.

Scoring Rules: a.) Report the most serious violation that the person was the victim of within the

incident.

b.) The most serious violation committed against a victim is determined in the

following order of priority:

i.) the greatest naximum penalty for the violation by law, or if this is a tie, then

ii.) the department's discretion as to which is the most serious.

c.) Score only a 1000 series violation (violent) or a 9000 series violation (traffic

causing injury or death).

MOST SERIOUS VIOLATION AGAINST THE VICTIM Record: Victim Type: Alphanumeric Size: 4 Format: NNNN				DOCUMENT: VAGAINST
UCR2.1 Values		Police System Record:		
Values	Description Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
BLANK	Invalid			
ZERO	Invalid			
Rules		General Comments		
1. VIOLATION AGAINST VICTIM must be 1NNN or 9NNN 2. At least one VIOLATION AGAINST THE VICTIM must be equal to the MOST SERIOUS VIOLATION except when the MOST SERIOUS VIOLATION = 1220, 1450, 1610, 1620, 1627, 1628, 1629, 1630 or 9310 and the victim is not known. 3. If VIOLATION AGAINST VICTIM = 1140 age < 1 1530 age < 14 1540 age < 16 1545 age < 18 1550 age < 14 1560 age < 14 1560 age > 15 See section 5.12a for additional rules regarding LEVEL OF INJURY and VIOLATION AGAINST THE VICTIM, and WEAPON CAUSING INJURY and VIOLATION AGAINST THE VICTIM.				

4.16 MOST SERIOUS WEAPON PRESENT

Record: Incident

Field-length: Two fields: 1) Most Serious Weapon Type - (2 bytes)

2) Weapon Status - (1 byte)

General Definition: The most serious weapon present during the commission of a criminal incident

involving a violent violation. It is not the use of the weapon that it indicated by this element but the presence of the most serious type of weapon. (See also Weapon Causing Injury). Weapon is defined as: anything used or intended for use in causing or threatening death or injury to persons whether design of for such purpose or not. This definition also includes the use of physical force and verbal or gestured threats of injury. The first field of this data element design of weapon while the

second field indicates the "status" of the wear on real or a facsimile.

Coding Options:

Field I - Most Serious Weapon Type

99. Not applicable The violation is not a violent violation.

00. Unknown Where there is no indication of the type of weapon which was present during the

a maission of the violent crime.

Firearm (Definition) Any barrelled weapon from which any shot, bullet or other missile can be discharged

and that is capable of causing serious bodily injury or death to a person. Includes all

centre or rim fired or otherwise propelled projectiles.

01. Fully automatic Any firearm that with one pull of the trigger allows firearm continuous and rapid

firearm firing of bullets.

Examples: machine gun.

02. Sawed-off rifle/shotgun

Any rifle or shotgun that has been altered whereby the shotgun barrel length is less than 457 mm. or the overall length of the weapon is less than 660 mm.

Examples: 12 gauge shotgun with barrel cut off.

03. Handgun

Any firearm designed to be held and fired by the action of one hand.

Examples: 38 cal. Smith and Wesson revolver, 22 cal. Ruger semi-automatic pistol,

357 Magnum revolver or 45 cal. Colt revolver

04. Rifle (includes shotgun)

Any long barrelled firearm designed to discharge a bullet, shot or other missile which has a barrel length greater than or equal to 457 mm or an overall

length of 660 mm or greater. **Examples**: Remington 12 Gauge Pump Action Shotgun, Marlin 22 cal.

Semi-automatic rifle or Cooey 22 cal. bolt action single shot rifle

05. Other firearm-like weapons

Includes all other firearm-like weapons hat a. e weapons capable of propelling any object through a "barrel" by means of gunpowder, CO₂ (compressed carbon dioxide), pumped air, etc.

Examples: starters pistol, emergen, y flare gun, Daisy BB pistol or Crossman .177

cal. pellet pistol

06. Knife Any sharp cutting in trument consisting of a blade fastened to a handle.

Examples: kitchen knife, stiletto, pocket knife or switch blade

07. Other piercing/
cutting instrument

A y article other than a knife whose action would cut or pierce flesh.

Examples: hatchet, razor blade, bow & arrow, sword, crossbow, or broken beer bottle

08. Club/blun instrument

Any tool or article that is used to cause physical injury or death by a hitting

or bludgeoning action.

Examples: fireplace poker, brick or candle stick holder

09. Explosives Anything used to make an explosive device; or anything adapted to or to aid in

causing an explosion; or any incendiary grenade, firebomb, molotov cocktail or other

similar incendiary substance or device and a delaying mechanism or other thing

intended for use in connection with such a substance or device.

Examples: hand grenade, blasting caps, molotov cocktail or dynamite

10. Fire The intentional use of fire as a weapon to cause injury.

11. Physical force The use of one's own body strength and/or action that is **intender** to cause bodily

injury or death.

Examples: choking, pushing or punching

12. Other weapon Any weapon that does not belong in any other catego. v.

Examples: any device used to garrote or pois ..., ... ip

13. Threat Any gesture or vocal indication that co. veys to the victim a threat that is construed

to imply that death or injury is possible. These are only to be coded for face-to-face

confrontations, not over communication devices e.g. telephone.

Examples: "I will kill you' or "I'm going to knock your teeth out"

14. No weapon Was present for this violent incident.

Most Serious Weapon Present Field II - Weapon Status

9. Not applicable There was no weapon present.

0. Unknown The weapon was not shown and therefore it was not possible to verify whether it was

real or a facsimile.

1. Real The weapon was seen to be authentic in that it could cause real and serious injury if

used as designed.

Facsimile (replicas) Includes any object whose appearance resembles a (replicas) genuine weapon.
 Facsimiles are not designed to fire any bullet, missile or projectile nor cut or pierce skin.

Examples: toy gun or rubber knife

Scoring Rules:

- a.) This data element is to be reported only when there is a violent violation during the incident.
- b.) This data element captures the most serious weapon four 1 to be present within the incident, regardless of whether the weapon was used or n x. For example, should a firearm be present during the commission of a crime but in fact not be used to cause injury (i.e. a knife was used to infinite injury or threaten the victim), the firearm would be scored for this data clement.
- c.) In the cases where there is more than one weapon present, code the "most serious weapon" according to the order they appear in this listing from Code 01, fully automatic firearm, to Code 14, no weapon.
- d.) Field II allows is r three coding options when a weapon has been reported in the first field. The differences between options are:
 - if the weapon is not seen e.g., 'I have a gun in my pocket' score code 0 'unknown'.
 - if the weapon is seen and there is no evidence that it is simulated score code 1 'real'.
 - if there is evidence that the weapon is not real score code 2 'facsimile'.

13

14

Threat

No weapon

MOST SE	RIOUS WEAPON PRESENT			DOCUMENT: MSWEAPON
Record: Ir Type: A Size: 3 Format: N Type: Composite	Iphanumeric INN			4
	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	tem Record:	
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
Most S	Serious Weapon Present Field I			À
M	Iost Serious Weapon Type			
99	Not Applicable			
	1. Invalid if MSV = 1NNN			
ZEROS	Unknown			
01	Fully automatic firearm			
02	Sawed-off rifle, shotgun			
03	Handgun			
04	Rifle (includes shotgun)			
05	Other firearm like wearon			
06	Knife			
07	Other pic cing, cutting instrument			
08	Club, 'lu. t instrument			
09	Explosive			
10	h're			
11	Physical force			
12	Other weapon			

	Rules	General Comments
greater the INJURY. 01-10; 12	RIOUS WEAPON PRESENT must be nan or equal to the WEAPON CAUSING The hierarchy is as follows: 2, 00, 11, 13, 14	
on MOST	s 5.10 and 5.11a for additional rules SERIOUS WEAPON PRESENT and CAUSING INJURY.	
	erious Weapon Present Field II ost Serious Weapon Status	
9	Not applicable 1. Invalid if first two bytes (MOST SERIOUS WEAPON PRESENT) = 00 - 13	
0	Unknown	
1	Real	
2	Facsimile (replica)	
	Rules	General Comments
PRESENT also be 9 2. WEAPON SERIOUS V (threat) an	STATUS must ce 1 (real) when MOST WEAPON 11 (physical force) or 13 re present	
MOST SER	5.11b fo. additional rules on the DUS WEAFON PRESENT and the MOST	
SERIOUS WI	E PON STATUS.	

4.17 MOTOR VEHICLE RECOVERY

Record: Incident

Field Length: One field, 1 byte.

General Definition: This field specifies whether or not a stolen motor vehicle has been recovered and its

condition upon recovery.

Coding Options:

9. Not applicable The property stolen does not include a vehicle or the inc. lent is unfounded.

1. Not recovered The stolen motor vehicle has not been found to date.

RECOVERIES ONLY - The remaining coding options apply to recovered stolen motor vehicles and describe the primary condition in which the motor vehicle was found.

2. No damage The stolen motor vehicle has been found free of any damage.

3. Parts and/or The stolen motor en cle has been found but is missing body parts or ornaments.

accessories missing **Examples**: stelentadio, hubcaps, motor, transmission, etc.

4. Damaged The stolen motor vehicle has been found and is damaged but not destroyed - the

motor vehicle is still useable. In other words, it is likely not a "write-off" of a

"salvage vehicle."

Example: A stolen truck is found with a large dent in the front bumper and a

smashed headlight.

5. Destroyed - The stolen motor vehicle has been found destroyed – the motor vehicle is no longer

Not Burned useable. In other words, it is *likely* a "write-off" or a "salvage vehicle."

6. Destroyed - Burned The stolen motor vehicle has been found and the exterior and interior of the car is

completely burned. The motor vehicle is no longer useable.

7. Condition unknown The stolen motor vehicle has been found but its condition is unknown.

Scoring Rules:

When the motor vehicle information becomes known, the original motor vehicle theft incident sent to the CCJS should be updated.

If a motor vehicle is recovered but more than one coding option could apply, then apply the primary condition of the vehicle. In most instances, the primary condition would relate to the motive of the theft.

Examples: If a window of a car was broken and the stereo vas missing then the primary condition is "3" - Parts and/or accessories missing. It a stolen car is found burned but also the seats, motor, transmission, and ires a e missing then the primary condition is "3" - Parts and/or accessories missing. If a stolen car is found burned but only the stereo is missing then the primary condition is "6" - Destroyed - Burned.

In those instances where more than one motor vehicle is recovered for the same incident (Location of Incident 05 - Car Dealership), score the primary condition of the majority of vehicles.

The respondent that reports a motor vehicle stolen is responsible for updating the file regardless of where that motor vehicle is recovered.

Example. A car stolen in Ottawa but is found in Toronto. The Ottawa Police Service will update their incident file to account for the recovered vehicle.

MOTOR V	VEHICLE RECOVERY			DOCUMENT: MVRECOVR
Record: Type: Size: Format:	Incident Alphanumeric 1 N			
	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	tem Record:	1
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
0	Assigned by CCJS only			
1	Not recovered			
2	Recovered no damage		4	
3	Recovered parts and/or accessories missing		The state of the s	
4	Recovered damaged			
5	Recovered destroyed – not burned		Y	
6	Recovered destroyed - burned			
7	Recovered condition unknown			
9	Not applicable			
	Rules		Gener	ral Comments
CLEAR INCIDE MOTOR else 9.	C or 2141C and the INCIL ENT ANCE STATUS is founded (the NT CLEARANCE S. ATUS not A), then a VEHICLE RECOVERY must be 1-7; Eviplation 2131 or 2141, first T. STOLEN must be VA, VC, VL, VM, T.			

FORTHERMATION

4.18 PEACE - PUBLIC OFFICER STATUS

Record: Victim

Field-length: One field, 1 byte

General Definition: A peace-public officer is any individual who by act of parliament or provincial

legislation has been given specified powers and authority to enforce legislative statutes, including municipal by-laws, and is responsible for the main enance of

public order.

Coding Options:

9. Not applicable The victim was not a Peace-Public Officer of the Peace-Public Officer is off-duty.

1. Police Any individual (police officer, police consulte) who is employed for the

preservation and maintenance of the Fublic peace whose authority to enforce the law is derived from the *Criminal Coce* of Canada in concert with the various provincial police acts governing the conduct of police officers, the types of weapons permitted

for use in the defence of life, etc.

Examples: poince constable or native reserve police officer

2. Other peace-public Any other h. dividual who is employed for the maintenance of public peace or for the

officer service or execution of civil process

Examples: correctional officer (provincial or federal correctional facility), classification officer or nurse employed in prison or jail, sheriff/bailiff, customs-excise officer, fish/game officer, mayor, justice of the peace or municipal by-law

officer.

Scoring Rule: The "Peace-Public Officer" must be on-duty to qualify as a victim. If the "Peace-

Public Officer" is off-duty then the code equals "9".

Record: V	lphanumeric			DOCUMENT: PEACEOFF
	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	em Record:	4
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
ZERO	Invalid			A Y
9	Not applicable 1. Must be 9 if age of victim <16 2. Must be 9 if VIOLATION			
1	Police			
2	Other peace / public officer			
	Rules		Genera	l Comments

4.19 PROPERTY STOLEN

Record: Incident

Field-length: Five fields, 2 bytes each.

General Definition: This data element captures the type of property involved in both attempted and

completed criminal violations, of theft, capturing a maximum of five (5) different

property types. Property types are groups of similar items, e.g., the category

appliances' includes items like refrigerator, stove, freezer, etc. The property types

listed below for the most part follow the coding structure of CPIC (Canadian Police

Information Centre). There are a few added categories a enable the UCR survey to

capture more detailed information on property stolen.

This data element contains five fields. The first field is to be coded with a motor

vehicle code if the incident involves the thest of a motor vehicle, regardless of its

value. In this case, the remaining four fields will report other property types in order of their dollar value. If no, motor chicle is stolen in the incident then all five fields

may be used to code the property types involved, with the first field used to indicate

the most valuable property type stolen, the second field indicating the second most

valuable property type stolen, etc.

Coding Options:

ZZ. Not applicable No property was stolen in this incident.

OO. Unknown The piece of property or real goods stolen is not known.

Transportation Type Codes

AC. Vehicle Any parts of a motor vehicle which are either functional or decorative. Exclude

accessories radios, stereos and speakers.

Examples: tires, fenders, hubcaps, seats, hood ornaments or license plates

AI. Aircraft Any structure used for navigation in the air that is supported by its own buoyancy or

by the dynamic action of the air against its surfaces. Excludes hang-gliders.

Examples: 2 seater aircraft, helicopter, ultra light aircraft or hot air Balloon

BI. Bicycle Any two (or three) wheeled non-motorized vehicle whose motion is driven by human

power.

Examples: 10 speed bicycle or tricycle

BT. Boat, vessel and Any vessel designed and constructed for floatation in water. Propulsion can be

other watercraft either motorized or sail or propelled by means of human effort (p. Jdling).

Examples: 14 foot aluminium boat, sail boat or cance

VA. Automobile A 4-wheeled motorized vehicle with 2 or 4 document invariantly used for the

transportation of 1-6 persons. Motorized means self-propelled by an internal combustion engine (gasoline, diesel, natural gas) or by means of electric or solar generated power. Excludes vans, 3/4 on truck, buses and recreational vehicles.

Examples: taxis, station wagons or "family" car

VC. Construction/ Any motorized veincle used for construction purposes or utilized for farm use.

farm equipment Examples: back-loe, bulldozer or tractor

VL. Tractor-trailer Any large is ulti-axled vehicle used primarily for transportation of goods, comprised

of a cab and an attached trailer; also known as 18 wheelers, 12 wheelers, semi's, etc.

Examples: gas truck

VM. Motorcycl Any two (2) wheeled self-propelled motorized vehicle including three (3) wheeled

trikes which are modified motorcycles. Motorcycles equipped with sidecars are still

to be scored as motorcycles.

Examples: motor scooters, moped (motorized bicycle) or trail bike (whether licensed

for road or not)

VO. Other motorized Any motorized land vehicle that is designed and used solely for off-road use and

does not require a road license.

Examples: All terrain vehicles (ATV), dune buggy or snowmobile, train

VT. Truck, van, bus, Any motorized vehicle not being an automobile but still self-propelled by

recreational means of an internal combustion engine or by means of electric or solar generated

power. Trucks, vans, buses and recreational vehicles are designed to carry larger

payloads than traditional automobiles.

Examples: 1/2 ton pick-up truck, bus/school bus, van/mini-yan or recreational

vehicle

Gun Type Codes

weapons

vehicle

RW. Restricted All firearms that are required to be regis ered by law. Also, any firearm, not

being a prohibited weapon, designed, or alread and intended to be aimed and fired by

the action of one hand.

RI. Rifles Firearm with a rifled harrel especially designed to be fired from shoulder-level.

SG. Shotguns Smooth-bore gun designed for firing small shot at short range.

OT. All other Include here any firearms that do not fit the categories above.

firearms

Security Type Code

ST. Stocks All common, preferred, ordinary and special shares, scrips, warrants, rights, options,

etc.

SB. Federal, All bonds, debentures, treasury bills, loans, guaranteed loans, issued by or

provincial and guaranteed by any category of government in Canada, including Canada and

municipal bonds debentures Savings Bonds.

BD. Corporate bonds All bonds and debentures issued by corporations, and including chartered banks debentures loan and trust corporations, educational, charitable or religious organizations, credit unions and co-operatives.

MO. Money orders, Canadian Postal or bank issued money orders, and any bank issued traveller's travellers cheques.

CC. Canadian All Canadian currency.

CU. Foreign currency All currency issued by a foreign country.

PP. Passports All travel passports either Canadian or those issued by a foreign country.

ID. Identification Identification documents e.g., ID car's, passes, credit cards, badges, firearm certificates, business permits.

VD. Vehicle All documents relating to a vehicle whether or not they are issued by M.O.T. documents

e.g., drivers licenes, ownership safety certificates, insurance papers.

OS. Other security All security s not provided for above, including guaranteed investment certificates, deposit receipts, investment contracts, warehouse receipts, bank drafts, government cheques, personal cheques.

Other Type Codes

AA.Appliance Any electrical/gas powered small motored device designed for a special household purpose.

Examples: refrigerator, washing machine, microwave oven, clothes dryer, blender or gas stove

CE. Computers, Any computer equipment (hardware) or parts thereof, including software. **Examples**: personal home computers, LAN systems, printers, disks, computer chips, accessories, or or CD-ROMs. parts thereof CG. Consumable Include items which may be consumed for health or pleasure purposes. Examples: food, cigarettes or alcohol goods Any item found in the home for use by the occupants and/or gues HH. Household articles items appropriately included in another category. **Examples:** couch, rugs, table/chairs, painting, towels, clocks, silv, tweet or china. JE. Jewellery Any material, gem, or precious metal fashioned to be vora by either male or female to adorn the individual for esthetic purposes of the provide a useful function. **Examples**: watch, jewel boxes, necklace ring. or medic-alert bracelet MI. Musical Any device, whether string, wind or percussion designed to produce sound and instrument melodies. Examples: trumpet, piono, guitar or recorder An assemblage of parts that transmits forces, matter and energy on to another in MT. Machinery and a predetermined manner or any single device used in the same manner. tools **Examples.** press machine, hammer, circular saw, lathe or tool box (with tools) OM. Office equipment Any quipment designed to perform functions generally found within an office cetting. **Examples**: calculator or photocopy machine (These types of items stolen from residences are still to be considered "office equipment"). OP. Other property Any item not included in the categories listed under this data element. **Examples**: fire extinguishers or precious metals animals.

PA. Personal accessories Any item other than jewellery used by an individual for cosmetic purposes, or to compensate for a disability.

Examples: eyeglasses, clothing, hearing aid, furs, wheel chair, luggage, perfume or briefcase

PE. Photographic equipment

Any device designed to capture reflected light of the image being photographed, including lenses, developing equipment, and support equipment.

Examples: tripod, 50 mm lens, enlarger, shutter release cable, carvera or VCR Camcorder

RA. Radio, T.V., record players Any device or mechanism used to receive, transmit or reproduce sound and/or pictures.

Examples: stereo equipment, video cassette a contract or television

SC. measuring

Scientific-optical Any equipment manufactured for use in scientific and research or to aid viewing for both entertainment and business purposes.

devices

Examples: binoculars, medical ba₆ 3, surveyors levels, microscope or telescope

SP. Sporting goods

Any equipment designed for sporting activities including specialized articles of clothing.

Examples: bo ving shoes, ice skates, squash racquet, golf clubs, hang-glider or wind-surf b. ard

Scoring Rules:

- This data element to be coded when there is property stolen/gained in the incident and a violation of either robbery, break and enter, fraud, theft or theft of a motor vehicle or theft from a motor vehicle is coded under the data element "Violations/Most Serious Violation".
- b.) Score only different types of property stolen, not each item. The type of property stolen should only be coded once in an incident.
- c.) Score the five most valuable properties based on their monetary value.

- d.) When less than five types of property are involved, put 'ZZ' not applicable, in the fields not used.
- e.) Score the type of property in both attempted and completed violations.
- f.) Under the definition of an incident, a motor vehicle (codes VA, VC, VL, VM, VO, VT) is defined as a "place", and therefore each theft of motor vehicle is an incident. If a criminal operation involves the theft of a vehicle and more than four other types of property, always score the motor vehicle in the first field and use the remaining four fields for the other types of property in order of the most valuable to the least valuable.

PROPERTY STOLEN

Record: Incident Type: Alphanumeric

Size: Format: AA

DOCUMENT: PROPERTY

PROPERTY STOLEN occurs five times on the Incident record. If a motor vehicle is involved, it must always be recorded in the first occurrence on the record.

UCR2.1 Values Police System Record:

	UCR2.1 Values		em Record:	4
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
VU	Assigned by CCJS only			A Y
ZZ	Not Applicable			\rightarrow
OO	Unknown (alpha, not zero)			
AC	Vehicle accessories			
AI	Aircraft			
BI	Bicycle		>	
BT	Boat, vessel, other water craft			
VA	Automobile			
VC	Construction / farm equipment			
VL	Tractor-trailer			
VM	Motorcycle			
VO	Other motorized vehicle			
VT	Truck			
RW	Restric'ed weapon			
RI	R fle			
SG	Shotgun			
ОТ	Other firearms			
ST	Stocks			
SB	Federal, provincial, municipal bonds			
BD	Corporate bonds, debentures			
МО	Money orders, traveller's cheques			

11	T	I	ı	
CC	Canadian Currency			
CU	Foreign currency			
PP	Passports			
ID	Identification			
VD	Vehicle documents			
OS	Other security			
AA	Appliance			. 1
CE	Computers			
CG	Consumable goods			
НН	Household articles			
JE	Jewelry		4	U'
MI	Musical instrument			
MT	Machinery and tools		\bigcirc	
OM	Office equipment			
OP	Other property			
PA	Personal accessories			
PE	Photographic equipment	77		
RA	Radio, TV, record players			
SC	Scientific-optical measuring devices			
SP	Sporting goods			
	Rules		Genera	l Comments
VO, VT) dealersl 2. If VIOLA STOLEN 3. If VIOLA PROPER VM, VO 4. If MOST 2132C, PROPER	ATION = 2131, 2141, first PROPERTY I must be VA, VC, VL, VM, VO or VT. ATION is not 2131 or 2141, first ATY STOLEN must not be VA, VC, VL,			

5. Must be ZZ if VIOLATION 2120, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2160, 1610, or 1620 are not present.



4.20 RELATIONSHIP OF CSC TO THE VICTIM

Record: Victim

Field-length: Two Fields 1) Identity of CSC - (2 bytes)

2) Presently Living Together? - (1 byte)

General Definition: The first field of this data element will establish the nature of the relationship (i.e.

blood, legal, or known) between a victim and a CSC. It will accomplish this by establishing the identity of the CSC (wife, brother, friend) relative to a victim, at the

time the incident occurred.

The second field of this data element measures, to so, we degree, the current state of the relationship in terms of closeness, specifically whether the victim and CSC are living together at the time of the incident.

Coding Options:

Divorced

Field I: - Identity of CSC

00. Unknown The identity of the CSC is not known or the relationship cannot be established. For

example, the ide. ity of CSC may not be known if there is a homicide.

01. Spouse The husband or wife of the victim through marriage or common-law. Includes

partners in homosexual relationships.

02. Separated / The former husband or wife (by marriage or by common-law relationship) of

the victim who is separated or divorced at the time of the incident.

Includes ex-partners of homosexual relationships.

O3. Parent The natural father or mother of the victim, or the legal guardian with legal custody

and care of the child i.e. foster parent, step-parent, adoptive parents.

04. Child The natural offspring of the victim or the victim has the legal care and custody of the

child i.e. stepchild, foster-child, adopted child.

05. Other immediate family

The natural brother or sister of the victim or step/half/foster/adopted family brother or sister.

06. Extended family

Includes all others related to the victim either by blood or by marriage e.g., grandparents, aunts, uncles, cousins, sister/brother-in-laws, parents-in-law, etc. This category includes children that are step/half/foster/adopted and therefore assume the same relationships to the extended family as a 'natural offspring'. For example, if an adopted child is a victim and the CSC is the brother of the child's adopted father, then this code would apply for the incident.

07. Authority figure

A person who is in a *position of trust* or authority and is not a family member. **Examples**: teacher, doctor, day care worker, babysiter. Poy Scout leader, youth counsellors, group home workers, priest, etc.

08. Boyfriend / Girlfriend

A close and affectionate relationship with another person.

09. Ex-boyfriend / Ex-girlfriend

A former close and affection, te relationship with another person.

10. Friend

Long-term and or friendly relationship with victim.

11. Business relationship

Relationship in which the workplace or business involved is the primary source of contact. Include fellow workers, business partners, employee-employer etc.

12. Criminal relationsh b

Relationship with victim is based on an illegal activity(ies). Include drugs, prostitution, gambling smuggling, etc.

13. Casual acquaintance

Social relationship which is neither long-term nor close. Include known, by sight only, neighbours etc.

14. Stranger

The CSC is not known to the victim in any way but has been observed.

Scoring Rules:

- a.) Where there are multiple CSC, score each victim's record for this data element in the following order.
 - i.) the identity of the CSC who committed the most serious violation if two or more CSC commit different violations against the victim;
 - ii.) the closest relationship to the victim if two or more CSC commit the same most serious violation against the victim.
- b.) Score this data element if there is any evidence of the identity of the CSC in relation to the victim. It is not necessary that there be a CSC record.

Field II: - Presently Living Together?

Definition

This level of the data element establishes further the nature of the relationship between the CSC and the victim. To qualify the relationship as 'presently living together', the persons are sharing both food preparation and lodging and it is both person's primary residence. This would include families, friends sharing accommodation, group homes, rehabilitation houses. It excludes people who share accommodation and rood but not through choice e.g., prisons, rooming houses, hotels.

Coding Options:

- 0. Unknown It cannot be determined whether the victim and CSC were living together at the time of the incident.
- 1. Yes The victim and CSC are living together at the time of the incident.
- 2. No The victim and CSC are not living together at the time of the incident.

DOCUMENT: RELATION

RELATIONSHIP OF CSC TO THE

VICTIM	ONSHIP OF CSC TO THE			
Size 3 Format: 1 Composite	lphanumeric			
	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	em Record:	
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
	Nature of Relationship			
BLANK	Invalid		4	O'
00 ZERO	Unknown			
01	Spouse			
	1. Invalid if victim age <12			
02	Separated / Divorced		[
	1. Invalid if victim age <12			
03	Parent			
04	Child			
	1. Invalid if victum age <12			
05	Other immediate			
06	Extende ' ramily			
07	A. thori y Figure			
08	Poyfriend / Girlfriend			
09	Ex-boyfriend / ex-girlfriend			
10	Friend			
11	Business Relationship			
12	Criminal Relationship			
13	Casual Acquaintance			
14	Stranger			

	Rules	General Comments
1. If VIOLATION AGAINST VICTIM = 1530 (abduction <14), 1540 (abduction <16) relationship cannot equal 01, 02, or 04.		
	TION AGAINST VICTIM = 1140, 1550 60 RELATIONSHIP must equal 03.	
Presently Living Together		Establishes further the nature of the relationship between the CSC and the victim. To qualify, the persons are sharing both food preparation and lc lging and it is both persons' primary residence.
BLANK	Invalid	
0	Unknown	
1	Yes	\(\frac{1}{2}\)
2	No	
	Rules	Concral Comments

FORTHERMATION

4.21 REPORT DATE

Record: Incident

Field-length: One field, 8 bytes.

General Definition: Date upon which incident becomes known by the police or is reported to the police.

Coding Options: Statistics Canada standard, YYYYMMDD, will be coded on the ecord which the

Centre will receive in a 'standard record layout'.

Scoring Rule: None

(Note: This 'report date' should correlate highly with 'incident date' experiently for particular types of incidents, e.g., possession of stolen property).

REPORT DATE Record: Incident Type: Alphanumeric Size: 8 Format: YYYYMMDD				DOCUMENT: REPDATE
	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	em Record:	4
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
BLANK	Invalid			A Y
ZERO	Invalid			
Numeric (YYYY MMDD)	1. Must contain a valid date: year must be valid; month between 01 and 12; day between 01 and 31 as applicable to the month.		O S	
	Rules		Genera	l Comments
TO INCIDI	DATE must be equal to or greater than ENT DATE when the FROM INCIDENT 099999999.		7	
2. When FROM INCIDENT DATE is not 9995 959 then REPORT DATE must be equal to or greater than the FROM INCIDENT DATE.				
3.REPORT D	OATE must be less than or equal to			

4.22 RESPONDENT CODE

Record: Incident, Victim, CSC

Field-length: Three fields, 6 bytes.

General Definition: Designates the source of the data. It will identify municipal, provincial and federal

police departments and extend to identify detachments and divisions within the larger forces e.g., RCMP, OPP. This data element gives the geographical location of the

incident, and who handled the investigation and reported the incident.

Coding Options:

Field I - Provincial Code

10 - Newfoundland and Labrador

- 11 Prince Edward Island
- 12 Nova Scotia
- 13 New Brunswick
- 24 Québec
- 35 Ontario
- 46 Manitoba
- 47 Saskatchewan
- 48 Alberta
- 59 British Columbia
- 60 Yukon
- 61 Northwest Territor es
- 62 Nunavut (et ective 01-01-99)

Field II - Police Force Location Code

As per current UCR code - 3 characters.

Field III - Jurisdiction Code

- 1 Own jurisdiction
- 2 Royal Canadian Mounted Police
- 3 Ontario Provincial Police
- 4 Quebec Provincial Force
- 5 New Brunswick Highway Patrol
- 6 Newfoundland Constabulary

Scoring rules: This data element will be generated by the respondent's automated system.

(Note: This data element allows for the reporting of crime data both by where the incident occurred and by which police force handled the investigation and reported the incident: this forcews the practice of the aggregate UCR survey. The third field of this data element will be mainly used by the RCMP and the provincial police forces to identify criminal incidents e.g., drugs, weapons, federal and provincial statutes, they investigate and report in other police forces' jurisdictions).

Record: I Type: A Size 6 Format: N Composite				DOCUMENT: RESPOND
	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	tem Record:	
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
	Province Code			<u> </u>
BLANK	Invalid			Default to:
10	Newfoundland and Labrador			
11	Prince Edward Island			
12	Nova Scotia		7	
13	New Brunswick			
24	Quebec			
35	Ontario			
46	Manitoba			
47	Saskatchewan			
48	Alberta			
59	British Columbia			
60	Yuken			
61	Nc †hwest Territories			
62	1 unavut			
	Rules	General C	omments	

P	Police Force Location Code		The police force location code identifies the police force and corresponds to the three character UCR codes assigned to the force for all UCR reporting.		
BLANK	Invalid				
UCR VALUE				Default to:	
	Rules		Genera	l Comments	
	Jurisdiction Code		The jurisdiction code is used primarily by NCMP and provincial police forces to identify priminal incidents they investigate and report upon in other police forces jurisdictions.		
BLANK	Invalid		4	O'	
1	Own jurisdiction		1		
2	Royal Canadian Mounted Police				
3	Ontario Provincial Police				
4	Quebec Provincial Police				
5	New Brunswick Highway Patrol				
6	Royal Newfoundland Constabulary				
	Rules	7	Genera	l Comments	
	^()				

4.23 SEX

Record: CSC, Victim

Field-length: One field, 1 byte.

General Definition: This data element indicates the sex of all victims of violent crimes and all CSC

involved in an incident or if the CSC is a company.

Coding Options:

O. Unknown the sex of the person is unknown or cannot be determine. This includes

transsexuals.

F. Female gender at birth, if it can be determined.

M. Male gender at birth, if it can be determined

C. Company the <u>CSC</u> is a registered company.

Note: For all CSC records, the sex of the person can be established due to the need to process the people at the station.

For victims records, the sex of the person will most often be based solely on the observation of the attending police ornicer.

Scoring Rules Do not score victims as companies.

SEX				DOCUMENT: SEX
	SC, Victim Iphanumeric			
	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	em Record:	4
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
BLANK	Invalid			A Y
ZERO	Invalid			
О	Unknown			
F	Female			
M	Male			
С	Company 1. Invalid on victim records. Applies only to CSC records and if the CSC is a registered company.			
	Rules		Genera	l Comments

4.24 SHOPLIFTING

Record: Incident

Field-length: One field, 1 byte

General Definition: This field will be flagged if the criminal offence, committed or attempted, is

shoplifting (The violation code must be "Theft \$5,000 or under" or "Theft over

\$5,000 ").

Coding Options:

9. Not applicable This incident did not involve a violation of "Theft Over \$5,000" or "Theft \$5,000 or

Under" by shoplifting.

1. Shoplifting When property is taken during business hours and is removed from the commercial

establishment without the exchange of money.

Example: leaving department store with cosmetics in pocket.

Scoring Rule: This field = "1" if the criminal offence, committed or attempted, is shoplifting

otherwise the field = "9." The violation code must be "Theft \$5,000 or under" or

"Theft over \$5,000."

SHOPLIF				DOCUMENT: SHOPLIFT
	Incident			
Type:	Alphanumeric			
Size: Format:	I N			
rormat.	IN			
UCR2.1 Values		Police Syst	em Record:	4
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
9	Not applicable			
1	Shoplifting			
	Rules		Genera	l Comments
\$5,000	at 1 violation must be 'theft over' or 'theft \$5,000 or under' rise value = 9			

4.25 SOUNDEX CODE

This item is also described in detail within Section 5.4

Record: CSC and Victim

Field Length: Two fields 1) Soundex Code CSC - (4 bytes)

2) Soundex Code Victim - (4 bytes)

General Definition: An algorithm provided by the Policing Services Program to police espondents will

scramble the name of the CSC in such a way as to ensure confidentiality.

Coding Option: The program to be used to accomplish this is known as "Russell Soundex", a method

of indexing and filing by code. Once encoded by the program, decoding is not possible. The algorithm used would take the algorithm uses, Bronson and Brunsen and code them as B652. By utilizing other pertinent person information, date of

birth and sex, the UCR program win be able to identify an individual only as a

distinct entity but will not be able to unscramble the algorithm to distinguish

individual names. (See section 5.4 for further details on the Russell Soundex).

If the CSC is a

person

Basically the first ie, er of the surname is used followed by three coding numbers determined from ix groupings of consonant letters.

<u>Letters</u>	Coding Numbers		
E & b A	1		
CGJKQSXZ	2		
DÍ	3		
L	4		
MN	5		
R	6		

A, E, H, I, O, U, W and Y are not coded. The number consists of only 3 digits.

When two or more letters are represented by the same code number, they are coded as one letter. Examples: Jackson, Bill is coded J251, J is the initial letter; C, K, and

S occur together and are all represented by code number 2; N is represented by 5; and B is represented by 1.

If two letters are represented by the same code but separated by an A, E, I, O, U, or Y, the two letters are coded separately. If however the two letters are separated by an H, W, or blank, the second of the letters represented by the same number is disregarded.

If the person's name does not contain enough letters to make up $t^{t_{i_0}}$ guide letter plus three numbers, zeros are added.

If the CSC is a company:

The encoding of a company's name will be the same . s a person if the name is alphabetic (e.g., the CSC is "Acme Incorpora".

A) If the company name is completely runcric then use the following encoding program:

- Take the first number, the third number, the fifth number and the seventh number to create a four-digit code
- If the 'name/num'oe.' is less than seven digits, then zero fill the remaining digits

B) If the company name has both letters and numbers and begins with a letter, then create the soundex using the "CSC is a person" routine using **only** letters from the mome.

C) If the company name has both letters and numbers and begins with a number, then create the soundex using only the numbers within the name (See "A" above).

"0000"

Only for the victim record if the victim's name cannot be identified.

Scoring Rules:

CSC record: This data element will always report a valid coding option i.e. it will never be blank as a CSC will be identified if there is a CSC record. This applies to all CSC - persons and companies.

Victim Record: This data element will be reported if the victim's name can be identified otherwise the code equals "0000" for unknown.



SOUNDEX CODE CSC		DOCUMENT: SOUNDEX			
Record: CSC Type: Alphanumeric Size: 4 Format: ANNN		SOUNDEX CODE; the Soundex code is used to distinguish among similar CSC records to assure confidentiality.			
UCR2.1 Values		Police Syst	Police System Record:		
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments	
BLANK OR ZEROS	Invalid			O,	
Annn	Valid soundex code				
Rules			Cenera	l Comments	
SOUNDEX CODE must be present on each CSC record.			Y		

SOUNDEX CODE VICTIM

Record: Victim

Type: Alphanumeric

Size: 4

Format: Byte 1: alpha when identity is known;

numeric where identity is unknown

(i.e. zero) Byte 2: numeric DOCUMENT: SOUNDEX

SOUNDEX CODE; the Soundex code used to distinguish among similar victim records to assure confidentiality.

	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	em Record:	
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
0000	Victim identity unknown		4	O'
(zeros)				
Annn	Valid soundex code			
	Rules		Genera	l Comments

SOUNDEX CODE is optional for the victim record

FORTHERMATION

4.26 SPECIAL SURVEY FEATURE

Record: Incident, CSC and Victim

Field Length: Variable

General Definition: Unedited data in a free format variable length field appended to the core UCR record

to be used for special and ad hoc analysis.

Coding Options: None

Scoring Rules: None. The data would be accepted as-is from the respondint information system.

Background: This requirement is not a specific field, but rather an interface capability and is intended to increase the flexibility of the survey.

Previously, incident-based UCR data could only be submitted in a fixed record length format based on explicit data requirements. This made the survey extremely rigid as the addition of new data elements involved significant redesign of both respondent interfaces and the CCJS data processing system. The Incident-based UCR data processing system has been modified so as to be capable of accepting variable length records. Therefore, extra data (i.e. beyond the core requirements) may be appended to any one of the Victim, CSC or Incident records. These extra data we ald not be edited by the UCR data processing system, and therefore require no interface edits. Data submitted through the special survey feature could be used for answering special research questions, prototyping changes to the core requirements, or adding optional or secondary data elements.

System Require ments:

- Respondents must be easily able to select fields currently existing on their police records management system and append them to the Victim, CSC or Incident records. Similarly, respondents must be able to discontinue sending these data if they are no longer needed.
- In appending these fields, the respondent must be able to specify the position on the record that the field will be written to and the length of the field.
- Once a new field is appended to the UCR record, all subsequent add and modify transactions for a particular record will include the new field, even if not included in the original transaction.

Once a new field is discontinued, all subsequent add and modify transactions for a particular record will
no longer include the field, even if included in the original transaction.

Example: Postal Codes

If the CCJS had the ability to disaggregate crime statistics to the Postal Code level or at least the Forward Sortation Area (the first three digits of the Postal Code) then the CCJS would have the ability to integrate data with a multitude of available data also geographically coded by postal code (e.g. Census or General Social Survey data). Making Postal Code a required data element would, however, increase respondent burden considerably for most respondents. Some police services do, however, routinely collect Postal Code. By having these respondents append the postal code to the incident record, the analytical utility of the UCR data could be increased without significant impact to respondents.

SPECIAL SURVEY FEATURE Record: Incident, CSC, Victim Type: As required Size: 0 to 50 Format: Variable		DOCUMENT: SPECIAL This space on the record is available for use as required. Data submitted through the Special Survey Feature can be used for answering special research questions, prototyping changes to the core requirements and for adding optional or secondary data elements.			
	UCR2.1 Values	Police System Record:			
Values	Description	Data Values Description & Comments Element			
Rules		General Com. nents			

FORTHERMATION

4.27 TARGET - VEHICLE

Record: Incident

Field-length: One field, 1 byte.

Definition: This data element is flagged when a motor vehicle has been the "target" of a criminal

offence. For example, if a motor vehicle has been stolen, damaged or had something

stolen from it then the data element would equal = "1."

Coding Options:

1. Yes A motor vehicle was the "target" of the violation.

9. Not applicable A motor vehicle was NOT the "target" (f the violation.

Scoring Rules: A new incident is required for each vahicle stolen unless the incident occurs at a car

dealership. For example, if three cors were stolen from a dealership then TARGET-VEHICLE = 1 and COUNTER = 3 and the LOCATION OF VIOLATION = 05 (car

dealership). If the three vehicles were stolen from a public garage then three

separate incident, would be filled out.

h 				
TARGET - VEHICLE				DOCUMENT: MVTARGET
Record:	Incident			
Type:	Alphanumeric			
Size:	1			
Format:	N			
UCR2.1 Values		Police Syst	em Record:	4
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
1	Yes			
9	No (Not applicable)			
	Rules	General Comments		
	ATION = 2131, 2132, 2141, 2142 then C - VEHICLE must be 1.		O	
2. If VIOLATION = 1610, 1620, 2160 and				
PROPERTY STOLEN = VA, VC, VL, VM, VO or			7	
VT; TARGET – VEHICLE must be 1.				
3. If VIOLATION 1610, 1620, 2110, 2131, 2132,		77		
2141, 2	142, 2160, 2172 or 2174; TARG.T			
VEHICL	E = 1 is allowed: otherwise involu			

4.28 TYPE OF FRAUD

Record: Incident.

Field-length: One field, 2 bytes.

General Definition: This data element defines different methods to fraudulently obtain goods, services or

financial gain without legitimate rights.

Coding Options:

Insurance

99. Not applicable This incident did not involve any violatic of fraud.

10. Cheque Any fraud that involves the fraudulent usage from issory notes (cheques), money

orders, traveller's cheque, postal order of any facsimile of a cheque.

Examples: Personal cheque written with non-sufficient funds to cover the value. (NSF cheques are generally not constituted a violation unless intent (mens rea) is

present.) Fraudulently written and indorsed bank money order

20. Transaction card Any fraud that in or es the fraudulent usage of credit cards, automatic teller machine

(ATM) cards teachene calling cards, cash cards, retail store cards, etc.

30. Telemarketing Any fraud which is committed over the telephone that involves advertising,

marketing 6. providing a service to consumers or businesses.

40. Securities/Financia. Any fraud that involves the fraudulent usage of stocks or bonds, investment fund

derivatives, illegal transfer of funds, etc.

50. False Claims Any fraud that involves providing false information to receive a benefit from an

insurance company. An insurance company is a commercial/public enterprise whose

function it is to provide coverage by contract binding a party to indemnity another

against specified loss in return for premiums paid.

51. False Claims Government Any fraud that involves providing false information to receive a benefit from a government department – include any federal, provincial, regional or municipal department.

Examples: unemployment insurance, social assistance.

60. Computer

Any fraud that involves the unauthorized use of a computer or use of a computer for illegal means.

Examples: hacking, illegal use of userid or personal password, et

If an incident involves using a counterfeit credit card to order merchangise over the

Internet on a personal computer then the fraud type is 'transaction card'.

90. Other

Any fraud not listed in above.

Examples: price fixing, patent infringement, his backs, etc.

Scoring Rules:

If more than one TYPE OF FRAUD than choose the most frequent. If there is an equal number of fraud types then choose the fraud type for which the dollar amount of fraud is greatest.

Transaction Car'is: Score each unique transaction card as an incident regardless if it is a duplicate type of account number to another card. For example, if two people have two cards which have the same name and account number then score two incidents it they are both used fraudulently. Credit/ATM card frauds are to be scored by the police having jurisdiction where the card is fraudulently passed (POLIS 1997).

TYPE OF FRAUD Record: Incident Type: Alphanumeric Size: 2 Format: NN				DOCUMENT: FRAUDTYP
	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	em Record:	4
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
ZERO	Invalid			
99	Not Applicable			\rightarrow
10	Cheque			
20	Transaction Card			
30	Telemarketing			
40	Securities /Financial Instruments		>	
50	False Claims - Insurance			
51	False Claims - Government			
60	Computer			
90	Other			
Rules			Genera	l Comments
	alid if violation = 2160 99 if violation 1 ot equal to 2160			

FORTHERMATION

4.29 UPDATE STATUS

Record: Incident, CSC and Victim

Field-Length: One field, 1 byte.

General Definition: This data element will indicate to the UCR system of Statistics Canada the update

status of each record which is sent by respondent. Two types of updates will be

accepted: adds, or deletes.

Coding Options: (Note: The basic definition for each type of update is the same fo. all record types).

1. Add The respondent wishes to send to the CCJS a new incident, victim or CSC record or

an incident that was previously sent but then 1.1 the d because of changes to any of

the incident, victim or CSC records.

3. Delete The respondent wishes to delete a record that was previously sent to the CCJS during

a previous reporting period. Note. This value applies only for incident records.

Scoring Rule: Report a 'change' (5 & 1) to previously sent data only if the change affects one of the

fields or data eigments which are contained in the UCR incident-based survey.

To make a change to an incident, or an associated CSC or victim record, all records n. 1st be deleted by submitting a "delete" for the incident record and all records (both

those that changed and those that did not) must be resubmitted.

UPDATE	STATUS	DOCUMENT: UPDATE		
Record: Incident, CSC, Victim Type: Alphanumeric Size: 1 Format: N		This field is mandatory on all records submitted to incident based UCR. It identifies if the record is new, that is it has never before been submitted to UCR. It identifies records that have been changed and are to update data already on the UCR data base or to delete records on the data base.		
UCR2.1 Values		Police System Record:		
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
BLANK	Invalid			
ZERO	Invalid			
1	Add			
3	Delete			
Rules		General Comments		
Delete is a valid code for incident records only.			Y	

4.30 VEHICLE TYPE

Record: Incident

Field-length: One field, 1 byte

General Definition: This data element captures the type of vehicle used by the CSC involved in an

impaired driving or dangerous driving violation.

Coding Options:

9. Not applicable Not an impaired driving or dangerous driving violation.

0. Unknown The type of vehicle used in committing the traffic violation is unknown.

1. Motor Vehicle Any land vehicle propelled by internal combustion engine or human powered.

Examples: cars, trucks, snowmobiles, all terrain vehicles, tractor, bicycles, etc.

2. Boat / Vessel /

Aircraft

Any vessel designed and constructed for floatation in water. Propulsion can either be self-propelled or vatercraft propelled by means of human effort (paddling). Self-propulsion could be a means of an internal combustion engine or by sail, or any weight-carrying structure for navigation in the air that is supported by its ownbuoyancy or by the dynamic action of the air against its surfaces.

E. amples: 14 foot aluminium boat or Albatross sail boat, 2 seater aircraft, glider, hang-glider, ultra light aircraft or hot air balloon.

Scoring Kules:

- a.) This data element is only to be scored if there is an impaired driving or dangerous driving violation as the incident.
- b.) Score the vehicle which is under the control of the CSC.

VEHICLE TYPE				DOCUMENT: VEHICLE
Record: Incident Type: Alphanumeric Size: 1 Format: N		VEHICLE TYPE records the type of motor vehicle used by the CSC in an impaired driving or dangerous driving violation.		
UCR2.1 Values		Police Syst	em Record:	4
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
9	Not Applicable			
0 (ZERO)	Unknown		4	
1	Motor Vehicle			
2	Boat, vessel, aircraft			
Rules			Genera	l Comments
1. 9 is Invalid if violation between 9110 and 9250 2.Must be 9 if violation not between 9110 and 9250			Y	

4.31 VIOLATIONS/MOST SERIOUS VIOLATION (MSV)

Record: Incident

Field-length: Four fields, 4 bytes each.

General Definition: A hierarchical coding structure used to identify the four (4) most serious violations in

an incident.

(Note: See Section 4.33 "Violations Coding Structure for UCR Crime Classification System, Section 4.34 "Violations Coding Structure for UCR Traffic Classification System and Section 5.13 for Seriousness Index)

Coding Options:

Field I This field will always report the most serious vivlation (MSV) that occurred within an

incident. The scoring rules at the end of this ext indicate the priority for selecting the

M.S.V.

Field II-IV These fields will report the next most revious violations (or secondary violations) when two or

more violations have occurred within an incident.

Coding options for Yalds I to IV

1000 Series - Crives against the person.

2000 Scries - Crimes against property.

3000 Series - Other Criminal Code violations.

40. Series – Controlled Drugs and Substances Act violations

6000 Series - Other Federal Statute violations.

7000 Series - Provincial Statute violations.

9000 Series - Traffic violations.

Scoring Rules:

- a.) Score the most serious violation which occurred within an incident with two or more violations. In order of priority the criteria are:
 - i.) person or violent violations take precedent over non-violent violations
 - ii.) greatest maximum penalty prescribed by law
 - iii.) if above two rules do not break 'ties' then it is the department's discretion which is the most serious violation within the incident.
- b.) Score the four most serious <u>different</u> violations which occur with an incident with five or more violations. Use the criteria outlined in a., above to determine the four most serious violations.
- c.) It is necessary only that the first field report i. e most serious violation the ranking of the second, third and fourth violations in order of seriousness is not required.
- d.) Score a secondary violation (Field II) or third or fourth, only if a charge could result from it alone within the incident.

9NNN

Traffic "olations

VIOLATIONS / MOST SERIOUS VIOLATION (MSV) Record: Incident Format: Alphanumeric Size: 4 Format: NNNN		The VIOLA Record.	TIONS field	DOCUMENT: VIOLATN occurs 4 times on the Incident
	UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	em Record:	
Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
ZERO	Invalid			
BLANK	1. Blank is invalid for the first four bytes and the first attempted / completed indicator 2. The MOST SERIOUS VIOLATION must be contained in the first 4 bytes of the field. Hierarchical order of seriousness is not required for the other three allowable VIOLATIONS.			
1NNN - 7NNN	Criminal Code, federal and provincial statute offences 1. VIOLATIONS between 1000 - 7999 must be recorded on separate in eidents from VIOLATIONS in 9NNN range			

Rules	General Comments
1. The following VIOLATIONS require at least one victim record: 1110 1120 1130 1140 1150 1160 1210 1310 1320 1330 1340 1410 1420 1430 1440 1460 1470 1480 1510 1520 1530 1540 1545 1550 1560 1625 9110 9120 9131 9132 9210 9220	
 If VIOLATION = 2120 (break and enter); property stolen values VA, VC, VL, VM, VO, VT are invalid. If VIOLATION = between 9110 or 9250; 9 (not applicable) is invalid for VEHICLE TYPE. 	
See section 5.11a for additional rules regarding LOCATION, OCCUPANCY, and MOST SERIOUS VIOLATION, and section 5.11b for additional rules regarding MOST SERIOUS WEAPON and MOST SERIOUS VIOLATION.	

4.32 WEAPON CAUSING INJURY

Record: Victim

Field-length: One field, 2 bytes.

General Definition: The weapon that actually caused the most physical injury to the victim is to be

captured in the persons record for each victim and applies only to victims of violent

crimes.

Firearm Any barreled weapon from which any shot, bullet or other missile can be discharged

and is capable of causing serious bodily injury or death. a person.

This includes any frame or receiver of such a berreled weapon and anything that can

be adapted for use as a weapon. Includes all control or rim fired or otherwise

propelled projectiles.

Coding Options:

shotgun

99. Not applicable No weapon involved in this hacident or weapon involved did not cause any physical

injury.

00. Unknown Where there is no indication of what type of weapon caused an injury to the victim.

01. Fully automatic Any frearm that with one pull of the trigger allows continuous and rapid firing

firearm of bullets.

Example: machine gun.

02. Sawed-of rifle/ Any rifle or shotgun that has been altered whereby the barrel length is less than

457 mm. or the overall length of the weapon is less than 660 mm.

Examples: 12 gauge shotgun: barrel cut off.

O3. Handgun Any firearm designed to be held and fired by the action of one hand.

Examples: 38 cal. Smith and Wesson revolver, 22 cal. Ruger pistol, 357 Magnum

revolver or 45 cal. Colt revolver

04. Rifle (includes shotgun)

Any long barrelled firearm designed to discharge a bullet, shot or other missile which has a barrel length greater than or equal to 457 mm or an overall length of 660 mm or greater.

Examples: Remington 12 Gauge Pump Action Shotgun, Marlin 22 cal. Semi-automatic rifle or Cooey 22 cal. bolt action single shot rifle

weapons

05. Other firearm like Includes all other firearm-like weapons that are capable of propelling any object through the given length of a barrel by means of gunpowder, CO (compressed carbon dioxide), pumped air, etc.

> **Examples:** starters pistol, emergency flare gun, Daisy BB pistol : Crossman .177 cal. pellet pistol

06. Knife Any sharp cutting instrument consisting of a hard fastened to a handle.

Examples: kitchen knife, Swiss pocket knife, stiletto or switch blade

07. Other piercing Any article other than a knife whose action would cut or pierce flesh.

Examples: hatchet, razor blade or word cutting instrument

08. Club/blunt Any tool or article that is used to cause physical injury or death by use of a hitting or bludge. ning action. instrument

Examples: fix place poker, candle stick holder or brick

09. Explosives

A ything used to make an explosive device; or anything adapted to or to aid in causing an explosion; or any incendiary grenade, firebomb, molotov cocktail or other similar incendiary substance or device and a delaying mechanism or other thing intended for use in connection with such a substance or device.

Examples: hand grenade, blasting caps, molotov cocktail or dynamite

10. Fire When a fire is intentionally or accidentally set and causes injury or death to an individual.

11. Physical force

The use of one's own body strength and/or action that is **used** to cause bodily injury or death.

Examples: choking, punching or pushing when bodily injury or death is caused

12. Other weapon

Any weapon that does not belong in any other category.

Examples: any device used to garret, poison or motor vehicle

Scoring Rules:

- a.) While it is likely that the most serious weapon within the incident is also the weapon that caused injury, it is also possible that they are different. For this field, it is the weapon that actually caused injury to the perso, that is to be coded.
- b.) Score the weapon which caused the most serious physical injury to this victim.
- c.) For traffic incidents when a victim 'ecord' is produced, score this data element as '12' other weapon.

WEAPON CAUSING INJURY

Record: Victim

Format: Alphanumeric

Size: Format: NN

DOCUMENT: WEAPON

Identifies the weapon that caused the most physical

injury to the victim.

UCR2.1 Values	Police Syst	tem Record:	
Description	Data Floment	Values	

Values	Description	Data Element	Values	Description & Comments
99	No weapon involved or no injury caused			
00 (ZEROS)	Unknown			
01	Fully automatic firearm			
02	Sawed-off rifle / shotgun		Y	
03	Handgun			
04	Rifle (includes shotgun)			
05	Other firearm-like weapon			
06	Knife			
07	Other piercing, cutting instrument			
08	Club / on nt instrument			
09	Explos.ves			
10	Fire			
11	Physical Force			
12	Other weapon			

Rules	General Comments
If WEAPON CAUSING INJURY present; 9 invalid for LEVEL OF INJURY.	
See section 5.12a for additional rules regarding LEVEL OF INJURY and VIOLATION AGAINST THE VICTIM, and WEAPON CAUSING INJURY and VIOLATION AGAINST THE VICTIM.	4
See sections 5.10 and 5.11a for additional rules on MOST SERIOUS WEAPON PRESENT and WEAPON CAUSING INJURY.	

FORTHERMATION

4.33 VIOLATION CODING STRUCTURE FOR UCR CRIME CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

Description Violation code

Criminal Code Offences

CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON (1000)

<u> </u>	
Violations Causing Death	
Murder 1st Degree	1110
Murder 2nd Degree	1120
Manslaughter	1130
Infanticide	1140
Criminal Negligence Causing Death	1150
Other Related Offences Causing Death	1160
State Melanda States Canada Sama	1100
Attempting The Commission Of A Capital Crime	
Attempted Murder	1210
Conspire to Commit Murder	1220
Compare to Commit Marao	1220
Sexual Assaults	
Aggravated Sexual Assault	1310
Sexual Assault With A Weapon	1320
Sexual Assault	1330
Other Sexual Crimes	1340
Assaults	
Aggravated Assault-Level 3	1410
Assault With Weapon or Causing Bodily Harm-Level 2	1420
Assault-Level 1	1430
Unlawfully Causing Bodily Harm	1440
Discharge Firearm with Intent	1450
Assault Against Peace-Public Ornicer	1460
Criminal Negligence Causin, Bodily Harm	1470
Other Assaults	1480
Violations Resulting L. The Leprivation Of Freedom	
Kidnapping	1510
Hostage-Taning	1520
Abduction Under 14	1530
Aba sciion Under 16	1540
Removel of Children from Canada (effective 01-01-98)	1545
Abduction Contravening A Custody Order	1550
Abduction-No Custody Order	1560

Other Violations Involving Violence Or The Threat of Violence	1610
Robbery	1610
Extortion	1620
Criminal Harassment (effective 01-01-94)	1625
Utter Threats to Person (effective 01-01-98)	1627
Explosives Causing Death/Bodily Harm (effective 01-01-98)	1628
Arson – Disregard for Human Life (effective 01-05-99)	1629
Other Violent Violations	1630
CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY (2000)	
Property Crimes	
Arson	2110
Break and Enter	2120
Theft over \$5,000	2130
Theft of a motor vehicle over \$5,000 (effective 01-01-2004)	2131
Theft over \$5,000 from a motor vehicle (effective 01-01-2004)	2132
Theft \$5,000 or under	2140
Theft of a motor vehicle \$5,000 and under (effective 01-01-2004)	2141
Theft \$5,000 or under from a motor vehicle (effective 01-01-2004)	2142
Have Stolen Goods	2150
Fraud	2160
Mischief Mischief 65,000	2170
Mischief over \$5,000	2172
Mischief \$5,000 or under	2174
OTHER CRIMINAL CODE VIOLATIONS (3.290)	
Other Criminal Violations	
Prostitution	
- Bawdy House	3110
- Prostitution under 18 – living off the avails (effective 01-01-98)	3115
- Procuring	3120
- Communicates for purpose of sex under 18 (effective 01-01-98)	3125
- Other Prostitution	3130
Gaming and Potting	
-Betting House	3210
-Gaming He ise	3220
-Other Caming and Betting	3230
Offensive Weapons	
-Explosives	3310
-Prohibited (expired 01-12-98)	3320
-Restricted (expired 01-12-98)	3330
-Firearm Transfers/Serial Numbers (expired 01-12-98)	3340
-Other Offensive Weapons (expired 01-12-98)	3350
-Using Firearms/Imitation (effective 01-12-98)	3360
-Weapons Trafficking (effective 01-12-98)	3365
-Weapons Possession Contrary to Order (effective 01-12-98)	3370
-Possession of Weapons (effective 01-12-98)	3375
-Unauthorized importing/exporting of weapons (effective 01-12-98)	3380
-Pointing a Firearm (effective 01-12-98)	3385

-Firearms Documentation/Administration (effective 01-12-98) -Unsafe Storage of Firearms (effective 01-12-98)	339 339
Other Criminal Code (Part A)	
Bail Violations	341
Counterfeiting Currency	342
Disturb the Peace	343
Escape Custody	344
Indecent Acts	345
Production/Distribution of Child Pornography (effective 01-01-98)	345
Public Morals	346
Luring Child Via Computer (effective 23-07-02)	346
Obstruct Public Peace Officer	347
Prisoner Unlawfully At Large	348
	349
Trespass at Night	351
Fail to Appear	
Breach of Probation	352
Threatening/Harassing Phone Calls	353
Other Criminal Code (Part B)	
Offences Against Public Order (Part II CC)	371
Property or Services for Terrorist Activity (effective 01-(1-02)	371
Freezing of Property, Disclosure, Audit (effective 01-61-62)	371
Participate in Activity of Terrorist Group (effective 01-01 02)	371
Facilitate Terrorist Activity (effective 01-01-02)	371
Instruction/Commission of Act of Terrorism (enactive 01-01-02)	371
Harbour or Conceal Terrorist (effective 01 \(\gamma 1 - 02 \)	371
Firearms and other offensive weapons (Part II. CC)	372
Offences Against the Administration of Law and Justice (Part IV CC)	373
Sexual Offences, Public Morals and Lisonaerly Conduct (Part V CC)	374
Invasion of Privacy (Part VI CC)	375
Disorderly Houses, Gaming a. d Betting (Part VII CC)	376
Offences Against the Person and Reputation (Part VIII CC)	377
Offences Against the Rights of Property (Part IX CC)	378
Fraudulent Transactions Relating to Contracts and Trade (Part X CC)	378
Intimidation of Justice System Participant (effective 01-01-02)	379
, 1	
Wilful and Fc. bidden Acts in Respect of Certain Property (Part XI CC)	381
Offences Repted to Currency (Part XII CC)	382
Proceed's of Trage (CC) (effective 01-01-98)	382
Attempt: Conspiracies, Accessories (Part XIII CC)	383
Instruct Orience for Criminal Organization (effective 01-01-02)	384
Commit Offence for Criminal Organization (effective 01-01-02)	384
Participate in Activities of Criminal Organization (effective 01-01-02)	384
All other Criminal Code (includes Parts XII.1, XII.2 CC)	389
trolled Drugs and Substances Act (4000) (effective 01-06-97) Possession	
Heroin	4110
Cocaine	4120
	4130
Other Controlled Drugs and Substances Act	

Trafficking	
Heroin	4210
Cocaine	4220
Other Controlled Drugs and Substances Act	4230
Cannabis	4240
Importation and Production	
Heroin	4310
Cocaine	4320
Other Controlled Drugs and Substances Act	4330
Cannabis	4340
Production	
Cannabis	4440
Camilaois	7770
Proceeds of Crime (CDSA) (expired 01-02-02)	4825
Food and Drug Act (5000) (expired 01-06-97)	0-5220
Other Federal Statute Violations (6000)	
Bankruptcy Act	6100
Income Tax Act	6150
Canada Shipping Act	6200
Canada Health Act	6250
Customs Act	6300
Competition Act	6350
Excise Act	6400
Young Offenders Act (expired 31-03-03)	6450
Youth Criminal Justice Act (effective 01-04-33)	6450
Immigration & Refugee Protection Act	6500
Firearms Act (effective 01-12-98)	6550
National Defence Act (effecti e 01-)1-02)	6560
Other Federal Statutes	6900
Provincial Statute Violations (1003)	
Liquor Act	7100
Securities Act	7200
Other Provincial Statutes	7300

Note: The Crime Violation Coding Structures <u>are not</u> ranked in order of seriousness. For example, a 4000 series Violation, 4310 Importation of Heroin, is more serious than 3430 - Disturb the Peace. The rules for scoring the Most Serious Violation are listed in section 4.31 under "Violations/MostSerious Violation".

4.34 VIOLATION CODING STRUCTURE FOR UCR TRAFFIC CLASSIFICATION SYSTEMDescription Violation Code

Description	V	Totation Code
Criminal Code Violations		
TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS (9000)		
Dangerous Operation		
Causing Death		9110
		9110
Causing Bodily Harm		9120
Operation of Motor Vehicle, Vessel or Aircraft		9130
Vessei of Aircraπ	4	
Dangerous Operation Evading Police (eff	fective July-00)	
Causing Death		9131
Causing Bodily-Harm		9132
Operation of Motor Vehicle Evading	Police	9133
Impaired Operation/Related Violations	() ×	
Causing Death	4	9210
Causing Bodily Harm		9220
Operation of Motor Vehicle, Vessel of	or Aircraft or over 80 mg	9230
Failure to Provide Breath Sample	, () Y	9240
Failure to Provide Blood Sample		9250
	\	
Other Criminal Code Violations		0210
Failure to Stop or Remain		9310
Driving While Prohibited		9320
Other Criminal Code		9330
Provincial Statute Violations Highway Tra.	fic Act (or equivalent)	
Trovincial Statute Violations Highway Har	it (or equivalent)	
TRAFFIC VIOLATIONS	Y	
THE HITTO FIGURATIONS	/	
Fail to Stop or Remain		9510
Dangerous Driving Without Due Attentio	nn	9520
Driving While Disquality do:	,	9530
Licence Suspended		7000
Note: Victim econ's a e required for the fo	ollowing UCR Traffic violations:	
	_	
Dangero Coperation		
Causin _e Death		9110
Causing Bodily Harm		9120
Causing Death Evading Police		9131
Causing Bodily Harm Evading Police	e	9132
Impaired Operation/Related Violations		0210
Causing Death		9210
Causing Bodily Harm		9220
Failure to stop or remain (when there is in	njury to a victim)	9310

APRIL 2004

5.1 PROCESSING AND EXTRACTION PROCEDURES

a.) Reporting Frequency:

UCR data for the incident based survey will be reported to the CCJS monthly with a one month time delay i.e. January data will be reported during the month of February. February data plus any updates to January data will be reported during the month of March, and so on. The purpose of the one month time delay is to provide the user with more timely Crime Statistics.

b.) File Format and Labels

Each month of revised UCR data is to be sent as three files labelled.

- Incident, Logical Record Length 163
- CSC, Logical Record Length 167
- Victim, Logical Record Length 106

c.) Start-up

It has been noted during the early stages of implementation that a special situation will arise when a police departmen changes over to reporting the UCR2.1 survey from the aggregate UCR survey. This signation involves clearances for incidents that were reported to police prior to their stary-up "at occur after the start of reporting the revised survey, e.g. a start up date of January 1 2004 will contain clearances from incidents reported in December, 2003 (and befor). To ensure a continuation of "complete" and factual statistics as well as complying with the specifics of the new survey, i.e., to send data in machine readable format, we are requesting that each police department fill out an incident record (and victim records where they apply) for that pre start up incident with the most information they can provide. In most cases, the extent of this information may only be the current UCR crime data plus factual data e.g., dates and time of the incident. For these records the data element 'Update Status' on all records will be coded '1' add. Thus, the CSC record for the clearance of these incidents will be sent to CCJS with an accompanying incident (and victim) record the same manner as new incident records which are created after the start up. It is expected that this situation will create additional work for the readers and coders at the beginning of the start up when the majority of these incidents will be cleared. This workload will of course decrease as time passes as the number of clearances from prior to start up also decreases.



5.2 PROCESSING ENVIRONMENT

File Labels = "Incident", "CSC" and "Victim"

a) <u>Cartridge Characteristics</u>:

18 track / 36 track

38000 BPI

no labels or standard labels*
IBM 3480 cartridge tape drives

b) <u>Character Set</u>: EBCDIC*

ASCII

c) <u>Micro Computer</u>: IBM compatible

MS DOS 3.01 and above

Windows '95

Windows NT 3.1 and acove 3.5" HD 1.44MB D. Tette

* Preferred choice for receiving data.

5.3 STANDARD RECORD LAYOUT

The following pages outline the field number, size, position, type and format for each data element on each record type.

a.) RECORD LAYOUT - INCIDENT Record Length = 163

FIELD	POSITION	SIZE	ТҮРЕ	FORMAT	TTLE
1	1	6	N		RESPONDENT CODE
2	7	20	AN	Left Justify	INCIDENT FILE NUMBER
3	27	8	AN	YYYYMMDD	REPORT LATE
4	35	1	AN		UPDATE STATUS
5	36	8	AN	YYYYMMDD -	TROM INCIDENT DATE
6	44	4	AN	(24)HHMM	FROM INCIDENT TIME
7	48	8	AN	YYYYMM.DL	70 INCIDENT DATE
8	56	4	AN	(24)HH. 4M	TO INCIDENT TIME
9	60	1	Α	X	INCIDENT/CLEARANCE STATUS
10	61	8	AN	YYYYMMDD	CLEARANCE DATE
11	69	4	AN	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	MOST SERIOUS VIOLATION
12	73	1		<u> </u>	FIRST ATTEMPTED COMPLETED
13	74	4	ΑŃ		SECOND VIOLATION
14	78		A		SECOND ATTEMPTED COMPLETED
15	79	4	AN		THIRD VIOLATION
16	83	1	A		THIRD ATTEMPTED COMPLETED
17	61	4	AN		FOURTH VIOLATION
18	68	1	A		FOURTH ATTEMPTED COMPLETED
19	39	2	N		LOCATION
20	91	1	AN		OCCUPANCY
21	92	2	AN		FIRST MOST VALUABLE PROPERTY STOLEN
22	94	2	AN		SECOND MOST VALUABLE PROPERTY STOLEN
23	96	2	AN		THIRD MOST VALUABLE PROPERTY STOLEN
24	98	2	AN		FOURTH MOST VALUABLE PROPERTY STOLEN
25	100	2	AN		FIFTH MOST VALUABLE PROPERTY STOLEN

li-					
26	102	2	AN		TYPE OF FRAUD
27	104	3	AN		FRAUD / MOTOR VEHICLE COUNTER
28	107	2	AN		MOST SERIOUS WEAPON
29	109	1	AN		WEAPON STATUS
30	110	1	AN		VEHICLE TYPE
31	111	1	N		MOTOR VEHICLE RECOVERY
32	112	1	N		TARGET - VEHICLE
33	113	1	N		SHOPLIFTING
34	114	50	AN	VARIABLE	SPECIAL SURVEY FEATURE

b.) RECORD LAYOUT - CSC Record Length = 167

FIELD	POSITION	SIZE	ТҮРЕ	FORMAT	TITLE
1	1	6	N		RESPONDENT CODE
2	7	20	AN	Left Justify	INCIDENT FILE NUMBER
3	27	1	N		UPDATE STATUS
4	28	8	AN	YYYYMMDD	DATE OF BIRTH
5	36	3	AN		APPARENT AGE
6	39	1	A		SEX
7	40	1	A		ABORIGINA. ORIGIN
8	41	4	AN	ANNN	SOUNDEA CODE
9	45	1	N		CSC STATUS
10	46	8	AN	YYYYMMDL	DATE CHARGES LAID/PROCESSED BY OTHER MEANS
11	54	16	AN		FIRST CHARGE LAID
	54	2	AN		TYPE OF STATUTE
	56	6	A.	Le? Justify 2'ank Fill	SECTION
	62	3	, N	Left Justify Blank Fill	SUB-SECTION
	65	5	A	Left Justify Blank Fill	PARAGRAPH
12	70	16	AN		SECOND CHARGE LAID
13	86	16	AN		THIRD CHARGE LAID
14	102	16	AN		FOURTH CHARGE LAID
15	118	50	AN	VARIABLE	SPECIAL SURVEY FEATURE

c.) RECORD LAYOUT - VICTIM Record Length = 106

FIELD	POSITION	SIZE	ТҮРЕ	FORMAT	TITLE
1	1	6	N		RESPONDENT CODE
2	7	20	AN	Left Justify	INCIDENT FILE NUMBER
3	27	1	N		UPDATE STATUS
4	28	8	AN	YYYYMMDD	DATE OF BIRTH
5	36	3	AN		APPAREN AGE
6	39	1	A		SEX
7	40	1	A		ABOK GINAL ORIGIN
8	41	4	AN	ANNN	SOUNDEX CODE
9	45	4	AN		MOST SERIOUS VIOLATION AGAINST VICTIM
10	49	1	A		ATTEMPTED/COMPLETED
11	50	1	AN	7	LEVEL OF INJURY
12	51	2	AN		WEAPON CAUSING INJURY
13	53	2	N		RELATIONSHIP OF CSC TO VICTIM
14	55	1	N		LIVING TOGETHER
15	56	1	AN		PEACE-PUBLIC OFFICER STATUS
16	57	50	AN	VARIABLE	SPECIAL SURVEY FEATURE

5.4 RUSSELL SOUNDEX SYSTEM

The following outlines the Soundex Encoding for names only. On page 5.4.3 there is additional information showing how to code company consisting of numbers, i.e. numbered companies, and mixed alpha and numeric company names.

Soundex filing is a method of indexing and filing by code instead of purely alphabetical. It allows identification of an individual without specifically identifying that individual. It groups all names that sound alike, but may be spelled differently, into one place in the file. It is based on the fact that certain key letters in the alphabet cannot be eliminated from a name without making the name into another. For example, if we eliminate the letter "N" from the name "Ranker" we change the name.

The Soundex file is divided into sections, each guided by a letter of the alphabet. The first letter of the surname determines what guide the name should be stored behind. For instance, if the name is James Richards, the guide would be the "R" guide: if the firm name were Brampton Transport Company, the guide would be the "B" guide.

After the first letter of the surname is used, the next three key digits of the code are determined from the remainder of the name. In the Soundex Code there are six groups of consonant letters, in each of which every letter has a number equivalent. Following is a list of the consonants and their number equivalent:

<u>Letters</u>	Coding Number
B, F, P, V	1
C, G, J, K, Q, S X Z	2
D, T	3
L	4
M, N	5
R	6

A, E, H, I, O, U, W, and Y are not coded. The code number consists of the three digits. If the whole name (surname, first name, other names) does not contain enough letters to make up the guide letter plus the three numbers in the code, zeros are added.

Example:

Ferguson, James is coded F622.

Marshall, Bill and Marchall, Frank are both coded M624.

Brunson, Bronson, and Brunsen are all coded B652.

Lee, Win is coded L500.

When two or more consecutive letters are represented by the same code number, they are coded as one letter. Examples: Jackson, Bill is coded J251, J is the initial letter: C, K, and S occur together and are all represented by the code number 2: N is represented by the code number 5: and B is represented by 1. Schneider, Paul is coded S536, S is the initial letter: C follows the S and has the same number so is disregarded: N is represented by 5: the D by 3 and the R by 6.

If two letters are represented by the same code but separated by a. A. F. I, O, U, or Y, the two letters are coded separately. If however, the two letters represented by and H, W, or Blank, the second of the letters represented by the same number is disregarded.

Examples:

Crewman would be coded C655. C is i. e initial letter, R is the represented by 6: the E and W are disregarded: M is represented by 5: A s a sregarded: and N is represented by 5.

Ashcroft would be coded A261. A is the initial letter: S is represented by 2: H is disregarded: C is represented by 2 the .ame as S, and since it is separated from the S by H, it is disregarded: R is represented by 6: and F by 1.

Aucoin, Michael would be coded A252. A is the initial letter: U is disregarded: C is represented by 2: the O and I are disregarded: the N is represented by 5: the blank between names is disregarded: the M is represented by 5 the same as N, and since it is separated from the N by a blank, it is disregarded: I is disregarded: and the C is represented by a 2.

Accented and Special Characters

Record Management Systems that permit the specification of accented and special characters should treat these characters in the same manner as their unaccented counterparts:

The following table presents examples of accented and special characters and their unaccented equivalent. Note that this table does not provide an exhaustive list of accented and special characters.

The Character(s)	Are equivalent to
À, Á, Â, Ä, Å, Ã, Æ, Æ	A
Ç, Ĉ, Ć, Č, Č	С
Đ, Ď	D
È, É, Ê, Ë, Ĕ	Е
Ĝ, Ğ	G
Ĥ	Н
Ì, Í, Î, Ï , Ĭ	Ι
Ĵ	J
Ĺ	L
Ñ, Ń	N
$\grave{O}, \acute{O}, \grave{O}, \ddot{O}, \ddot{O}, \varnothing, \Xi$	0
Ŕ	R
Ŝ, Ś, ß	S
Ù, Ú, Û, Ü, Ű, Ů	U
Ŵ, Ŵ, Ŵ, Ŵ	W
$\dot{Y}, \dot{Y}, \dot{Y}, \ddot{Y}, \ddot{Y}$	Y

Examples

Dazé, Christine would be coded I 226. D is the initial letter: A is disregarded: Z is represented by 2: É is disregarded: C is represented by 2: H is disregarded: R is represented by 6.

Peña, Roberto would be coded P561. P is the initial letter: Ñ is represented by 5: R is represented by 6: B is represented by 1.

Number of Companies

When a company can only be identified by a number, please use the following encoding program. Take the first digit, the third digit, the fifth digit and the seventh digit, then create a four digit code. For example, if the company's "name/number" is 123456789, then the resultant code would be 1357. If the "name/number" is less than seven digits, then zero-fill the digits, e.g. 12345 would be coded as 1350.

Note: If a company has both letters and numbers, e.g. MAN1234 or 1234MAN, then if it begins with a letter, the whole "name" is treated as a regular name with only letters and the numbers are to be disregarded. Otherwise, if the "name' begins with a number, then it is treated as a numbered company and the letters are to be disregarded.

Programs

CCJS will provide a SQL program to encode Soundex.

5.5 SINGLE FIELD EDITS

Introduction

The following pages outline a number of edits which each respondent's system will need to ensure data quality, both at their site and in the data which is sent to CCJS. Sections 5.5 - 5.9 contain 'mandatory edits' the least number of edits which will be required for each system. The remaining pages contain the 'supplementary' edits, these will improve the data quality considerably when implemented.

- 1.) Each data element has to be checked to make sure that only valid coding possibilities have been coded (including blanks <u>when</u> acceptable).
- 2.) The system must make sure that each record created has an incident File Number, a valid Update Status and a valid Respondent Code when the a tale transferred to the Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics. This applies to all types of records i.e. incident, CSC and victim records.
- 3.) When an incident record is created, the following data elements must have valid values (blanks are not allowed):
 - First Violation field(1) and its Attempted/Completed Violations (Indicator).
 - The 'To' incident Date field.
 - Report Nate
 - h cruent/Clearance Status
 - Location of Incident
 - * For the four violation fields, it has been determined by CCJS that it is <u>not</u> possible to create a sorting routine to order the violations in terms of seriousness. The order of violations by seriousness <u>must</u> be made by the reader/scorer who reviews the occurrence report and uses the appropriate scoring rules to make that determination. It is however possible to put in place an edit check which reviews the four violation fields and checks the ordering based on a superficial application of the scoring rules, e.g. violent violations come before non-violent, and federal statutes before provincial statutes. For this purpose, CCJS has produced a

Seriousness Index containing the UCR violation codes and has 'ordered' them according to violent and non-violent, maximum penalties under their sections, and federal versus provincial legislation. Please see Appendix 1 for more information on the severity index.

- 4.) When a victim record is created it must be attached to an incident record (with the same incident number) and the following data elements <u>have</u> to be coded (blanks are not allowed):
 - Sex
 - Aboriginal Indicator
 - Relationship of CSC to the Victim (both fields)
 - Violation Against Victim and the Attempted/Completed Viciation (Indicator)
 - At least one of the two following fields has to be coded
 - Apparent Age
 - Date of Birth
- 5.) When a CSC record is created it must be a checked to an incident record with the same incident number and the following data elements have to be coded (blanks are not allowed):
 - CSC Status
 - Date Charges L id on Recommended Against CSC or CSC Processed by Other Means
 - Sex
 - Aborign al Indicator
 - At least one of Apparent Age or Date of Birth (except when the accused is a on pany, then both are filled with 9's signifying "not applicable") and the CSC identifier (Soundex) has to be derived from the name of the accused or of the company (so the name has to be present in the respondent system).
- 6.) Whenever a Second, Third or Fourth Violation is coded the corresponding Attempted/Completed Violation (Indicator) has to be coded as well.

5.6 INTER RECORD EDITS

- 7). The 'Incident/Clearance Status' is coded C Cleared by Charge if and only if there is at least one CSC record present with a 'CSC Status' equal to 1 Charges Laid or recommended.
- 8.) If the Most Serious Violation is a violent violation or traffic violation, and the Most Serious Violation requires a victim record (see section 5.14), there must be at least one Violation Against Victim on one of the victim records that is equal to the Most Serious Violation.

5.7 INTER FIELD EDITS

- 9.) When 'Type of Fraud' is applicable (i.e., not equal to '99' not applicable), then 'Counter for Frauds and Motor vehicles' has to be coded with an applicable value (i.e., not '999' not applicable).
- 10.) Removed
- 11.1) When the 'Weapon Causing Injury' is applicable (i.e., not '99' No weapon involved or no injury caused), the 'Level of Injury' has to be coded with an applicable value (i.e., not '9' not applicable).
- 11.2) When the 'Level of Injury' is 1 (no injury) or 9 (not applicable) the field, 'Weapon Causing Injury' must be 99 (no weapon involved or no injury caused) for more details, see edit 57.
- 12.) Removed see 4.11
- When both From and To "incident date" correspond to actual calendar dates, then both of the From and To "incident time" must correspond to an actual time (or '0000' for unknown time). (If only "exact date and time" are present, then both To "incident date and time" are to be coded to an actual calendar date and time (zeros are allowed for time if it is unknown).
- 14.) When the From 'Incide.'t Date/Time' fields correspond to an actual calendar date and time, then they have to be earlier than To 'Incident Date/Time' (i.e. the From fields cannot represent a date/time equal corporate the To date/time fields).
- 15.) The 'Fron Incident Date', if present, has to be earlier than or equal to the 'Report Date'. If the From Incident Date' is not present, the 'To Incident Date' has to be earlier than or equal to the 'Report Date'.
- When the 'Clearance Date' is applicable (i.e., not '99999999' not cleared), it has to be <u>later</u> than or equal to the 'Report Date' (i.e. the 'Clearance Date' cannot represent a date prior to the 'Report Date').
- 17.) If the 'Incident/Clearance Status' is greater than or equal to C (Cleared by charge) then the 'Clearance Date' has to be an actual calendar date (i.e., not '99999999' not cleared).

- 18.) Within the four 'Charges Laid' fields, the first field of 'Charges Laid' must be coded (i.e., not blank) if the 'CSC Status' is equal to 1 (Charged or charges recommended). The second, the third and the fourth fields are coded as necessary.
- 19.) Removed see 4.5
- 20.) When the first field of the 'Most Serious Weapon Type' is coded with values 00 to 13, then the 'Most Serious Weapon Status' must contain an applicable value (i.e. not '9' not applicable).

5.8 VICTIM RECORD EDITS RELATED TO THE VIOLATION AGAINST THE VICTIM

- 21.) Removed See 5.12.
- 22.) Removed See 5.12.
- 23.) The first digit of 'Violation Against the Victim' must be a 1 (violent violations) or a 9 (traffic violations).
- 24.) Removed See 5.12.

5.9 EDITS RELATED TO THE VIOLATIONS

- 25.) The traffic violations cannot be coded in conjunction with non traffic violations. i.e. all the violations coded for an incident must either be all 9000 series (traffic) or all must be from series 1000 to 7999 (non traffic).
- 26.1) Whenever the Most Serious Violation (at incident level) is not between 9110 and 9250 (impaired driving, dangerous operation, or failure to provide blood/breath samples), then Vehicle Type has to be coded 9 (not applicable).
- Whenever a Motor Vehicle Theft (2131, 2141) violation is present, a Break and Enter (2120) or a Theft (2130, 2140) can not be present in that same incident.
- 27.) Removed

5.10 SUPPLEMENTARY EDITS

- 28.) Removed see 4.21.
- 29.) When date of birth corresponds to an actual calendar date (i.e., not '99999999' not applicable, or '88888888' not available or unknown), it has to be earlier or equal to the From "incident date", if it is an actual calendar date (i.e., not '99999999'), or to the To "incident date".
- 30.) When the incident/clearance status is equal to A (Unfounded) or B (Not cleared), the clearance date must be '99999999' (not cleared).
- 31.) The date on which charges were laid or recommended against the CSC or the date on which the CSC was processed by other means must be later than a regular to the clearance date.
- 32.1) When there are CSC records and all of them have an CSC status equal to 2-7 (Cleared Otherwise), then the Incident Clearance Status has to be one of D to O or R (the incident has been cleared otherwise).
- 32.2) When CSC status is equal to 2 Cleared Otherwise Adults Only), APPARENT AGE (if known) must be older than in ag of 17.
- 32.3) When CSC status is equal to 3-6 (Warnings, Cautions, Referrals), APPARENT AGE (if known) must 'e between the ages of 12-17 inclusive.
- 32.4) When C37 status is equal to 7 (Other Means), APPARENT AGE (if known) must be bet seen the ages of 3-17 inclusive.
- 32.5) When there are CSC records and all of them have an CSC status equal to 3-5 (Warnings, Cautions, Referrals to Community Programs), the Incident Clearance Status has to be O (Departmental Discretion).
- 32.6) When there are CSC records and all of them have an CSC status equal to 6 (Referral to an Extra Judicial Sanctions Program), APPARENT AGE (if known) must be between the ages of 12-17 and the Incident Clearance Status has to be R (Diversionary Program).

- 32.7) When there are CSC records and all of them have an CSC status equal to 7 (Other means) and APPARENT AGE (if known) is less than 12, the Incident Clearance Status has to be I (Accused under 12 years of age).
- 33.) Occupancy must be 9 (Not applicable) if location is not equal to 01 (Single home/house), 03 (**Dwelling unit**) or 04 (Commercial Dwelling Unit).
- When location is equal to 01 (Single home/house), 03 (**Dwelling unit**) or 04 (Commercial Dwelling Unit) and there is at least one victim record with a violation against the victim beginning with a 1, then occupancy cannot be 9.
- When a violation demanding the presence of a victim is reported, i. on there must be at least one victim record attached to the incident (see Appendix 2 at the end of this section for the UCR violation codes which require a victim record.).
- 36.) The violation against the victim must be of the cance type (traffic or non-traffic) as the incident level violations i.e. either all traffic violations (beginning with a 9); or no traffic violations and at least one criminal violation perinning with 1.
- When the weapon causing initian, is applicable (i.e., not '99' No weapon involved or no injury caused) on at least on a tached victim record, then the most serious weapon has to be applicable (i.e., not '95' Not applicable) and it has to be as serious or more serious, than the weapon causing injury (i.e., weapon causing injury must be less than or equal to the most serious weapon in terms of seriousness).
 - This rule applies only where <u>at least one</u> incident level violation begins with a '1' (votent violations); and,
 - i does not apply to violations beginning with '9' (traffic violations).
 - The hierarchy in terms of seriousness of the weapon codes is as follows: 01 10, 12, 00, 11, 13, 14.

If none of the attached victim records have an applicable weapon causing injury, please refer to Supplementary Edit 44 for the acceptable values of the most serious weapon.

Most Serious Weapon Causing	Allowable values of the Most Serious
Injury Among Attached Victim	Weapon Present (Using Hierarchy*)
Records (After Editing)	
00 – Unknown	00-10,12
01 – Fully Automatic firearm	01
02 – Sawed-off riffle / shotgun	01 - 02
03 – Handgun	01 - 03
04 – Rifle (includes shotgun)	01 - 04
05 – Other firearm-like weapon	01 – 05
06 – Knife	01 – 06
07 – Other piercing, cutting instrument	01 – 07
08 – Club / blunt instrument	01 – 08
09 – Explosives	01 – 09
10 – Fire	01 – 10
11 – Physical force	00-12
12 – Other Weapon	01 – 10, 12
99 – No weapon involved / no injury	See Supplementary Edit #44
caused	

^{*} The hierarchy of the most serious weapon codes in descenting periousness is: 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09, 10, 12, 00, 11, 13, 14

- 38.) The age of the accused must be older than 11 in harged and older than 2 if processed by other means, except where the accused is a company no age is coded. (Note: The age is calculated by subtracting the date of birth to mube From "incident date", if present, or the To "incident date".)
- 39.) When the incident/clearance status is equal to A (Unfounded) or B (Not cleared), CSC records must not be present.
- 40.) If the tree of the victim is less than 16 years old at the date of the incident (To incident date) then the peace public officer status must equal 9 (not applicable).
- 41.) If the victim is less than 12 years old at the date of the incident (to incident date) then the relationship of the CSC to the victim cannot be 01 (spouse), 02 (ex spouse) or 04 (child).

5.11 EDITS BASED ON THE INCIDENT LEVEL VIOLATIONS

These edits show the relationships between the Most Serious Violation and Secondary Violations and other data elements on the Incident Record.

a.) <u>Location of Incident</u>

42.) The following edits give the relationship between the Most Serious Violation (MSV) and the location of Incident.

If the MSV is	Acceptable values for Locatio. of incident are:
	<u>Location</u> <u>Occupancy</u>
1 - in the 9000 series (traffic)	00-02, 05-19 9
2 - in the 2000 to 7000 series	all values 9
3 – (removed)	
4 – (removed)	
EXCEPTIONS TO THE ABOVE RULES	
If the MSV is	

b.) Most Serious Veapon (MSW)

5 - 2120

43.) 1. There are no violation in the 1000 series (violent violations), then the 'Most Serious Weapon Type' and 'Most Serious Weapon Status' are not applicable (i.e., they must be '99' and '9' respectively).

01-13, 16, 17

- 44.) The following table provides the acceptable values of the MSW for the MSV in the 1000 series when:
 - no victim records are attached; **OR**
 - the weapon causing the injury on all attached victim record is 99 Not applicable or no weapon involved).

If victim records are attached to an incident, and at least on weapon causing injury is applicable (i.e. not '99'), please refer to supplementary edit #37.

Most Serious Violation	Acceptable values of the MSW	Acceptable values of the Weapon Status given the MSW
1110, 1120, 1130, 1210,	00-10 or 12	0, 1, 2
1320, 1330, 1420, 1430,	11 or 13	1
1460, 1480, 1510, 1520,		
1610		
1340, 1530, 1540, 1545,	00-10 or 12	0, 1, 2
1550, 1560, 1620, 1625,	11 or 13	1
1627, 1628, 1629, 1630	14	9
1150, 1470	00-10 or 12	0, 1 or 2
	11	1
	14	9
1140, 1160, 1310, 1410,	00-10 or 12	0, 1 or 2
1440	11	1
1220	14	9
1450	00-05	0, 1 or 2
2000 TO 9000 Series	99	9

c.) Counter - Frauds and Motor Vehicles

- 45.) If violation 2160 (fraud) is present, then the fraud and motor vehicle counter must be applicable (i.e., it must not be "99" Not applicable).
- 46.1) If 'Target Vehi 'le' is not 1 (i.e., a motor vehicle was NOT the target of the violation), and violation is not 2160 (Fraud), then counter is not applicable (i.e., it must be 2000 Not applicable).
- 46.2) If violation 2131 (Theft of a motor vehicle over \$5,000) and 2141 (Theft of a motor vehicle \$5,000 or under) are both present then the 'location' must be 05 (Car dealership) and the 'Counter of frauds and motor vehicles' must be at least 002.

d.) Type of Fraud

47.) Type of fraud is applicable (i.e., not '99' – Not applicable) if and only if violation 2160 (Fraud) is reported.

e.) <u>Property Stolen</u>

- 48.) Property stolen must equal to "ZZ" (not applicable) if none of the following violations:
 - 1610 (Robbery);
 - 1620 (Extortion);
 - 2120 (Break and Enter);
 - 2130 (Theft Over \$5,000);
 - 2131 (Theft of a motor vehicle over \$5,000);
 - 2132 (Theft over \$5,000 from a motor vehicle);
 - 2140 (Theft \$5,000 or under);
 - 2141 (Theft of a motor vehicle \$5,000 or under);
 - 2142 (Theft \$5,000 or under from a motor vehicle); or
 - 2160 (Fraud) are present.
- 49.1) If violations 2130 (Theft over \$5,000), 2132 (Theft over \$5,000) from a motor vehicle), 2140 (Theft \$5,000 or under) or 2142 (Theft \$5,000 or under from a motor vehicle) are reported, then at least one of the five property stolen fields must be coded with an applicable value, beginning with the first field (i.e., 'ZZ' should not appear in all five fields), regardless it the incident clearance status and even if the 'Attempted/Completed' field A (Attempted).
- 49.2) If violations 2131 (Theft of a motor vehicle over \$5,000) or 2141 (Theft of a motor vehicle \$5,000 or unde.) is present, then the first 'Property Stolen' field must be coded with one of the following motor vehicle values: VA (Automobile), VC (Construction 'Farm equipment), VL (Tractor-trailer), VM (Motorcycle), VO (Other motorize (1), VT (Truck, van, bus, recreational vehicle).

f.) Attempted/Completed

50.) The following violations cannot be attempted; they have to be completed.

Note: all traffic violations i.e. 9000 series, are completed.

```
1110, 1120, 1130, 1140, 1150
1210, 1220
1470, 1627
2150
3410, 3430
3510, 3520, 3530
6450
9000 series
```

5.12 EDITS BASED ON VIOLATIONS AGAINST VICTIM (VICTIM RECORD)

These edits are based on the violation against the victim (VAV) on the victim record.

a.) <u>Level of Injury</u>

51.) The following table presents the acceptable values of the weapon causing injury, conditional upon the level of injury in relation with the VAV (it can be seen that 9 – not applicable is not always valid).

Group	VAV	Acceptable values	Accepta le values
		of the Level of Injury	of the Weapon Causing Injury
		for the VAVs	GIVA'N the Level of Injury
		in this group	in the column on the left
1	1110, 1120, 1130	4	00 - 12
2	1140, 1150, 1160	4	00 - 12,99
3	1210, 1310, 1320	0, 2, 3	00 - 12
	1410, 1420, 1460	1	99
4	1220	9	99
5	1330, 1430	0, 2	00, 11, 12
		1	99
6	1340	0, 2	00, 11, 12
		1, 9	99
7	1480, 1625, 1627, 1630	0, 2	00 – 12
		1, 9	99
8	1440	0, 2, 3	00 - 12
9	1450	0, 2, 3	00 - 05
		1	99
10	1470	0, 2, 3	00 - 12,99
	Y	1	99
11	1510, 1520, 1530, 1540	0, 2, 3	00 - 12
	1545, 1550, 1560, 1610	1, 9	99
	16.10		
12	1628	0, 2, 3, 4	09
	>	13	99
13	1629	0, 2, 3	10
		1, 9	99
14	9110, 9131, 9210	4	12
15	9120, 9132, 9220, 9310	0, 2, 3	12

³ No injuries is permitted because 1628 (Explosives causing death / Bodily Harm) included Breach of Duty

b.) Relationship of CSC to Victim

- 52.) Relationship (first field) has to be equal to 03 (parent) if the VAV is equal to 1140 (Infanticide), 1550 (Abduction contravening a custody order) or 1560 (Abduction-no custody order).
- 53.) Relationship (first field) cannot equal to 01 (Spouse), 02 (Separated/Divorced), or 04 (Child) if the VAV is equal to 1530 (Abduction under 14) or 1540 (Abduction under 16).

c.) Apparent Age - Date of Birth

54.) The following table presents victim age restrictions associated with selected violations against the victim (VAV).

1 - 1140	less than 1 year old
2 - 1530	less than 14 years old
3 - 1540	less than 16 years o'cl
4 - 1545	less than 18 years old
5 - 1550	less than 14 years old
6 - 1560	less that 14 years old
7 - 1460	pore than 15 years old

d.) Public Peace Officer Status (PPOS)

- 55.) 1 POS must be coded to an applicable value (i.e., not 9 not applicable) if the VAV is 1460 (Assault Against Peace-Public Officer).
- PPOS must be 9 (not applicable) if the VAV is 1120 (Murder 2nd degree), 1140 (Infanticide), 1530 (Abduction under 14), 1540 (Abduction under 16), 1545 (Removal of Children from Canada), 1550 (Abduction contravening a custody order) or 1560 (Abduction no custody order).

- e.) Weapon Causing Injury
- 57) Supplementary edit #57 has been deleted and is now included in Supplementary edit #51



FORTHERMATION

a)

5.13 APPENDIX I

Seriousness Index

Revised UCR Violation Coding Structure Violent Violations - Criminal Code

1110 Murder 1st Degree 1120 Murder 2nd Degree 1130 Manslaughter 1150 Criminal Negligence Causing Death 1160 Other Related Offences Causing Death 1160 Other Related Offences Causing Death 1210 Attempted Murder 1220 Conspiracy to Commit Murder 1220 Conspiracy to Commit Murder 1310 Aggravated Sexual Assault 1510 Kidnapping 1520 Hostage-taking 1610 Robbery 1620 Extortion 1628 Explosives Causing Death/Bodily Farm 1629 Arson – Disregard for Human Lir's 1630 Other Violent Violations 1320 Sexual Assault with a Weapon 1410 Aggravated Assault - i.e. el/3 1450 Discharge Firearm will Intent 1330 Sexual Assault 1420 Assault with a Weapon or Causing Bodily Harm - Lev - 12 1440 July Causing Bodily Harm 1470 Criminal Negligence Causing Bodily Harm 1530 Abduction Under 14 1550 Abduction Contravening A Custody Order 1560 Abduction - No Custody Order 1560 Abduction - No Custody Order 1561 Criminal Harassment
Other Violent Violations Sexual Assault with a Weapon Aggravated Assault - Level 3 1450 Discharge Firearm wid: Intent Sexual Assault
1320 Sexual Assault with a Weapon 1410 Aggravated Assault - Level 3 1450 Discharge Firearm will Intent 1330 Sexual Assault 1420 Assult will Weapon or Causing Bodily Harm - Level 2 1440 Giller fully Causing Bodily Harm 1470 Criminal Negligence Causing Bodily Harm 1530 Abduction Under 14 1550 Abduction Contravening A Custody Order 1560 Abduction - No Custody Order
1410 Aggravated Assault - Le 'el 3 1450 Discharge Firearm wil.' Intent 1330 Sexual Assault 1420 Assault Weapon or Causing Bodily Harm - Lev'l 2 1440 Chiminal Negligence Causing Bodily Harm 1470 Criminal Negligence Causing Bodily Harm 1530 Abduction Under 14 1550 Abduction Contravening A Custody Order 1560 Abduction - No Custody Order
Asse ult wid: Weapon or Causing Bodily Harm - Level 2 1440 Giden fully Causing Bodily Harm 1470 Criminal Negligence Causing Bodily Harm 1530 Abduction Under 14 1550 Abduction Contravening A Custody Order 1560 Abduction - No Custody Order
-Lev 1 2 1440
1470 Criminal Negligence Causing Bodily Harm 1530 Abduction Under 14 1550 Abduction Contravening A Custody Order 1560 Abduction - No Custody Order
1530 Abduction Under 14 1550 Abduction Contravening A Custody Order 1560 Abduction - No Custody Order
Abduction Contravening A Custody Order Abduction - No Custody Order
1560 Abduction - No Custody Order
16.5 Criminal Harassmant
CHIIIII Harassiicii
1140 I. Caricila
1140 Infanticide 1430 Assault-Level 1
1460 Assault Against Peace-Public Officer 5 years
1540 Abduction Under 16
1545 Remove Children From Canada
1340 Other Sexual Crimes
1480 Other Assaults
1627 Uttering Threats

b.) Seriousness Index Property and Other Criminal Code, Federal Statutes, Provincial Statutes

Violation Code	<u>Description</u>	Max Penalty
2120	Break and Enter	ı
3310	Offensive Weapons - Explosives	
3715	Instruction/Commission of Act for Terrorism	
3840	Instruct Offence for Criminal Organization	
4210	Trafficking – Heroin	4
4220	Trafficking - Cocaine	
4230	Trafficking - Other CDSA	
4240	Trafficking - Cannabis) '
4310	Importation and Production- Heroin	25 years
4320	Importation and Production- Cocaine	
4330	Importation and Production- Other CDSA.	
4340	Importation – Cannabis	
6560	National Defence Act	
		1
2110	Arson	
2160	Fraud	
3115	Prostitution under 18 - av's	
3360	Using Firearms/Using Imitation	14 years
3420	Counterfeiting Currency	
3714	Facilitate Terrorist Activity	
3791	Intimidation Justice System Participant	
3820	Offences Related to Currency	
3841	Commit Offence for Criminal Organization	
	(Pa. † XII C.C.)	I
2130	Theft Over \$5,000	1
2131	Theft of a motor vehicle over \$5,000	
2132	Theft over \$5,000 from a motor vehicle	
2150	Possession of Stolen Goods	
2170	Mischief	
2172	Mischief > \$5,000	
3710	Offence Against Public Order (Part II C.C.)	10 years
3120	Prostitution - Procuring	
3365	Weapons Trafficking	
3370	Possession Contrary to Order	
3375	Possession of Weapons	
3380	Unauthorized Importing/Exporting Weapons	
3455	Distribution of Child Pornography	
3711	Property or Service for Terrorist Activity	
3712	Freezing of Property, Disclosure, Audit	
3713	Participate in Activity of Terrorist Group	
3716	Harbour or Conceal Terrorist	

3780 3825 4825	Offences Against Right of Property (Part IX C.C.) Proceeds of Crime (CC) Proceeds of Crime (CDSA) (expired 01-02-02)
4110 4120 4130 4140 4440	Possession - Heroin Possession - Cocaine Possession - Other CDSA. Possession - Cannabis Production - Cannabis
Ŷ	OR-IV

c.) Seriousness Index (Cont'd) Property and Other Criminal Code, Federal Statutes, And Provincial Statutes

<u>Violation Code</u>	<u>Description</u>	Max Penalty
3125	Communicates for sex under 18	
3320	Offensive Weapons – Prohibited (expired 01-12-98)	Í
3330	Offensive Weapons – Restricted (expired 01-12-98)	
3340	Offensive Weapons – Firearms Transfer/Serial	
	Numbers (expired 01-12-98)	4
3350	Offensive Weapons – Other (expired 01-12-98)	
3385	Dangerous Use of Firearms	
3390	Firearms Documentation and Administration	
3395	Unsafe Storage of Firearms	
3461	Luring of a child via computer	
3730	Offences Against the Administration of Laws	
	and Justice (Part IV C.C.)	
3790	Fraudulent Transactions Relating to Contracts	
	and Trade (Part X C.C.)	5 years
3810	Wilful and Forbidden Acts in Respect of Certain	
	Property (Part XI C.C.)	
3830	Attempts, Conspiracies, Acce sorie.	
3842	Participate in Activities of Criminal Organization	
	(Part XIII C.C.)	
6200	Canada Shipping Act	
6150	Income Tax Act	
6300	Customs Act	
6350	Competition Act	
6500	Immigration and Refugee Protection Act	
6550	Firearms Act	
		1
6100	San. Auptey Act	3 years
0100	Dail they Act	3 years
	Y .	
2140	Theft \$5,000 or Under	1
2141	Theft of a motor vehicle \$5,000 or under	
2142	Theft \$5,000 or under from a motor vehicle	
2174	Mischief < \$5,000	
3110	Prostitution - Bawdy House	
3230	Gaming and Betting - Other Gaming and Betting	
3410	Bail Violations	
3440	Escape Custody	
3460	Public Morals	
3470	Obstruct Public Peace Officer	2 years
3480	Prisoner Unlawfully At Large	
3510	Fail to Appear	
3720	Firearms and Other Offensive Weapons	
3740	Sexual Offences, Public Morals and Disorderly Conduct	
2750	(Part V C.C.)	
3750	Invasion of Privacy (Part VI C.C.)	

3770	Offences Against the Person and Reputation (Part VIII C.C.)
6400	Excise Act
6450	Youth Criminal Justice Act



d.) Seriousness Index (Cont'd) Property and Other Criminal Code, Federal Statutes, Provincial Statutes

Violation Code	<u>Description</u>	Max Penalty
3130	Prostitution - Other Prostitution	
3210	Gaming and Betting - Betting Housing	
3220	Gaming and Betting - Gaming House	
3430	Disturb the Peace	4
3450	Indecent Acts	
3490	Trespass at Night	.5 years
3520	Breach of Probation	
3530	Threatening/Harassing Phone Calls	
3760	Disorderly Houses, Gaming and Betting (Part VII C.C.)	
3890	All Other Criminal Code (includes Part XII.2 (.C.)	
6250	Canada Health Act	
6900	Other Federal Statutes	
	Provincial Statutes	
		1
7300	Other Provincial Statutes	1
7200	Securities Act	Not available
7100	Liquor Act	
		ı

e.) Seriousness Index Traffic Violations Criminal Code

<u>Violation Code</u>	<u>Description</u>	Max Penalty
9131 9210	Dangerous Operation Causing Death Evading Police Impaired Operation/Related Violations Causing Death	25 years
9110 9132	Dangerous Operation Causing Death Dangerous Operation Causing Bodily Harm Evading Police	14 years
9120	Dangerous Operation Causing Bodily Bodily Harm	
9220	Impaired Operation/Related Violations Causing Bodily Harm	10 years
9130	Dangerous Operation of Motor Vehicle, Vessel or Aircraft	
9133	Dangerous Operation of Motor Vehicle Evading Police	
9230	Impaired Operation o Motor Vehicle,	
9240	Vessel or Aircraft over 20MG Failure to Provide Breach Sample	5 Years
9250	Failure to Provide Blood Sample	
9330	Other Crimical Tode	
9310	Fail to S op or Remain	I
		ı
9320	g while Prohibited	2 years
\circ	Provincial Statutes	
9510	Fail to Stop or Remain	
9520	Dangerous Driving without Due Care or	1
0520	Attention	Not available
9530	Driving while Disqualified or License Suspended	I

FORTHERMATION

5.14 APPENDIX 2

Below is a list of violations that require the presence of victim records (when reported at the incident level). "Y" indicates that a victim record must always be present. "R" indicates that the victim record is required if known.

1110	Y	1520	Y
1120	Y	1530	Y
1130	Y	1540	Y
1140	Y	1545	Y
1150	Y	1550	Y
1160	Y	1560	Y
1210	Y	1610	R
1220	R	1620	R
1310	Y	1625	Y
1320	Y	1627	R
1330	Y	1628	R
1340	Y	1522	R
1410	Y	1630	R
1420	Y	9110	Y
1430	Y	9120	Y
1440	Y	9131	Y
1450	R	9132	Y
1460	Y	9210	Y
1470	Y	9220	Y
1480	Y	9310	R
1510	V		

Y – Vic im record must be present

R – Victim .ecord required if known

FORTHERMATION

5.15 UPDATE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE REVISED UCR SURVEY

a.) <u>Introduction</u>

The following pages describe the method for changing records that have been previously sent to CCJS. Under UCR2.1, there is only one method to send changes: the deletion of all records by submitting a "delete" transaction on the incident file, and resubmitting all records (including those that did not change). In this chapter, the term "update" refers to the type of record transaction submitted to the CCJS.

Below is a general description of the procedure to change records, definition of tern's, and extraction procedures, followed by an outline of the method to be used make changes to records previously sent to CCJS.

b.) <u>Update Transactions</u>

The UCR2.1 Survey at Statistics Canada will accept two 'vpes of update transactions: "adds" and "deletes". Each record will contain an UPDA TE TTATUS field to indicate the type of update required. Only incident records can be submitted with an UPDATE STATUS of "delete". Submitting an incident record with the UPDATE STATUS "delete" will result in all associated victim and CSC records using deleted. Victim and CSC records may only be submitted with an UPDATE STATUS "add". The basic definition for each type of update is the same for all record types:

- i) Add: The respondent wishes to send to the CCJS a new incident, victim or CSC record i e.record that has not been sent to the CCJS during any previous reporting period. This type of transaction applies to incident, victim and CSC records.
- ii.) <u>Later.</u> The respondent wishes to delete a record that was sent to the CCJS curing a previous reporting period. This type of transaction applies only to incident records.

c.) <u>Identification of Updates</u>

The exact method for identifying updates could vary among the respondents as it will be dependant upon the design of each police service's automated system. One possible approach would be to use, for example, a DATE OF LAST UPDATE field(s) on the police service's system. This DATE OF LAST UPDATE field would be part of the police service's internal system only to be used to facilitate tracking changes to records—it is not a UCR2.1 data element.

The DATE OF LAST UPDATE would contain the last date any change was made of one of the data elements required by UCR2.1 survey. Depending upon the design of each system it may be necessary to use three DATE OF LAST UPDATE fields, one for incident data, one for victim data, and one for CSC data.

d.) Extraction of Data

Two dates will have to be considered when extracting data to be sent to the incident based survey: REPORT DATE and DATE OF LAST APDATE. To clarify this, consider as an example what would be required to send done to the CCJS for January, February and March. January's data will be expected by mid about the color by mid February, data with a REPORT DATE in January should be attracted and sent to the CCJS. February's data will be expected by mid March therefore by mid March all data with a REPORT DATE in February plus all January data with a DATE OF LAST UPDATE in February should be extracted and sent to the CCJS. March's data will be expected by mid April, therefore by mid April all data with a REPORT ACTOR in March plus all January and February data with a DATE OF LAST UPDATE in March should be extracted and sent to the CCJS. This pattern will continue throughout the year. Records with a DATE OF LAST UPDATE would be submitted to the CCJS as a "delete" and then an "add".

HOW UPDATE A RECORD:

The following pages contain the requirement for sending changes to incident, victim and CSC data that were previously sent to the CCJS. These requirements reflect the preferred approach for updates. However, it is recognized that slight variations may be required to accommodate the design characteristics of any given system.

General Description of Updating Records

Deletions

At CCJS, all delete records are transacted first by our Central Processing System. This means that an Incident can be sent as a "delete" and an "add" (or re-"add") within the same porth of data. The system at CCJS will then delete the existing incident (and all associated record.) and add the 'updated' records to the system as though receiving them for the first time. As the system will delete all associated records when an update is required, it is required that all records be re-submitted as an "add" transaction, regardless of whether or not they have charged.

EXAMPLE:

A violent incident is originally submitted with a clearance status of "B" (not cleared) and was submitted with an associated victim record. A month later, a person is apprehended by police and charged for this crime. The apprehension of this person did not result in any changes to the victim record originally sent to the CCJS. How were certain data elements on the incident record changed and there is a new CSC record to submit. The police service would submit to the CCJS the original incident file as a "delete" trans, when (which would result in the previous incident and victim records being deleted from the CCJS of tabase) and would re-send the incident with changes to the appropriate fields, the new CSC record and the exact same victim record, each with an UPDATE STATUS of "add"

When an inc. lent record is to be deleted, only the key fields need to be 'filled' to enable CCJS to identify the record to be deleted. These key fields are: RESPONDENT CODE, INCIDENT FILE NUMBER and UPDATE STATUS.

Incidents, Victims and Accused together:

Any time that an incident is sent to the CCJS all of its associated victims and accused records must also be sent to the CCJS at the same time for the following reason:

The UCR2.1 central processing system will be performing many inter record edits between the incident and the victim(s) records, and between the incident and the accused records, therefore to avoid edit failures it is best for the victims and accused to be transmitted at the same time as the incident.

CSC records

Adding or deleting a CSC record will likely result in a change to the incident record. For example, the addition or deletion of a CSC record may result in changes to the data elements INCIDENT CLEARANCE STATUS or DATE CHARGES LAID/RECOMMENDED. As such, care should be taken to ensure the related data elements are changed when the new records are submitted.

Definition of Terms

<u>Incident-Identifier</u> - The unique identifier for each incident, used to link incident, victim and

CSC records. It consists of RESTOL DENT CODE + INCIDENT FILE

NUMBER.

Respondent-CSC - CSC data as maintained by the respondent's system.

Respondent Incident data as maintained by the respondent's system.

Respondent Victim — Virtim date as maintained by the respondent's system.

<u>UCR- CSC</u> - CSC data with the content and structure as required by the revised UCR

s rvey.

UCR- Incident — - Incident data with the content and structure as required by the revised UCR

survey.

UCR- Victim data with the content and structure as required by the revised UCR

survey.

Process Description

- 1.) UCR INCIDENT:
 - a.) For each INCIDENT IDENTIFIER with a UCR INCIDENT to be **ADDED**:
 - SELECT the RESPONDENT INCIDENT
 - SELECT all RESPONDENT VICTIMS
 - SELECT all RESPONDENT CSC
 - SET UPDATE STATUS = 1 on all records.
 - b.) For each INCIDENT IDENTIFIER with a UCR INCIDER T to be **CHANGED**:
 - SELECT the RESPONDENT INCIDENT
 - SET UPDATE STATUS = 3 on record.
 - SELECT the RESPONDENT INCIDENT
 - SELECT all RESPONDENT VIC TIMS
 - SELECT all RESPONDENT CSC
 - SET UPDATE STATUS = 1 on all records.
 - c.) For each INCIDENT IDENTIFIER with a UCR INCIDENT to be **DELETED**:
 - SELECT L ON ESPONDENT INCIDENT
 - SET UI DATE STATUS = 3 on record.
- 2.) UCR- VICTIM:
 - a.) For each INCIDENT IDENTIFIER with UCR VICTIMS to be **ADDED**, **CHANGED OR DELETED**:
 - see 1.B. above.
- 3.) UCR- C3C:
- a.) For each INCIDENT IDENTIFIER with UCR CSC to be **ADDED**, **CHANGED OR DELETED:**
 - see 1.B. above.

FORTHERMATION

SECTION 6

APRIL 2004

FORTHERMATION

6.1 TABLES OF CONCORDANCE

a.) <u>Description</u>

The following Tables of Concordance show both the UCR Incident Based Survey Violation Codes and the UCR Aggregate Survey Offence Codes with the corresponding <u>Criminal Code</u> and Federal Statute sections, sub-sections, and paragraphs

TABLE 1 is sorted by Federal Statute Sections (RSC 1985) in ascending order

TABLE 2 is sorted by UCR Incident Based Survey Violation Codes in ascerding order

b.) <u>Terminology</u>

i.) Statute Section: Statute section, subsection, and paragraph of the applicable Act/Code i.e.

Criminal Code of Ca. ada, Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

RSC 1985 - Proclamation of the Revised Statutes of Canada. <u>Criminal Code</u> section: (RSC 1985 - COLUMN 1) listed, correspond with those in the <u>Criminal Code</u> dated January 1, 1989

- ii.) <u>Violation Coce.</u> Violation codes for the Incident Based UCR Survey (COLUMN 2)
- iii.) Maximum term of incarceration, maximum term of a prohibition order or maximum fine allowed by the law for an offence as stated in the applicable Act/Code (COLUMN 3)

iv.) Offence Description: Summarized description of the offence as stated in the applicable Act/Code (COLUMN 4)

v.) Offence Code: Offence codes for the Aggregate UCR Survey (COLUMN 6)

FOR INFORMATION ON INTERPREDICTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP

TABLE 1: FEDERAL STATUTE SECTIONS (RSC 1785) (ASCENDING ORDER)

FORTHERMATION

CC	UCR	MAXIMUM	DESCRIPTION	UCR
C-46 RSC 1985 (1)	VIOLATION CODE	PENALTY [2]	DESCRIPTION	OFF CODE
46.(1a)	1160		HIGH TREASON - KILL HER MAJESTY - DEF	073
46.(1a) 46.(1a)	1630		HIGH TREASON - ATTEMPT TO KILL HER MAJESTY - DEF	073
46.(1bc)	3710		HIGH TREASON - DEF	073
46.(2a-e)	3710		TREASON - DEF	073
47.(1)	1160	25	HIGH TREASON - S.46(1a) - PUN	073
47.(1)	1630	25	HIGH TREASON - S.46(1a) - PUN	073
47.(1)	3710	25	HIGH TREASON - S.46(1b,c) - PUN	073
47.(2a)	3710	25	TREASON - S.46(2a,c,d) - PUN	073
47.(2b)	3710	25	TREASON - S.46(2b,e) STATE OF WAR - PUN	073
47.(2c)	3710	14	TREASON - S.46(2b,e) - PUN	073
49.(ab)	3710	14	INT TO ALARM/HARM QUEEN/BREAK PUBLIC PEACE	073
50.(1ab)	3710		ASSIST ALIEN ENEMY/OMIT TO PREV TREASON - DEF	073
50.(2)	3710	14	PUNISHMENT PROV FOR S.50(1a,b)	073
51.	3710	14	INTIMIDATE PARLIAMENT/LEGISLATURES	073
52.(1ab)	3710	10	SABOTAGE: CANADA/OTHER COUNTRY	073
53.(ab)	3710	14	INCITE MUTINY: SEDUCE/INCITE	073
54.	3710	.5	ASSIST DESERTER	073
56.(a-c)	3710	.5	OFFENCES RE RCMP: DESERT/HARBOUT (AID	073
57.(1ab)	3710	14	FORGING A PASSPORT/DEAL/CAUSE TO DEAL	073
57.(2a)	3710	2	FALSE STMT TO PROCURE PASSP DRT - , UN - IND	073
57.(2b)	3710	.5	FALSE STMT TO PROCURE PACAPOAT FUN - SC	073
57.(3)	3710	5	POSSESSION OF FORGED FASSPART	073
58.(1ab)	3710	2	FRAUDULENT USE OF CERT CF CITIZENSHIP SEDITION - DEF	073
59.(1-4ab)	3710 3710	14	SEDITION - DEF SEDITION - PUN	073 073
61.(a-c) 62.(1a-c)	3710 3710	14 5	SEDITION - PUN SEDITION - MILITALY FORCES	073
63.(1ab)	3710	5	UNLAWFUL ASSEMBL 1- DEF	073
64.	3710		RIOT - DEF	073
65.	3710	2	RIOTER PU I	073
66.	3710	.5	UNLAWFUL ASSEMBLY - PUN	073
68.(a-c)	3710	25	RICTS PA DCLAMATION	073
69.	3710	2	NEC ECT 3Y PEACE OFFICER TO SUPPRESS RIOT	073
70.(1ab)	3710		UNLAWFUL DRILLING - DEF	073
70.(3)	3710	5	U. LAWFUL DRILLING - GOV IN COUNCIL ORDER - PUN	073
71.(a-c)	3710	2	PUÉLLING - PUN - IND	073
72.(1)(2)	3710		FORCIBLE ENTRY - DEF	073
73.(a)	3710	.5	FORCIBLE ENTRY - PUN - SC	073
73.(b)	3710	2	FORCIBLE ENTRY - PUN - IND	073
74.(1)	3710		PIRACY - DEF	073
74.(2)	3710	25	PIRACY - PUN	073
75.(a-d)	3710	14	PIRATICAL ACTS	073
76.(a-d)	37.1	25	HIJACKING	073
77.(a-g)	3710	25	ENDANGER AIRCRAFT	073
78.(1ab)	3310	14	EXPLOSIVE ON AIRCRAFT	058
78.(1ab)	3375	14	OFFENSIVE WEAPON ON AIRCRAFT	056
78.1 (1, 2a-d)	3710	25	SEIZING CONTROL OF SHIP OR FIXED PLATFORM	073
78.1 (3)	3710	25 25	FALSE COMMUNICATION	073
78.1 (4) 80.(a)	3710 1628	25 25	THREATS CAUSING DEATH OR INJURY EXPLOSIVES: BREACH OF DUTY CAUSING DEATH	073 058
80.(a)	1628	14	EXPLOSIVES: BREACH OF DUTY - INJURE	058
81.(1ab)	1628	17	EXPLOSIVES: BREACH OF BOTT - INJURE EXPLOSIVES: TO CAUSE BODILY HARM/DEATH - DEF	058
81.(1cd)	3310		EXPLOSIVES: TO CAUSE BODIET HANNI/DEATH - DEF	058
81.(2a)	1628	25	EXPLOSIVES: CAUSE BODILY HARM/DEATH - PUN - IND	058
81.(2b)	3310	14	EXPLOSIVES: TO DESTROY PROP/POSS TO ENDANG - PUN - IND	058
82.(1)	3310	5	EXPLOSIVES: ILLEGAL POSS/CONTROL, ETC	058
82.(2)	3310	14	EXPLOSIVES: POSS-CRIMINAL ORGANIZATION	058

CC C-46 RSC 1985 (1)	UCR VIOLATION CODE	MAXIMUM PENALTY [2]	DESCRIPTION	UCR OFF CODE
83.(1a-c)	3710	.5	PRIZE FIGHT: ENGAGE IN/ENCOURAGE/PROMOTE - PUN - SC	073
83.02-04 (ab)	3711	10	PROPERTY OR SERVICES FOR TERRORIST ACTIVITIES	073
83.08(a-c)	3712		FREEZING OF PROPERTY - TERRORISM - DEF	073
83.1(1ab)(2)	3712		DISCLOSURE OF PROPERTY - TERRORISM - DEF	073
83.11(1-3)	3712		AUDIT OF PROPERTY - TERRORISM - DEF	073
83.12(1a)	3712	1	FREEZING OF PROPERTY/DISCLOSURE/AUDIT - PUN - SC	073
83.12(1b)	3712	10	FREEZING OF PROPERTY/DISCLOSURE/AUDIT - PUN - IND	073
83.18 (1)	3713	10	PARTICIPATE IN ACTIVITY OF TERRORIST GROUP	073
83.19 (1) (2)	3714	14	FACILITATE TERRORIST ACTIVITY	073
83.2	3715	25	COMMISSION OF ACT FOR TERRORISM	073
83.21 (1)	3715	25	INSTRUCT COMMISSION OF ACT FOR TERRORISM	073
83.22 (1)	3715	25	INSTRUCT TO CARRY OUT TERRORIST ACTIVITY	073
83.23	3716	10	HARBOUR OR CONCEAL A TERRORIST	073
85.(1a-c)	3360		USE FIREARM IN COMMISSION OF OFFENCE - DEF	055
85.(2a-c)	3360	14	USE IMITATION FIREARM IN COMMISSION - DEF USE FIREARM IN COMMISSION OF OFFENCE - PUN	055
85.(3a-c) 86.(1)	3360 3720	14	CARELESS USE OF FIREARM - DEF	055 058
86.(2)	3395		UNSAFE STORAGE OF FIREARMS - DEF	058
86.(3ai)	3720	2	CARELESS USE OF FIREARM - PUN 1°T OFF- IND	058
86.(3ai)	3395	2	UNSAFE STORAGE OF FIREARMS PUN - 15, OFF - IND	058
86.(3aii)	3720	5	CARELESS USE OF FIREARM - 1 UN SUB3 OFF - IND	058
86.(3aii)	3395	5	UNSAFE STORAGE OF FIRE ARMS PUN - SUBS OFF - IND	058
86.(3b)	3720	.5	CARELESS USE OF FIREARM PUN - SC	058
86.(3b)	3395	.5	UNSAFE STORAGE OF FIREARM > PUN - SC	058
87.(1)	3385		POINTING A FIREARM - DE.	055
87.(2a)	3385	5	POINTING A FIREA, M - FUN - IND	055
87.(2b)	3385	.5	POINTING A F'REAF'M PUN - SC	055
88.(1)	3375		POSSESS WEAPOL FOR DANGEROUS PURPOSE - DEF	056
88.(2a)	3375	10	POSSES & W. JAPO? FOR DANGEROUS PURPOSE - PUN - IND	056
88.(2b)	3375	.5	POSSESS . 'EAR ON FOR DANGEROUS PURPOSE - PUN - SC	056
89.(1)	3375		CARRYIN WAPON IN PUBLIC MEETING - DEF	056
89.(2)	3375	.5	CAR TYING WEAPON IN PUBLIC MEETING - PUN - SC	056
90.(1)	3375	_ <	CARRYING CONCEALED WEAPON - DEF	056
90.(2a)	3375	5	C, RRYING CONCEALED WEAPON - PUN - IND	056
90.(2b)	3375	.5	CARRYING CONCEALED WEAPON - PUN - SC	056
91.(1ab)	3375		UNAUTHORIZED POSSSESSION OF FIREARM - DEF	056
91.(2)	3375 3375	-	UNAUTHORIZED POSSSESSION OF FIREARM - DEF UNAUTHORIZED POSSSESSION OF FIREARM - PUN - IND	056 056
91.(3a) 91.(3b)	3375	5	UNAUTHORIZED POSSSESSION OF FIREARM - PUN - SC	056
92.(1ab)	3375		POSSESSION OF FIREARM - DEF	056
92.(2)	3375	\	POSSESSION OF FIREARM - DEF	056
92.(3a-c)	33, 5	10	POSSESSION OF FIREARM - PUN	056
93.(1a-c)	3375	. •	POSSESSION AT UNAUTHORIZED PLACE - DEF	056
93.(2a)	3375	5	POSSESSION AT UNAUTHORIZED PLACE - PUN - IND	056
93.(2b)	3375	.5	POSSESSION AT UNAUTHORIZED PLACE - PUN - SC	056
94.(1ab)	3375		POSSESSION IN MOTOR VEHICLE - DEF	056
94.(2a)	3375	10	POSSESSION IN MOTOR VEHICLE - PUN - IND	056
94.(2b)	3375	.5	POSSESSION IN MOTOR VEHICLE - PUN - SC	056
95.(1ab)	3375		POSSESSION OF PROHIBITED WEAP. W AMMO - DEF	056
95.(2a)	3375	10	POSSESSION OF PROHIBITED WEAP. W AMMO - PUN - IND	056
95.(2b)	3375	1	POSSESSION OF PROHIBITED WEAP. W AMMO - PUN - SC	056
96.(1)	3375	40	POSSESSION OF WEAP. OBTAINED BY CRIME - DEF	056
96.(2a)	3375	10	POSSESSION OF WEAP. OBTAINED BY CRIME - PUN - IND	056
96.(2b)	3375	1	POSSESSION OF WEAP. OBTAINED BY CRIME - PUN - SC	056
99.(1ab)	3365	10	WEAPONS TRAFFICKING - DEF	057
99.(2)	3365	10	WEAPONS TRAFFICKING - PUN	057

CC	UCR	MAXIMUM		UCR
C-46	VIOLATION	PENALTY	DESCRIPTION	OFF
RSC 1985 (1)	CODE	[2]		CODE
100.(1ab)	3365	4.0	POSS. WEAPONS FOR TRAFFICKING - DEF	057
100.(2)	3365	10	POSS. WEAPONS FOR TRAFFICKING - PUN	057
101.(1)	3365	_	TRANSFER WITHOUT AUTHORITY - DEF	057
101.(2a)	3365	5	TRANSFER WITHOUT AUTHORITY - PUN - IND	057
101.(2b)	3365	.5	TRANSFER WITHOUT AUTHORITY - PUN - SC	057
102.(1)	3365	10	MAKING AUTOMATIC FIREARM - DEF MAKING AUTOMATIC FIREARM - PUN - IND	057
102.(2a)	3365	10		057
102.(2b)	3365	1	MAKING AUTOMATIC FIREARM - PUN - SC	057 057
103(1ab) 103.(2)	3380 3380	10	KNOWING UNAUTHORIZED IMPORTING/EXPORTING WEAP DEF KNOWING UNAUTHORIZED IMPORTING/EXPORTING WEAP PUN	057
` '		10	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
104.(1ab)	3380 3380	5	UNAUTHORIZED IMPORTING AND EXPORTING WEAPON - P FF UNAUTHORIZED IMPORTING/EXPORTING WEAP PUN - ND	057 057
104.(2a)	3380	.5	UNAUTHORIZED IMPORTING/EXPORTING WEAP PUN - ND UNAUTHORIZED IMPORTING/EXPORTING WEAP PUN - SC	057
104.(2b)	3390	.5	FAILS TO REPORT LOSING OR FINDING FIREARM - DEF	058
105.(1ab) 105.(2a)		F	FAILS TO REPORT LOSING OR FINDING FIREARM - DEF	
` '	3390	5 .5		058
105(2b)	3390	.5	FAILS TO REPORT LOSING OR FINDING FIREARN - PUN - SC	058
106.(1ab)	3390	_	DESTROYING FIREARM/FAIL TO REPORT- DEF	058
106.(2a)	3390	5	DESTROYING FIREARM/FAIL TO REPORT DUN - IND	058
106.(2b)	3390	.5	DESTROYING FIREARM/FAIL TO REPORT- PUN - SC	058
107.(1)	3390	_	FALSE STATEMENTS - DEF	058
107.(2a)	3390	5	FALSE STATEMENTS - PUN - INL	058
107.(2b)	3390	.5	FALSE STATEMENTS - PUN SC	058
108.(1ab)	3390	_	TAMPERING WITH SERIAL NU. 1BER DEF	058
108.(2a)	3390	5	TAMPERING WITH SEPIAL NUME R - PUN - IND	058
108.(2b)	3390	.5	TAMPERING WITH SERIAL . "IMBER - PUN - SC	058
117.01(1)	3370		POSSESSION CON . 'RAR / TO ORDER - DEF	056
117.01(2)	3370		FAILURE TO SURRENLER - DEF	056
117.01(3a)	3370	10	POSSESSION CON TARY / FAILURE - PUN - IND	056
117.01(3b)	3370	.5	POSSES (IOI / CONTRARY / FAILURE - PUN - SC	056
119.(1ab)	3730	14	ACCEPT/O, FER BRIBE - JUDICIAL OFFICER/MP/MLA	073
120.(ab)	3730	14	AC EPT/ FF_R BRIBE - JUSTICE/POLICE COMMISIONER/PEACE OFF	
121.(1,2)	3730	_	FRA IDS UPON GOVERNMENT - DEF	073
121.(3)	3730	5	FFAUDS UPON GOVERNMENT - PUN	073
122.	3730	5	B, 'EACH OF TRUST BY PUBLIC OFFICER	073
123.(1a-f)	3730	5	CORRUPT MUNICIPAL OFFICIAL	073
123.(2a-c)	3730	5	INFLUENCE MUNICIPAL OFFICIAL	073
124.(ab)	3730	5	SELLING/PURCHASING OFFICES	073
125.(a-c)	3730	5	DEAL/NEGOTIATE/SOLICIT OFFICES/APPTMENTS	073
126.(1)	3730		DISOBEYING A STATUTE	073
127.(1)	3730	2	DISOBEYING ORDER OF COURT	073
128.(ab)	3730	2	MISCONDUCT OF OFFICER IN EXECUTING PROCESS	073
129.(a-c)	3477	•	OBSTRUCT PEACE OFFICER - DEF	068
129.(d)	3470	2	OFF RE. PEACE OFFICER - PUN - IND	068
129.(e)	3470	.5	OFF RE. PEACE OFFICER - PUN - SC	068
130.(ab)	3730	.5	PERSONATING A PEACE OFFICER - PUN - SC	073
131.(1)	3730		PERJURY - DEF	073
132.	3730	14	PERJURY - GENERAL - PUN	073
134.(1)	3730	.5	FALSE STATEMENT IN AFFIDAVIT, ETC - PUN - SC	073
136.(1)	3730	14	GIVING CONTRADICTORY EVIDENCE	073
137.	3730	14	FABRICATING EVIDENCE	073
138.(a-c)	3730	2	OFFENCES RELATING TO AFFIDAVITS	073
139.(1ab)	3730	_	OBSTRUCT JUSTICE - DEF	073
139.(1c)	3730	2	OBSTRUCT JUSTICE - PUN - IND	073
139.(1d)	3730	.5	OBSTRUCT JUSTICE - PUN - SC	073
139.(2,3)	3730	10	OBSTRUCT JUSTICE - OTHER/JUD PROCEEDING	073
140.(1a-d)	3730		PUBLIC MISCHIEF - DEF	073

CC C-46 RSC 1985 (1)	UCR VIOLATION CODE	MAXIMUM PENALTY [2]	DESCRIPTION	UCR OFF CODE
140.(2a)	3730	5	PUBLIC MISCHIEF TO MISLEAD PO - PUN - IND	073
140.(2b)	3730	.5	PUBLIC MISCHIEF TO MISLEAD PO - PUN - SC	073
141.(1)	3730	2	COMPOUNDING INDICTABLE OFFENCE	073
142.	3730	5	CORRUPTLY TAKING REWARDS	073
143.(a-d)	3730	.5	ADVERTISE REWARD AND IMMUNITY	073
144.(ab)	3440	10	PRISON BREACH	064
145.(1a)	3440	2	ESCAPE CUSTODY - PUN - IND	064
145.(1a)	3440	.5	ESCAPE CUSTODY - PUN - SC	064
145.(1b)	3480	2	ESCAPE CUSTODY BEFORE TERM EXPIRES - PUN - IND	069
145.(1b)	3480	.5	ESCAPE CUSTODY BEFORE TERM EXPIRES - PUN - SC	069
145.(2ab)	3510	2	FAIL TO ATTEND COURT - PUN - IND	061
145.(2ab)	3510	.5	FAIL TO ATTEND COURT - PUN - SC	061
145.(3-5)	3410 3410	2 .5	FAIL TO COMPLY/APPEAR, ETC - PUN - IND FAIL TO COMPLY/APPEAR, ETC - PUN - SC	061 061
145.(3-5) 146.(a-c)	3730	.5 2	PERMIT OR ASSIST ESCAPE	073
140.(a-c) 147.(a-c)	3730	5	RESCUE OR PERMIT ESCAPE	073
147.(a-c) 148.(ab)	3730	5	ASSIST PRISONER OF WAR TO ESCAPE	073
151.	1340	10	SEXUAL INTERFERENCE - PUN - IND	213
151.	1340	.5	SEXUAL INTERFERENCE - PUN - SC	213
152	1340	10	INVITATION TO SEXUAL TOUCHING - PUN - IND	213
152	1340	.5	INVITATION TO SEXUAL TOUCH NG PUN - SC	213
153.(1ab)	1340	5	SEXUAL EXPLOITATION - PI'N - INL	213
153.(1ab)	1340	.5	SEXUAL EXPLOITATION - PUN SC	213
155.(1)	1340	.0	INCEST - DEF	213
155.(2)	1340	14	INCEST - PUN	213
159.(1-3)	1340	10	ANAL INTERCOUR : 7 - PUN - IND	213
159.(1-3)	1340	.5	ANAL INTERCOURSE - PUN - SC	213
160.(1-3)	1340	10	BESTIALITY - COMIN: T/COMPEL/INCITE PERS < 14	213
160.(1-3)	1340	.5	BESTIAL TY COMMIT/COMPEL/INCITE PERS < 14	213
161(4a)	3520	2	BREACH C. PRUBABTION ORDER - PUN - IND	073
161(4b)	3520	.5	BRIEACH \F FROBABTION ORDER - PUN - SC	073
163.(1,2)	3460		COFRUPT MORALS - DEF	067
163.1(1)	3455		CHILD PORNOGRAPHY - DEF	067
163.1(2a)	3455	10	C, ''LD PORN/PRINT, PUBLISH, POSS, FOR PUBLICATION - PUN - IND	067
163.1(2b)	3455	.5	SHILD PORN/PRINT, PUBLISH, POSS, FOR PUBLICATION - PUN - SC	067
163.1(3a)	3455	10	CHILD PORN/IMPORT, DIST, SELL, POSS, FOR DISTRIB PUN - IND	067
163.1(3b)	3455	.5	CHILD PORN/IMPORT,DIST,SELL,POSS,FOR DISTRIB PUN - SC	067
163.1(4a)	3455	5	POSSESS CHILD PORN - PUN - IND	067
163.1(4b)	3455	5	POSSESS CHILD PORN - PUN - SC	067
163.1(4.1a)	3455	5	ACCESSING CHILD PORNOGRAPHY - PUN - IND	067
163.1(4.1b)	3455	.5	ACCESSING CHILD PORNOGRAPHY - PUN - SC	067
165.	3467		TIED SALE - DEF	067
167.(1,2)	3460		IMMORAL THEATRE PERFORMANCE - DEF	067
168.	3460		MAIL OBSCENE MATTER - DEF	067
169.(a)	3460	2	CORRUPT MORALS: S.163,165,167,168 - PUN - IND	067
169.(b)	3460	.5	CORRUPT MORALS: S.163,165,167,168 - PUN - SC	067
170.	3120	5	PARENT/GUARDIAN PROCUR SEX ACTIVITY (< 14)	048
170.	3120	2	PARENT/GUARD PROCUR SEX ACTIVITY (14-18)	048
171.	3120	5	HOUSEHOLDER PERMIT SEX ACTIVITY (< 14)	048
171.	3120	2	HOUSEHOLDER PERMIT SEX ACTIVITY (14-18)	048
172.(1)	3460	2	CORRUPTING CHILDREN IN THE HOME	067
172.1(a-c)	3461	_	LURING A CHILD VIA COMPUTER - DEF	067
172.1(2a)	3461	5	LURING A CHILD VIA COMPUTER - PUN - IND	067
172.1(2b)	3461	.5	LURING A CHILD VIA COMPUTER - PUN - SC	067
173.(1ab)	3450	.5	INDECENT ACTS - PUN - SC	065
173.(2)	3450	.5	EXPOSURE TO PERSON UNDER 14 - PUN - SC	065

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C-46	VIOLATION	PENALTY	DESCRIPTION	OFF
RSC 1985 (1)	CODE	[2]		CODE
174.(1ab)	3450	.5	NUDITY - PUBLIC PROPERTY/PRIVATE PROPERTY - PUN - SC	065
174.(1ab) 175.(1a-d)	3430	.5	CAUSING A DISTURBANCE: EXPOSE/LOITER. ETC - PUN - SC	063
176.(1a-u) 176.(1ab)	3740	2	OBSTRUCT OFFICIATING CLERGY: ASSAULT/ARREST	003
, ,		.5	WILFULLY DISTURB RELIG WORSHIP/MEETING	073
176.(2,3) 177.	3740 3490	.5 .5		073
177. 178.(ab)			TRESPASS AT NIGHT OFFENSIVE VOLATILE SUBSTANCE	070
176.(ab) 179.(1ab)	3740 3740	.5	VAGRANCY - DEF	073
` '		_		
179.(2)	3740	.5 2	VAGRANCY - PUN	073 073
180.(1a)	3740		COMMON NUISANCE - ENDANGER LIFE - PUN - IND	
180.(1b)	3740	2	COMMON NUISANCE - CAUSE INJURY - PUN - IND	073
180.(2ab)	3740		COMMON NUISANCE - DEF	073
181.	3740	2	SPREAD FALSE NEWS CAUSING INJURY	073
182.(ab)	3740	5	INDECENTLY INTERFERE WITH DEAD BODY	073
183.	3750		INVASION OF PRIVACY - DEF	073
184.(1)	3750	5	INTERCEPTING A PRIVATE COMMUNICATION	073
184.5(1)	3750	5	INTERCEPTING RADIO-BASED TELEPHONE COM, JUNIC ATIONS	073
191.(1)	3750	2	POSSESS/SELL/BUY INTERCEPTING DEVICES	073
193.(1ab)	3750	2	DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION	073
193.1(1a-c)	3750	2	DISCLOSURE - INTERCEPTED INFORMATION	073
201.(1)	3210	2	KEEPING DISORDERLY HOUSE - B :TTINC	051
201.(1)	3220	2	KEEPING DISORDERLY HOUSE GA 1ING	052
201.(2ab)	3210	.5	DISORDERLY HOUSE - BET FOUND IN/OWNER, ETC	051
201.(2ab)	3220	.5	DISORDERLY HOUSE - GAM - TOUND IN/OWNER, ETC	052
202.(1a-j)	3230		BETTING, POOL-SELLING, BOOK, TAKING - DEF	053
202.(2a)	3230	2	BET/POOL-SELL, ETC - 1S, OFF - PUN - IND	053
202.(2b)	3230	2	BET/POOL-SELL, E. ↑ - 2ND OFF - PUN - IND	053
202.(2c)	3230	2	BET/POOL-SF' L. ETC SUBS OFF - PUN - IND	053
203.(a-c)	3230		PLACE/ENGAGE/hc: D BET ON BEHALF OF OTHER - DEF	053
203.(d)	3230	2	PLACE F -T (N BEHALF OF OTHER - 1ST OFF - PUN - IND	053
203.(e)	3230	2	PLACE RE , ON LEHALF OF OTHER - 2ND OFF - PUN - IND	053
203.(f)	3230	2	PL/ CE BLT ON BEHALF OF OTHER - SUBS OFF - PUN - IND	053
204.(10a)	3230	2	NO' COMF LY W/PROVS RE PARI - MUT SYS - PUN - IND	053
204.(10b)	3230	.5	NOT COMPLY W/PROVS RE PARI - MUT SYS - PUN - SC	053
206.(1a-j)	3230	2	LCTTERY SCHEME: PUBL/SELL/SEND/CONDUCT,ETC	053
206.(4)	3230	.5	RUY TICKET IN SCHEME/LOTTERY, ETC	053
207.(3ai)	3230	2	LOTTERY SCHEME: UNAUTHORIZED CONDUCT - PUN - IND	053
207.(3aii)	3230	.5	LOTTERY SCHEME: UNAUTHORIZED CONDUCT - PUN - SC	053
207.(3b)	3230	.5	PARTICIPATION IN LOTTERY SCHEME - PUN - SC	053
209.	3230	2	CHEATING	053
210.(1)	3110	2	BAWDY HOUSE - KEEPER	047
210.(2a-c)	3110	.5	BAWDY HOUSE - INMATE/FOUND IN/OWNER, ETC	047
211.	31.1	.5	TRANSPORT TO BAWDY HOUSE	047
212.(1a-j)	3120	10	PROCURE/SOLICIT ILLICIT SEX/ENTICE, ETC	048
212.(2)	3115	14	LIVE OFF AVAILS OF PROSTITUTION < 18 YRS	048
212(2.1)	1410	14	AGGREVATED ASSAULT/AVAILS OF PROSTITUTION < 18 YRS	048
212.(4)	3125	5	COMMUNICATES FOR PURPOSE OF SEX < 18 YRS	048
213.(1a-c)	3130	.5	PROSTITUTION: STOP MV/IMPEDE TRAF/PERSON	049
215.(1a-c)	3770		DUTY OF PERSONS TO PROVIDE NECESSARIES - DEF	073
215.(2ab)	3770		PROVIDE NECESSARIES - OFFENCES - DEF	073
215.(3a)	3770	2	PROVIDE NECESSARIES - PUN - IND	073
215.(3b)	3770	.5	PROVIDE NECESSARIES - PUN - SC	073
218.	1630	2	ABANDON CHILD	073
219.(1ab)	1150		CRIMINAL NEGLIGENCE - DUTY - ACT/OMISSION - DEF	073
219.(1ab)	1470		CRIMINAL NEGLIGENCE - DUTY - ACT/OMISSION - DEF	073
220.(ab)	1150	25	CRIMINAL NEGLIGENCE CAUSING DEATH - PUN - IND	073
221.	1470	10	CRIMINAL NEGLIGENCE BODILY HARM	073

CC C-46 RSC 1985 (1)	UCR VIOLATION CODE	MAXIMUM PENALTY [2]	DESCRIPTION	UCR OFF CODE
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229.(a-c)	1110		MURDER WITH INTENT - DEF	002
231.(2-5)	1110		FIRST DEGREE MURDER - POLICE, ETC - DEF	002
231.(7)	1120		SECOND DEGREE MURDER - DEF	003
232.(1,2)	1130		MURD REDUCED TO MANSL - PASSION/PROVOC - DEF	004
233.	1140		INFANTICIDE - DEF	005
234.	1130		MANSLAUGHTER - DEF	004
235.(1)	1110	25	MURDER - PUN	002
235.(1)	1120	25	SECOND DEGREE MURDER - PUN	003
236.(ab)	1130	25	MANSLAUGHTER - PUN - IND	004
237.	1140	5	INFANTICIDE - PUN	005
238.(1)	1160	25	KILLING UNBORN CHILD IN ACT OF BIRTH	073
239.(ab)	1210	25	ATTEMPTED MURDER	006
240.	1630	25	ACCESSORY AFTER THE FACT TO MURDER	073
241.(ab)	1160	14	COUNSEL, ETC TO COMMIT SUICIDE - CAUSE DEATH	073
241.(ab)	1630	14	COUNSEL/AID/ABET PERSON TO COMMIT SUICI')E	073
242.	1160	5	NEGLECT TO OBTAIN ASSIST IN CHILDBIRTH	073
243.	1630	2	CONCEAL BODY OF CHILD - PUN - IND	073
244.(a-c)	1450	14	DISCHARGE FIREARM WITH INTENT	209
244.1(a-c)	1450	14	AIR GUN OR PISTOL: BODILY HARM WITH INTENT - PUN - IND	209
245.(a)	1480	14	ADMIN NOXIOUS THING: ENDANG (IFE/B、D) ARM - PUN - IND ADMIN NOXIOUS THING: AGGR, "VE. "NNC Y	212
245.(b)	1480	2 25	OVERCOME RESIST TO COMMIT C FENCE	212 212
246.(ab)	1480	25	TRAP LIKELY TO CAUSE BODI. Y HAKM - DEF	212
247.(1) (a-b)	1480	5		212
247.(1)	1480 1440	10	TRAP LIKELY TO CAUSE BODILY "IARM - PUN - IND TRAP CAUSING BODILY HA. "M - PUN - IND	208
247.(2) 247.(3)	1440	10	TRAP CAUSING BODIET HZ. W POIN - IND	208
247.(3)	1440	14	TRAP / OFFENCE R.T.L. TED PLACE CAUSING B.H PUN - IND	208
247.(4) 247.(5)	1160	25	TRAP CAUSING DEATH - PUN - IND	073
248.	1480	25	INTERFERE VITH TRANSPORT	212
249.(1a)	9110-9130	25	DANGEROUS OF ERATION OF MV - DEF	701/703/705
249.(1b)	9110-9130		DANGER US OPERATION OF VESSEL - DEF	702/704/706
249.(1c)	9110-9130		DANGEROUS OPERATION OF AIRCRAFT - DEF	702/704/706
249.(1d)	9110-9130	_	DANGEROUS OPERATION OF RAIL EQUIPMENT - DEF	702/704/706
249.(2a)	9130	5	D, NGEROUS OPERATION: MV - PUN - IND	705
249.(2a)	9130	5	PANGEROUS OPERATION: V/A/R - PUN - IND	706
249.(2b)	9130	.5	DANGEROUS OPERATION: MV - PUN - SC	705
249.(2b)	9130	.5	DANGEROUS OPERATION: V/A/R - PUN - SC	706
249.(3)	9120	10	DANGEROUS OP.: MV - CAUSE BODILY HARM - PUN - IND	703
249.(3)	9120	.0	DANGEROUS OP.: V/A/R - CAUSE BODILY HARM - PUN - IND	704
249.(4)	9110	14	DANGEROUS OPERATION: MV - CAUSE DEATH - PUN - IND	701
249.(4)	9110	14	DANGEROUS OPERATION: V/A/R - CAUSE DEATH - PUN - IND	702
249.1(2a)	9153	5	FLIGHT - PUN - IND	705
249.1(2b)	9133	.5	FLIGHT - PUN - SC	705
249.1(4a)	9132	14	FLIGHT CAUSING BODILY HARM	703
249.1(4b)	9131	25	FLIGHT CAUSING DEATH	701
250.(1,2)	9330	.5	FAIL TO WATCH PERSON/TOW AFTER DARK - PUN - SC	073
251.(1ab)	9330	5	OPERATE UNSEAWORTHY VESSEL/UNSAFE AIRCRAFT	073
251.(1c)	9330	5	OPERATE RAIL EQUIPMENT	073
252.(1a)	9310		HIT & RUN PERSON - DEF	715
252.(1b)	9310		HIT & RUN MV/VESSEL/AIRCRAFT - DEF	715
252.(1c)	9310		HIT AND RUN CATTLE - DEF	715
252.(1.1)	9310	5	HIT & RUN PERSON - PUN - IND	715
252.(1.1)	9310	.5	HIT & RUN PERSON - PUN - SC	715
252.(1.1)	9310	5	HIT & RUN MV/VESSEL/AIRCRAFT - PUN - IND	715
252.(1.1)	9310	.5	HIT & RUN MV/VESSEL/AIRCRAFT - PUN - SC	715
252.(1.1)	9310	5	HIT AND RUN CATTLE - PUN - IND	715

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C-46	VIOLATION	PENALTY	DESCRIPTION	OFF
RSC 1985 (1)	CODE	[2]		CODE
252.(1.1)	9310	.5	HIT AND RUN CATTLE - PUN - SC	715
252.(1.2)	9310	10	HIT & RUN PERSON - BODILY HARM	715
252.(1.3ab)	9310	25	HIT & RUN PERSON - DEATH	715
253.(a)	9210-9230		IMPAIRED DRIVING: MV - DEF	707/709/711
253.(a)	9210-9230		IMPAIRED DRIVING: B/V/A - DEF	708/710/712
253.(b)	9210-9230		DRIVING ABOVE .08: MV - DEF	707/709/711
253.(b)	9210-9230		DRIVING ABOVE .08: B/V/A - DEF	708/710/712
254.(2,3a)	9240		FAIL/REFUSE TO PROVIDE BREATH SAMPLE - DEF	713
254.(3b)	9250		FAIL/REFUSE TO PROVIDE BLOOD SAMPLE - DEF	714
255.(1b)	9210	5	MAX PUN: CAUSING DEATH - S.253,254 - IND	707/708
255.(1b)	9220	5	MAX PUN: CAUSING BODILY HARM - S.253,254 - IND	709/710
255.(1b)	9230	5	MAX PUN: OPERATION MV/V/A OVER .08 - S.253,254 - IND	711/712
255.(1b)	9240	5	MAX PUN: FAIL PROVIDE BREATH SAMPLE - S.253,254 - IND	713
255.(1b)	9250	5	MAX PUN: FAIL PROVIDE BLOOD SAMPLE - S.253,254 - IND	714
255.(1c)	9210	6 M	MAX PUN: CAUSING DEATH - S.253,254 - SC	707/708
255.(1c)	9220	6 M	MAX PUN: CAUSING BODILY HARM - S.253,254 - S.	709/710
255.(1c)	9230	6 M	MAX PUN: OPERATION MV/V/A OVER .08 - S.253,254 - SC	711/712
255.(1c)	9240	6 M	MAX PUN: FAIL PROVIDE BREATH SAMC S 253,254 - SC	713
255.(1c)	9250	6 M	MAX PUN: FAIL PROVIDE BLOOD SAMO' E - S.253,254 - SC	714
255.(2)	9220	10	IMPAIRED DRIVING: MV - CAUSE B DDILY JAKM	709
255.(2)	9220	10	IMPAIRED DRIVING: MV = GAGGE B 701E1 / IAMW	710
255.(2)	9210	25	IMPAIRED DRIVING: MV - CAUSE L TATH	707
255.(3)	9210	25	IMPAIRED DRIVING: MV = GF GGE B. ATTI	707
259.(4a)	9320	5	OPERATE VEHICLE WHILE DISQU'ALIFIED - PUN - IND	716
	9320	.5	OPERATE VEHICLE WHILE DISQUALIFIED - PUN - IND	716
259.(4b)		.5 10	IMPEDE PERSON S, VINCI OWN LIFE/OTHER	073
262.(ab)	3770	10		
263.(1,2)	1130		SAFEGUARD OPENING IN ICE/LAND - IF DEATH - DEF	073
263.(1,2)	1440	0.5	SAFEGUARD OPEN. 'G IN ICE/LAND - BODILY HARM - DEF	073
263.(3a)	1130	25	SAFEGUARD OPENING - IF DEATH - PUN	073
263.(3b)	1440	10	SAFFCUAL OF LINING - BODILY HARM - PUN	073
263.(3c)	3770	.5	SALEGUA RD OPENING - PUN - SC	073
264.(1,2a-d)	1625	40	CRI, 'INAL HARASSMENT-DEF	073
264.(3a)	1625	10	CFJMINAL HARASSMENT - PUN - IND	073
264.(3b)	1625	.5	C, 'IMINAL HARASSMENT - PUN - SC	073
264.1(1a-c)	1627	-	ITTER THREATS - PERSON/PROP/ANIMAL - DEF	073
264.1(2a)	1627	5	UTTER THREATS - PERSON - PUN - IND	073
264.1(2b)	1627	18 M	UTTER THREATS - PERSON - PUN - SC	073
264.1(3a)	3770		UTTER THREATS - PROP/ANIMALS - PUN - IND	073
264.1(3b)	3770	(δ ινι	UTTER THREATS - PROP/ANIMALS - PUN - SC	073
265.(1a-c)	1430		ASSAULT - APPLY FORCE/THREAT/IMPEDE - DEF	205
266.(a)	1430	5	ASSAULT - PUN - IND	205
266.(b)	14งา	.5	ASSAULT - PUN - SC	205
267.(ab)	1420	10	ASSAULT WITH WEAP./CAUSING BODILY HARM - PUN - IND	206
267.(ab)	1420	18 M	ASSAULT WITH WEAP./CAUSING BODILY HARM - PUN - SC	206
268.(1)	1410		AGGRAVATED ASSAULT - DEF	207
268.(2)	1410	14	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT - PUN	207
269.(a)	1440	10	UNLAWFULLY CAUSING BODILY HARM - PUN - IND	208
269.(b)	1440	18 M	UNLAWFULLY CAUSING BODILY HARM - PUN - SC	208
269.1(1)	1480	14	TORTURE BY OR AUTHORIZED BY OFFICIAL	212
270.(1a)	1460		ASSAULT PEACE OFFICER - POLICE - DEF	210
270.(1a)	1460		ASSAULT PEACE OFFICER - OTHER - DEF	211
270.(1bc)	1480		ASS PERS - RESIST ARREST/PREVENT SEIZURE - DEF	212
270.(2a)	1460	5	ASSAULT - S.270 - POLICE - PUN - IND	210
270.(2a)	1460	5	ASSAULT - S.270 - OTHER - PUN - IND	211
270.(2b)	1460	.5	ASSAULT - S.270 - POLICE - PUN - SC	210
270.(2b)	1460	.5	ASSAULT - S.270 - OTHER - PUN - SC	211
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270.1(1)	1460		DISARMING PEACE/PUBLIC OFFICER - DEF	210/211
270.1(1) 270.1(3a)	1460	5	DISARMING PEACE/PUBLIC OFFICER - PUN - IND	210/211
270.1(3a) 270.1(3b)	1460	18 M	DISARMING PEACE/PUBLIC OFFICER - PUN - SC	210/211
271.(1a)	1330	10 10	SEXUAL ASSAULT - PUN - IND	204
271.(1a) 271.(1b)	1330	18 M	SEXUAL ASSAULT - PUN - SC	204
271.(10)	1320	TO IVI	SEX. ASSAULT W/WEAP./THREAT/CAUSE BOD HARM - DEF	203
272.(1)	1320	14	SEX. ASSAULT W/WEAP./THREAT/CAUSE BOD HARM - PUN - IND	203
273.(1)	1310	17	AGGRAVATED SEXUAL ASSAULT - DEF	202
273.(1) 273.(2a)	1310	25	AGGRAVATED SEXUAL ASSAULT - PUN	202
273.3(1a-c)	1545	20	REMOVAL OF CHILD FROM CANADA - DEF	216
273.3(2a)	1545	5	REMOVAL OF CHILD FROM CANADA - PUN - IND	216
273.3(2b)	1545	.5	REMOVAL OF CHILD FROM CANADA - PUN - SC	216
276.3(1a-d)	3770	.0	PROHIBITED NOTICE - DEF	073
276.3(2)	3770	.5	PUBLICATION OF PROHIBITED NOTICE	073
278.9(2)	3770	.5	PUBLICATION OF PROHIBITED NOTICE	073
279.(1a-c)	1510	.0	KIDNAP: CONFINE/TRANSPORT/HOLD FOR RANS OM - DEF	066
279.(1.1ab)	1510	25	KIDNAP: CONFINE/TRANSPORT/HOLD FOR PANSOW - PUN - IND	066
279.(2a)	1510	10	FORCIBLE CONFINEMENT - PUN - IND	066
279.(2b)	1510	18 M	FORCIBLE CONFINEMENT - PUN - SC	066
279.1(1ab)	1520	10 111	HOSTAGE TAKING/UTTER THREAT RE HUST/AGE - DEF	066
279.1(2)	1520	25	HOSTAGE TAKING - PUN	066
280.(1)	1540	5	ABDUCT PERSON UNDER 16	216
281.	1530	10	ABDUCT PERSON UNDER 14	215
282.(1a)	1550	10	ABDUCT IN CONTRAVENTION CL STODY ORDER - PUN - IND	217
282.(1b)	1550	.5	ABDUCT IN CONTRAVENDEN CUSTODY ORDER - PUN - SC	217
283.(1a)	1560	10	ABDUCT NO CUST JOY CRDER - PUN - IND	218
283.(1b)	1560	.5	ABDUCT NO CUSTOD, ORDER - PUN - SC	218
287.(1)	3770	25	PROCURING MISCAL RIAGE	073
287.(2)	3770	2	WOMAN PROCURING OWN MISCARRIAGE	073
288.	3770	2	SUPPLY NO XIOUS THING FOR ABORTION	073
290.(1ab)	3770		BIC AMY: \`AN.ADA/OTHER COUNTRY - DEF	073
291.(1)	3770	5	aiG, MY - F UN	073
292.(1)	3770	5	PF.OCURING FEIGNED MARRIAGE	073
293.(1ab)	3770	5	PCLYGAMY	073
294.(ab)	3770	2	INLAWFUL SOLEMNIZATION OF MARRIAGE	073
295.	3770	2	MARRIAGE CONTRARY TO LAW	073
296.(1)	3770	2	BLASPHEMOUS LIBEL	073
298.(1,2)	3770		DEFAMATORY LIBEL - DEF	073
299.(a-c)	3770		DEFAMATORY LIBEL - PUBLISH - DEF	073
300.	3770	5	LIBEL KNOWN TO BE FALSE - PUN	073
301.	3770 3773)2	DEFAMATORY LIBEL - PUBLISH	073
302.(1,2) 302.(3)	3770	5	EXTORTION BY LIBEL - DEF EXTORTION BY LIBEL - PUN	073 073
318.(1)	3770	5	ADVOCATE/PROMOTE GENOCIDE	073
319.(1a,2a)	3770	2	PUBLIC INCITEMENT OF HATRED - PUN - IND	073
319.(1b,2b)	3770	.5	PUBLIC INCITEMENT OF HATRED - PUN - SC	073
322.(1-3)	2130	.0	THEFT W/INTENT: DEPRIVE/PLEDGE, ETC -> \$5000 - DEF	032,034,035
322.(1-3)	2131 (UCR 2.1))	THEFT W/INTENT: DEPRIVE/PLEDGE, ETC - > \$5000 - DEF	027-030
322.(1-3)	2132 (UCR 2.1)		THEFT W/INTENT: DEPRIVE/PLEDGE, ETC - > \$5000 - DEF	033
322.(1-3)	2140		THEFT W/INTENT: DEPRIVE/PLEDGE, ETC - <= \$5000 - DEF	037,039,040
322.(1-3)	2141 (UCR 2.1))	THEFT W/INTENT: DEPRIVE/PLEDGE, ETC - <= \$5000 - DEF	027-030
322.(1-3)	2142 (UCR 2.1)		THEFT W/INTENT: DEPRIVE/PLEDGE, ETC - <= \$5000 - DEF	038
323.(1,2)	2130		THEFT OF OYSTERS - > \$5000 - DEF	035
323.(1,2)	2140		THEFT OF OYSTERS - <= \$5000 - DEF	040
324.	2130		THEFT BY BAILEE OF THINGS SEIZED - > \$5000 - DEF	032,034,035
324.	2131 (UCR 2.1))	THEFT BY BAILEE OF THINGS SEIZED - > \$5000 - DEF	027-030

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C-46	VIOLATION	PENALTY	DESCRIPTION	OFF
RSC 1985 (1)	CODE	[2]		CODE
324.	2132 (UCR 2.1	`	THEFT BY BAILEE OF THINGS SEIZED - > \$5000 - DEF	033
324.	2140)	THEFT BY BAILEE OF THINGS SEIZED - > \$5000 - DEF	037,039,040
324. 324.	2140 2141 (UCR 2.1	١	THEFT BY BAILEE OF THINGS SEIZED - <= \$5000 - DEF	027-030
324.			THEFT BY BAILEE OF THINGS SEIZED - <= \$5000 - DEF	038
	2142 (UCR 2.1)		035
326.(1ab) 326.(1ab)	2130		THEFT OF ELECTRIC/GAS/TELEC SERVICE - > \$5000 - DEF THEFT OF ELECTRIC/GAS/TELEC SERVICE - <= \$5000 - DEF	040
` '	2140	2	·	035
327.(1)	2130	2	POSS DEVICE OBTAIN TELECOM SERVICE - > \$5000 - PUN - IND POSS DEVICE OBTAIN TELECOM SERVICE - <= \$5000 - PUN - IND	040
327.(1) 328.(a-e)	2140 2130	2	THEFT/SPEC PROP/INTEREST: OWNER/OTHER - > \$5000 - DEF	032,034,035
328.(a-e)	2131 (UCR 2.1	١	THEFT/SPEC PROP/INTEREST: OWNER/OTHER -> \$5000 - DEF	032,034,033
328.(a-e)	2132 (UCR 2.1	•	THEFT/SPEC PROP/INTEREST: OWNER/OTHER - > \$5000 - DEF	033
. ,	2140)	THEFT/SPEC PROP/INTEREST: OWNER/OTHER - > \$5000 -) EF	037,039,040
328.(a-e) 328.(a-e)	2141 (UCR 2.1	١	THEFT/SPEC PROP/INTEREST: OWNER/OTHER - <= \$5000 - DEF	027-030
328.(a-e)	2141 (UCR 2.1) 2142 (UCR 2.1)	•	THEFT/SPEC PROP/INTEREST: OWNER/OTHER - <= \$5000 - DEF	038
330.(1)	2130)	THEFT BY PERSON REQ'D TO ACCOUNT -> \$500 0 - DE	035
330.(1)	2140		THEFT BY PERSON REQ'D TO ACCOUNT - <= \$50.0 - DE F	040
331.	2130		THEFT BY PERSON W/POWER OF ATTORNEY - > \$5000 - DEF	035
331.	2140		THEFT BY PERSON W/POWER OF ATTORNEY - > \$5000 - DEF	040
332.(1)	2130		THEFT: MISAPPROPRIATION OF FUNC? -> \$5000 - DEF	035
332.(1)	2140		THEFT: MISAPPROPRIATION OF FUNDS - <= \$5000 - DEF	040
334.(a)	2130	10	THEFT - > \$5000 - PUN - IND	032,034,035
334.(a)	2131 (UCR 2.1		THEFT: MV - > \$5000 - PUN - (ND	027-030
334.(a)	2132 (UCR 2.1	•	THEFT FROM MV - > \$5000 - P. 'N - IND	033
334.(bi)	2140	2	THEFT - <= \$5000 - PUN - IND	037,039,040
334.(bi)	2141 (UCR 2.1		THEFT: MV - <= \$5000 - PU \ IND	027-030
334.(bi)	2142 (UCR 2.1	•	THEFT FROM MV - = \$500 - PUN - IND	038
334.(bii)	2140	.5	THEFT - <= \$5000 - 170, 1-SC	037,039,040
334.(bii)	2141 (UCR 2.1) .5	THEFT: MV - <= \$500) - PUN - SC	027-030
334.(bii)	2142 (UCR 2.1		THEFT FROM MV - <= \$5000 - PUN - SC	038
335.(1)	2131 (UCR 2.1	.5	TAKE MV/V SSEL WITHOUT CONSENT	027-030
335.(1)	2141 (UCR 2.1	.5	TAI E MV, 'ES SEL WITHOUT CONSENT	027-030
336.	2160	14	BRE 1CH OF TRUST	045
337.	3780	14	FFAUD PUBLIC SERVANT	073
338.(1ab)	3780	5	Fi AUDULENTLY TAKE/HOLD/DEFACE/MAKE BRAND	073
338.(2)	2130	10	THEFT OF CATTLE - > \$5000	035
338.(2)	2140	2	THEFT OF CATTLE - <= \$5000	040
339.(1a-c)	3780	5	FRAUDULENTLY TAKE LUMBER/ALTER MARK, ETC	073
339.(2)	3780	.5	DEALER DEALING IN LUMBER W/OUT CONSENT	073
340.(a-c)	3780	0	DESTROY/CANCEL, ETC TITLE/SECURITY/JUD DOC	073
341.	2160	2	FRAUDULENT CONCEALMENT	073
342.(1a-d) 342.(1e)	2160 21c 7	10	STEAL/FORGE/POSS/USE CREDIT CARD - DEF STEAL/FORGE/POSS/USE CREDIT CARD - PUN - IND	044 044
342.(1e) 342.(1f)	2160	10 .5	STEAL/FORGE/POSS/USE CREDIT CARD - PUN - IND STEAL/FORGE/POSS/USE CREDIT CARD - PUN - SC	044
342.01(1a-d)	2160	.5	INSTRUMENTS FOR FORGING CREDIT CARD - PUN	044
342.1(1a-c)	2160	10	UNAUTHORIZED USE OF COMPUTER - PUN - IND	045
342.1(1a-c)	2160	.5	UNAUTHORIZED USE OF COMPUTER - PUN - SC	045
342.2(1a)	2160	2	POSSESS DEVICE TO OBTAIN COMPUTER SERVICE - PUN - IND	045
342.2(1b)	2160	.5	POSSESS DEVICE TO OBTAIN COMPUTER SERVICE - PUN - SC	045
343.(a-c)	1610	•	ROBBERY: VIOL/BOD HARM/ASS W/INTENT - DEF	021
343.(d)	1610		ROBBERY WITH OFFENSIVE WEAPON - DEF	019
343.(d)	1610		ROBBERY WITH OFFENSIVE WEAPON - DEF	020
344.	1610	25	ROBBERY - PUN	019-021
345.	1610	25	STOPPING MAIL W/INTENT TO ROB/SEARCH	021
346.(1)	1620		EXTORTION - DEF	073
346.(1.1)	1620	25	EXTORTION - PUN	073
347.(1ab)	3780		CRIM INTEREST RATE: AGREE/RECEIVE - DEF	073

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347.(1c)	3780	5	CRIMINAL INTEREST RATE - PUN - IND	073
347.(1d)	3780	6 M	CRIMINAL INTEREST RATE - PUN - SC	073
348.(1a-c)	2120	O IVI	BREAK & ENTER W/INTENT/COMMIT IND OFF - DEF	023-025
348.(1d)	2120	25	B & E IF RESIDENCE - PUN - IND	024
348.(1e)	2120	10	B & E IF NON-RESID - PUN - IND	023
348.(1e)	2120	.5	B & E IF NON-RESID - PUN - SC	023
349.(1)	2120	10	BEING UNLAWFULLY IN DWELLING-HOUSE	024
351.(1,2)	3780	10	POSS HOUSE-BREAK INSTR/DISGUISE W/INTENT	073
352.	3780	2	POSS INSTRUMENT TO BREAK MONEY DEVICES	073
353.(1ab)	3780	2	SELL/POSSESS/BUY AUTO MASTER KEY	073
353.(3ab)	3780		FAIL TO REC TRANS OF KEY - DEF	073
353.(4)	3780	.5	FAIL TO REC TRANS OF KEY - PUN - SC	073
354.(1,2)	2150		POSSESSION OF PROPERTY OBTAINED BY CRIME - PEF	041
355.(a)	2150	10	POSS STOLEN PROPERTY - > \$5000 - PUN - IND	041
355.(bi)	2150	2	POSS STOLEN PROPERTY - <= \$5000 - PUN - INI	041
355.(bii)	2150	.5	POSS STOLEN PROPERTY - <= \$5000 - PUN - SC	041
356.(1a)	2130	10	THEFT FROM MAIL - > \$5000 - PUN - IND (5)	035
356.(1b)	2150	10	POSSESSION OF MATTER STOLEN FRC. 1 MAII	041
357.	2150	10	BRING STOLEN PROPERTY INTO CAMADA	041
361.(1,2)	2160		FALSE PRETENCE/EXAGGERATED COMIN ENDATION - DEF	045
362.(1ab)	2160		THEFT BY FRAUD/OBT CREDIT LY 1 PAUD - DEF	045
362.(1c)	2160		FALSE STATEMENT IN WRITING - CHEQUE - DEF	043
362.(1cd)	2160		FALSE STATEMENT - OTHER: MAKE/KNOW OF - DEF	045
362.(2a)	2160	10	FALSE PRET > \$5000 - \$.362(1a) PUN - IND	045
362.(2bi)	2160	2	FALSE PRET <= \$5000 - S., C2(1a) - PUN - IND	045
362.(2bii)	2160	.5	FALSE PRET <= \$5.70 - \$.362(1a) - PUN - SC	045
362.(3)	2160	10	OBT CREDIT - S 362(1, d) - PUN - IND	045
362.(4,5)	2160		FALSE PRETENCE CHEQUE - DEF	043
363.(ab)	2160	5	OBTAIN TXE JUTION OF SECURITY BY FRAUD	045
364.(1)	2160	.5	OBTAIN FC 1D/b=V/LODGING BY FRAUD	045
364.(2a-e)	2160	.5	OB TAIN F YOL/BEV/LODGING BY FRAUD - OTHER	045
364.(2f)	2160	.5	OB1 VIN FC OD/BEV/LODGING - CHEQUE	043
364.(3)	2160		OSTAIN FOOD/BEV/LODGING - CHEQUE - DEF	043
365.(a-c)	2160	.5	P. ACTISE OF WITCHCRAFT/SORCERY, ETC	045
366.(1,2)	2160		ORGERY/MAKING A FALSE DOCUMENT - DEF	045
367.(a)	2160	10	FORGERY - PUN - IND	045
367.(b)	2160	.5	FORGERY - PUN - SC	045
368.(1ab)	2160		UTTER/CAUSE/DEAL WITH FORGED DOCUMENT - DEF	045
368.(1c)	2160	,0	UTTER/CAUSE/DEAL WITH FORGED DOCUMENT - PUN - IND	045
368.(1d)	2160	.5	UTTER/CAUSE/DEAL WITH FORGED DOCUMENT - PUN - SC	045
369.(a-c)	2160	14	MAKE/POSS REVENUE PAPER/FORGING EQUIP/SEAL	045
370.(ab)	2167	5	PRINT/TENDER COUNTERFEIT PROCLAMATION, ETC	045
371.	2160	5	INT TO DEFRAUD: TELEGRAM IN FALSE NAME	045
372.(1)	2160	2	FALSE MESSAGES BY RADIO/PHONE/LETTER, ETC	045
372.(2,3)	3530	.5	INDECENT/HARRASSING TELEPHONE CALLS	073
374.(ab)	2160	14	DRAW/EXEC DOCUMENT W/OUT AUTH TO DEFRAUD	045
375.	2160	14	OBTAIN BY INSTRUMENT BASED ON FORGED DOC	045
376.(1,2)	2160	14	FRAUDULENTLY USE/POSS/COUNTERFEIT STAMPS	045
377.(1a-d)	2160	5	DAMAGE DOCUMENT/FRAUDULENT REGIS/ELEC DOC	045
378.(a-c)	2160	5	OFFENCES IN RELATION TO REGISTERS	045
380.(1a)	2160	14	FRAUD: MONEY/PROP/SECURITY > \$5000 - PUN - IND	045
380.(1bi)	2160	2	FRAUD: MONEY/PROP/SEC <= \$5000 - PUN - IND	045
380.(1bii)	2160	.5	FRAUD: MONEY/PROP/SEC <= \$5000 - PUN - SC	045
380.(2)	2160	14	FRAUD AFFECTING PUBLIC MARKET	045
381.	2160	2	FRAUD THROUGH MAILS	045
382.(a-c)	2160	10	FRAUDULENT MANIP OF STOCK EXCHANGE TRANS	045

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. 100 .000 (.)	0022	[-]		3322
382.1(1)(a-e)	2160		FRAUD: PROHIBITED INSIDER TRADING - DEF	045
382.1(1)	2160	10	FRAUD: PROHIBITED INSIDER TRADING - PUN - IND	045
382.1(2)a)	2160	5	FRAUD: TIPPING - PUN - IND	045
382.1(2)b)	2160	.5	FRAUD: TIPPING - PUN - SC	045
383.(1ab)	2160	5	FRAUD GAMING IN STOCKS, MERCHANDISE	045
384.(ab)	2160	5	BROKER REDUC STOCK BY SELL FOR OWN ACCT	045
385.(1ab)	2160	2	FRAUDULENT CONCEALMENT OF TITLES	045
386.(a-c)	2160	5	FRAUDULENTLY REGISTER TITLE	045
387.	2160	2	FRAUDULENT SALE OF REAL PROPERTY	045
388.(ab)	2160	2	FRAUDULENT/MISLEADING RECEIPT: GIVE/ACCEPT	045
389.(1ab)	2160	2	FRAUDULENT DISPOSAL OF GOODS: DELIV/ASSIST	045
390.(ab)	2160	2	FRAUDULENT RECEIPTS UNDER BANK ACT	045
392.(ab)	2160	2	DEFRAUD CREDITIORS: DISPOSE/RECEIVE PROP	045
393.(1,2)	2160	2	FRAUD RE FARES/OBTAIN TRANSPO BY FRAUD - PUN - IND	045
393.(3)	2160	.5	FRAUD RE FARES/OBTAIN TRANSPO BY FRAUD - PUN SC	045
394.(1ab)	2160		FRAUD IN RELATION TO MINERALS - DEF	045
394.(5)	2160	5	FRAUD IN RELATION TO MINERALS - PUN - IND	045
396.(1ab)	2160	10	FRAUD OFFENCES IN RELATION TO MINTS	045
397.(1,2)	2160	5	FALSIFY BOOKS, ETC/PRIVY TO COMM'SSION	045
398.	2160	.5	FALISFY EMPLOYMENT RECORD	045
399.(ab)	2160	5	FALSE RETURN BY PUBLIC OF CE. SUN/BALANCE	045
400.(1a-c)	2160	10	FALSE PROSPECTUS W/INT'-INT OBTAIN TRANSPO BY FALSE/I, "ISLEAD BILLING	045
401.(1) 402.(1a-c)	2160 2160	.5 2	TRADER FAILING TO KEEP ACCUUNTS	045 045
402.(1a-c) 403.(a-c)	2160	10	PERSONATION WITH INTENT - PUN - IND	045
403.(a-c)	2160	.5	PERSONATION WINTENT - PUN - SC	045
404.	2160	.5	PERSONATION AT EX. MINATION	045
405.	2160	5	ACKNOWLEDGE INC TRUMENT IN FALSE NAME	045
406.(ab)	2160	· ·	FORGIN: Th ADE MARK: MAKE/FALSIFY - DEF	045
407.	2160		FORCING CELENCE - DEF	045
408.(ab)	2160		PASSING OFF - WARES/SERVICES - DEF	045
409.(1)	2160		POS 3 INSTRU FOR FORGING TRADE MARK - DEF	045
410.(ab)	2160		OTHER OFF IN RELATION TO TRADE MARKS - DEF	045
411.	2160		S, I.E OF USED GOODS W/OUT DISCLOSURE - DEF	045
412.(1a)	2160	2	3.407-411 - PUN - IND	045
412.(1b)	2160	.5	S.407-411 - PUN - SC	045
413.	2160	.5	FALSELY CLAIMING ROYAL WARRANT	045
415.(a-e)	3790		OFFENCES IN RELATION TO WRECK - DEF	073
415.(f)	3790	3	OFFENCES IN RELATION TO WRECK - PUN - IND	073
415.(g)	3790	.5	OFFENCES IN RELATION TO WRECK - PUN - SC	073
417.(1ab)	3790	2	APPLY/REMOVE DISTING MARKS W/OUT AUTHOR	073
417.(2a)	3751	2	UNLAWFUL TRANS IN PUBLIC STORES - PUN - IND	073
417.(2b)	3790	.5	UNLAWFUL TRANS IN PUBLIC STORES - PUN - SC	073
418.(1,2ab)	3790	14	SELL DEFECT STORES TO H.M./OFF BY EMPLOYEE UNLAWFUL USE OF MILITARY UNIFORMS/CERTIF	073 073
419.(a-d) 420.(1a)	3790 3790	.5 5	BUY/RECEIVE MILITARY STORES - PUN - IND	073
420.(1a) 420.(1b)	3790	.5	BUY/RECEIVE MILITARY STORES - PUN - SC	073
420.(1b) 422.(1a-e)	3790	.5	CRIMINAL BREACH OF CONTRACT - DEF	073
422.(1a-e) 422.(1f)	3790	5	CRIM BREACH - PUN - IND	073
422.(11)	3790	.5	CRIM BREACH - PUN - SC	073
423.(1a-g)	3791	5	INTIMIDATION - VIOLENCE/THREAT, ETC - PUN - IND	073
423.(1a-g)	3791	.5	INTIMIDATION - VIOLENCE/THREAT, ETC - PUN - SC	073
423.1(3)	3791	14	INTIMIDATION OF JUSTICE SYSTEM PARTICIPANT	073
424.	3790	5	THREAT TO INTERNATIONALLY PROTECTED PERSON	073
425.(a-c)	3790	.5	OFFENCES BY EMPLOYERS	073
425.1(1)(a-b)	3790		THREAT AND RETALIATION AGAINST EMPLOYEES - DEF	073

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425.1(2)a)	3790	5	THREAT AND RETALIATION AGAINST EMPLOYEES - PUN - IND	073
425.1(2)b)	3790	.5	THREAT AND RETALIATION AGAINST EMPLOYEES - PUN - SC	073
426.(1ab)	3790	.0	SECRET COMMISSIONS: BRIBE/DECEIVE - DEF	073
426.(2)	3790		PRIVY TO COMMISSIONS OF S.426(1) OFF - DEF	073
426.(3)	3790	5	SECRET COMMISSIONS - S.426 - PUN	073
427.(1,2)	3790	.5	ISSUE/SELL TRADING STAMPS	073
430.(1a-d)	2170		MISCHIEF: DAMAGE PROP/OBSTRUCT PERS, ETC - VALUE ? - DEF	072
430.(1a-d)	2172		MISCHIEF: DAMAGE PROP/OBSTRUCT PERS, ETC - > \$5000 - DEF	071
430.(1a-d)	2174		MISCHIEF: DAMAGE PROP/OBSTRUCT PERS, ETC - <= \$5000 - DFF	072
430.(1.1a-d)	2170		MISCHIEF RE. DATA - <= \$5000 - DEF	072
430.(1.1a-d)	2170		MISCHIEF RE. DATA - > \$5000 - DEF	071
430.(2)	1630	25	MISCHIEF: CAUSE DANGER TO LIFE - PUN - IND	073
430.(3a)	2172	10	MISCHIEF TO PROP > \$5000 - PUN - IND	071
430.(3b)	2172	.5	MISCHIEF TO PROP > \$5000 - PUN - SC	071
430.(4a)	2174	2	MISCHIEF TO PROP <= \$5000 - PUN - IND	072
430.(4b)	2174	.5	MISCHIEF TO PROP <= \$5000 - PUN - SC	072
430.(4.1a)	2170	10	MISCHIEF TO RELIG PROP MOTIVATED BY HATE - PON - IND	071
430.(4.1a)	2170	10	MISCHIEF TO RELIG PROP MOTIVATED CY HAVE - PUN - IND	072
430.(4.1b)	2170	18 M	MISCHIEF TO RELIG PROP MOTIVATED BY HATE - PUN - SC	071
430.(4.1b)	2170	18 M	MISCHIEF TO RELIG PROP MOTIVATED BY HATE - PUN - SC	072
430.(5a)	2170	10	MISCHIEF RE. DATA - PUN - INC	071
430.(5a)	2170	10	MISCHIEF RE. DATA - PUN - 'ND	072
430.(5b)	2170	.5	MISCHIEF RE. DATA - PUN - SC	071
430.(5b)	2170	.5	MISCHIEF RE. DATA - PUN - SC	072
430.(5.1a)	2170	5	WIL ACT/OMIS LIKELY 10 CAUSE MISCHIEF - PUN - IND	073
430.(5.1b)	2170	.5	WIL ACT/OMIS LIKL: Y TO CAUSE MISCHIEF - PUN - SC	073
431.	1630	14	ENDANGER INTERNAL ONALLY PROTECTED PERSON	073
431.1	1630	14	ENDANGER UNITED VATIONS PERSONNEL	073
431.2(1)	1630		USE EXP ON IVE/UNITED NATIONS PERSONNEL - DEF	073
431.2(2)	1630	25	USE FYPLC SIVE UNITED NATIONS PERSONNEL - PUN - IND	073
433.(ab)	1629	25	AR(3ON -) ISI, ÉGARD FOR HUMAN LIFE	060
434.	2110	14	ARS ON - DAMAGE TO PROPERTY	060
434.1	2110	14	4F3ON - OWN PROPERTY	060
435.(1)	2110	10	AL'SON FOR FRAUDULENT PURPOSE	060
436.(1)	2110	5	ARSON BY NEGLIGENCE	060
436.1	2110	5	POSSESSION OF INCENDIARY MATERIAL FALSE FIRE ALARM - PUN - IND	060
437.(a)	3810	2		073 073
437.(b) 438.(1ab)	3810 3810	.5	FALSE FIRE ALARM - PUN - SC INTERFERE WITH SAVING OF WRECKED VESSEL	073
438.(2)	3810	.5	INTERFERE WITH SAVING OF WRECKED VESSEL INTERFERE WITH SAVING OF WRECK	073
439.(1)	3810	.5	FASTEN VESSEL TO SIGNAL/BUOY	073
439.(2)	3817	10	WILFULLY ALTER/INTERFERE W/MARINE SIGNAL	073
440.	3810	2	REMOVE NATURAL BAR NECESSARY TO HARBOUR	073
441.	3810	5	OCCUPANT INJURES BUILDING	073
442.	3810	.5	INTERFERE WITH BOUNDARY LINE	073
443.(1ab)	3810	5	INTERFERE W/INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY MARK	073
444.(ab)	3810	5	INJURE OR ENDANGER CATTLE	073
445.(ab)	3810	.5	INJURE OR ENDANGER OTHER ANIMALS	073
446.(1a-g)	3810	-	CAUSING ANIMALS UNNECESSARY SUFF - DEF	073
446.(2)	3810	.5	CAUSING ANIMALS UNNECESSARY SUFF - PUN - SC	073
446.(5)	3810	PROH2 (4)	PROHIBITION ORDER OF ANIMAL OR BIRD	073
446.(6)	3810	.5	BREACH OF PROH ORDER S.446(5)	073
447.(1)	3810	.5	BUILD/MAINTAIN/KEEP A COCK-PIT	073
449.	3420	14	MAKING COUNTERFEIT MONEY	062
450.(a-c)	3420	14	COUNTERFEIT MONEY: BUY/POSSESS/IMPORT	062
451.(a-c)	3420	5	GOLD/SILVER FILING/CLIPPING/BULLION/DUST	062

CC	UCR	MAXIMUM	PERCENTION	UCR
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452.(ab)	3420	14	UTTER/EXPORT COUNTERFEIT MONEY	062
453.(ab)	3420	2	INTENT TO DEFRAUD: UTTER COIN/SLUG	062
454.(ab)	3420	.5	PRODUCE/SELL/POSSESS FRAUDULENT COIN	062
455.(ab)	3820	14	CLIPPING/UTTERING CLIPPED COIN	073
456.(ab)	3820	.5	DEFACE COIN/UTTER DEFACED COIN	073
457.(1ab)	3820		PRINT/CIRCULATE IN LIKENESS OF NOTE/SECURITY - DEF	073
457.(3)	3820	.5	PRINT/CIRCULATE IN LIKENESS OF NOTE/SECURITY	073
458.(a-d)	3820	14	COUNTERFEITING: MAKE/SELL/POSS INSTRUMENT	073
459.(a-c)	3820	14	CONVEY INSTR/PART/COIN/ETC OUT OF MINT	073
460.(1ab)	3420	5	ADVERTISE TO SELL/DEAL COUNTERFEIT MONEY	062
462.2(a)	3890	6 M	INSTR/LITERATURE - DRUG USE - 1ST OFF - PUN - SC	073
462.2(b)	3890	1	INSTR/LITERATURE - DRUG USE - 2ND OFF - PUN - SC	073
462.31(1ab)	3825		LAUNDERING PROCEEDS OF CRIME - DEF	073
462.31(2a)	3825	10	LAUNDERING PROCEEDS OF CRIME - PUN - IND	073
462.31(2b)	3825	.5	LAUNDERING PROCEEDS OF CRIME - PUN - SC	073
462.33(11)	3825	2	RESTRAINT ORDER VIOLATION - PUN - IND	073
462.33(11)	3825	.5	RESTRAINT ORDER VIOLATION - PUN - SC	073
463.(a)	3830	14	ATTEMPT/ACCESSORY TO IND OFFENCT PUN - INDLIF	073
463.(b)	3830	7	ATTEMPT/ACCESSORY TO IND OFFERICE - PUN - IND14	073
463.(c)	3830	.5	ATTEMPT/ACCESSORY TO SC OFF ENCE PUN - SC	073
463.(di)	3830	IND (6)	ATTEMPT/ACCESSORY TO HYB. 1D FFENCE - PUN - IND	073
463.(dii)	3830	.5	ATTEMPT/ACCESSORY TO FYBRIL OFFENCE - PUN - SC	073
464.(a)	3830	IND (7)	COUNSELLING OFFENCE NOT COMMITTED - PUN - IND	073
464.(b)	3830 1220	.5 25	COUNSELLING OFFENCE NOT 6, MMITTED - PUN - SC CONSPIRE TO COMMIT MULTDER - PUN - IND	073 073
465.(1a) 465.(1bi)	3830	10	CONSPIRE TO PROPERTY OF PUN - INDLIF/14	073
465.(1bii)	3830	5	CONSPIRE TO PROSE SUTE - PUN - IND < 14	073
465.(1c)	3830	IND (8)	CONSPIRE TO COM. IT INDICTABLE OFFENCE - PUN - IND	073
465.(1d)	3830	.5	CONSPLEE 1) COMMIT SC OFFENCE - PUN - SC	073
467.1(1)	3890	.0	PARTICIPA JOIN IN CRIMINAL ORGANIZATION - DEF	073
467.11 (1)	3842	5	PARTICIF. TION IN ACTIVITIES OF CRIMINAL ORGANIZATION	073
467.12(1)	3841	14	COI MISSION OF OFFENCE FOR CRIMINAL ORGANIZATION	073
467.13 (1)	3840	25	INSTRUCT OFFENCE FOR CRIMINAL ORGANIZATION	073
486.(3)	3890		O. DER RESTRICTING PUBLICATION OF ID - DEF	073
486.(5)	3890	.5	AIL TO COMPLY WITH S.486(3) ORDER	073
487.08(3)	3890	.5	DNA - USE OF RESULTS	073
487.08(4a)	3890	2	DNA - USE OF BOD. SUBSTANCE ORDER/USE RESULTS - PUN - IND	073
487.08(4b)	3890	6 1	DNA - USE OF BOD. SUBSTANCE ORDER/USE RESULTS - PUN - SC	073
487.2(1ab)	3890	5	PUBLISH INFORMATION RE SEARCH WARRANT	073
517.(1ab)	3890	Y	PUBLISHING BAN FOR SPECIFIED PERIOD - DEF	073
517.(2)	3890	.5	FAIL TO COMPLY WITH PUBLISHING BAN	073
539.(1a-d)	3851	_	ORDER DIRECTING EVIDENCE NOT BE PUBLISHED - DEF	073
539.(3)	3890	.5	FAIL TO COMPLY WITH S.539(1) ORDER	073
542.(2ab)	3890	.5	PUBL CONFESS/ADMISSION TENDERED AS EVID	073
545.(1a-d)	3890	8 DAYS	WITNESS REFUSES TO BE EXAMINED - DEF/PUN	073 073
605.(1) 605.(2)	3890 3890	.5	ORDER RELEASE OF EXHIBITS FOR TESTING - DEF FAIL TO COMPLY WITH RELEASE ORDER	073
648.(1)	3890	.5	RESTR ON PUBLICATION WHILE JURY SEPAR - DEF	073
648.(2)	3890	.5	RESTR ON PUBLICATION WHILE JURY SEPAR - DEF	073
649.(ab)	3890	.5	DISCLOSURE OF JURY PROCEEDINGS	073
672.37(3)	3890	.5	MISUSE APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL EMPLOYMENT	073
708.(1)	3890		CONTEMPT: FAIL TO ATTEND COURT - DEF	073
708.(2)	3890	90 DAYS	CONTEMPT: FAIL TO ATTEND COURT - PUN - SC	073
733.1(1a)	3520	2	FAIL TO COMPLY PROBATION ORDER - PUN - IND	073
733.1(1b)	3520	18 M	FAIL TO COMPLY PROBATION ORDER - PUN - SC	073
753.3(1)	3520	10	BREACH OF LONG-TERM ORDER	073

UCR	MAXIMUM		UCR
VIOLATION	PENALTY	DESCRIPTION	OFF
CODE	[2]		CODE
3410	1	FAIL/REFUSE TO ENTER INTO RECOGNIZANCE	073
3410	1	WHEN FEAR OF CERTAIN OFFENCES	073
3410	1	WHERE FEAR OF SEXUAL OFFENCE	073
3410	1	WHERE FEAR OF SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY OFFENCE	073
3410	2	BREACH OF RECOGNIZANCE UNDER S.810 - PUN - IND	073
3410	.5	BREACH OF RECOGNIZANCE UNDER S.810 - PUN - SC	073
	VIOLATION CODE 3410 3410 3410 3410 3410	VIOLATION PENALTY CODE [2] 3410 1 3410 1 3410 1 3410 1 3410 2	VIOLATION CODE [2] 3410 1 FAIL/REFUSE TO ENTER INTO RECOGNIZANCE 3410 1 WHEN FEAR OF CERTAIN OFFENCES 3410 1 WHERE FEAR OF SEXUAL OFFENCE 3410 1 WHERE FEAR OF SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY OFFENCE 3410 2 BREACH OF RECOGNIZANCE UNDER S.810 - PUN - IND

CONTROLL	ED DRUGS AND	SUBSTANC	CES ACT (CDSA)	
4. (1)	4110-4140		POSSESSION OF SUBSTANCE - DEF	075/079/083/087
4.(2a-b)	4130		FAIL TO DISCLOSE PREVIOUS PRESCRIPTION - DEF	083
4.(3a)	4110	7	POSSESSION SCHEDULE I: HEROIN - PUN - IND	075
4.(3a)	4120	7	POSSESSION SCHEDULE I: COCAINE - PUN - IND	079
4.(3a)	4130	7	POSSESSION SCHEDULE I: OTHER DRUGS - PUN - IND	083
4.(3bi)	4110	6 M	POSSESSION SCHEDULE I: HEROIN - 1ST OFF - PUN - C	075
4.(3bi)	4120	6 M	POSSESSION SCHEDULE I: COCAINE - 1ST OFF - PUN - 3C	079
4.(3bi)	4130	6 M	POSSESS SCHEDULE I: OTHER DRUGS - 15T OFF - FUN - SC	083
4.(3bii)	4110	1	POSSESSION SCHEDULE I: HEROIN - SUDS OFF - PUN - SC	075
4.(3bii)	4120	1	POSSESSION SCHEDULE I: COCAINE SUBS OFF - PUN - SC	079
4.(3bii)	4130	1	POSSESS SCHEDULE I: OTHER DRUGS - YULS OFF - PUN - SC	083
4.(4a)	4140	5	POSSESSION SCHEDULE II: CA, 'NA, 'IS - PUN - IND	087
4.(4bi)	4140	6 M	POSSESS SCHED II: CANNA'SIS/DE PIVATIVE - 1ST OFF - PUN - SC	087
4.(4bii)	4140	1	POSSESS SCHED II: CANNABI \"/DERIVATIVE - SUBS OFF - PUN - SC	087
4.(5)	4140	6 M	POSSESS SCHEDULE (1: CANNAL 'S <= SCHEDULE VIII - PUN - SC	087
4.(6a)	4130	3	POSSESSION SCHEDULE PRUGS - PUN - IND	083
4.(6bi)	4130	6 M	POSSESSION SCH. PULL III DRUGS - PUN - SC	083
4.(6bii)	4130	1	POSSESSION SCHEDL' E III DRUGS - SUBS OFF - PUN - SC	083
4.(7ai)	4130	7	FAIL TO DISCLOSE 3 CHEDULE I DRUGS - PUN - IND	083
4.(7aii)	4130	5	FAIL TO VISCLOSE SCHEDULE II DRUGS - PUN - IND	083
4.(7aiii)	4130	3	FAIL TO DICCLOSE SCHEDULE III DRUGS - PUN - IND	083
4.(7aiv)	4130	18 M	FAI . TO L SC_OSE SCHEDULE IV DRUGS - PUN - IND	083
4.(7bi)	4130	6 M	FAIL DISCLOSE PREVIOUS PRESCRIPTION - 1ST OFF - PUN - SC	083
4.(7bii)	4130	1	FAIL DISCLOSE PREVIOUS PRESCRIPTION - SUBS OFF - PUN - SC	083
5.(1)	4210-4240		Ti AFFICKING IN SUBSTANCE - DEF	076/080/084/088
5. (2)	4210-4240		NTENT TO TRAFFIC IN SUBSTANCE - DEF	076/080/084/088
5.(3a)	4210	25	TRAFFICKING SCHEDULE I: HEROIN	076
5.(3a)	4210	25	INTENT TO TRAFFIC SCHEDULE I: HEROIN	076
5.(3a)	4220	25	TRAFFICKING SCHEDULE I: COCAINE	080
5.(3a)	4220	?5	INTENT TO TRAFFIC SCHEDULE I: COCAINE	080
5.(3a)	4230	2:	TRAFFICKING SCHEDULE I: OTHER DRUGS	084
5.(3a)	4230	25	INTENT TO TRAFFIC SCHEDULE I: OTHER DRUGS	084
5.(3a)	4247	25	TRAFFICKING SCHEDULE II: CANNABIS	088
5.(3a)	4240	25	INTENT TO TRAFFIC SCHEDULE II: CANNABIS	088
5.(3bi)	4230	10	TRAFFICKING SCHEDULE III DRUGS - PUN - IND	084
5.(3bii)	4230	18 M	INTENT TO TRAFFIC SCHEDULE III DRUGS - PUN - SC	084
5.(3ci)	4230	3	TRAFFICKING SCHEDULE IV DRUGS - PUN - IND	084
5.(3ci)	4230	3	INTENT TO TRAFFIC SCHEDULE IV DRUGS - PUN - IND	084
5.(3cii)	4230	1	TRAFFICKING SCHEDULE IV DRUGS - PUN - SC	084
5.(3cii)	4230	1	INTENT TO TRAFFIC SCHEDULE IV DRUGS - PUN - SC	084
5.(4)	4240	5	TRAFFICKING SCHEDULE II: CANNABIS <= SCHEDULE VII	088
5.(4)	4240	5	INTENT TO TRAFFIC SCHEDULE II: CANNABIS <= SCHEDULE VII	088
6. (1)	4310-4340		IMPORTING AND EXPORTING - DEF	077/081/085/089
6. (2)	4310-4340		INTENT TO IMPORT AND EXPORT - DEF	077/081/085/089
6.(3a)	4310	25	IMPORTING/EXPORT SCHEDULE I: HEROIN	077
6.(3a)	4310	25	INTENT TO EXPORT SCHEDULE I: HEROIN	077
6.(3a)	4320	25	IMPORTING/EXPORT SCHEDULE I: COCAINE	081

CC	UCR	MAXIMUM		UCR
C-46	VIOLATION	PENALTY	DESCRIPTION	OFF
RSC 1985 (1)	CODE		DESCRIPTION	CODE
K3C 1965 (1)	CODE	[2]		CODE
6.(3a)	4320	25	INTENT TO EXPORT SCHEDULE I: COCAINE	081
6.(3a)	4330	25	IMPORTING/EXPORT SCHEDULE I: OTHER DRUGS	085
6.(3a)	4330	25	INTENT TO EXPORT SCHEDULE I: OTHER DRUGS	085
6.(3a)	4340	25	IMPORTING/EXPORT SCHEDULE II: CANNABIS	089
6.(3a)	4340	25	INTENT TO EXPORT SCHEDULE II: CANNABIS	089
6.(3bi)	4330	10	IMPORTING SCHEDULE III OR VI DRUGS - PUN - IND	085
6.(3bi)	4330	10	INTENT TO EXPORT SCHEDULE III OR VI DRUGS - PUN - IND	085
6.(3bii)	4330	18 M	IMPORTING SCHEDULE III OR VI DRUGS - PUN - SC	085
6.(3bii)	4330	18 M	INTENT TO EXPORT SCHEDULE III OR VI DRUGS - PUN - SC	085
6.(3ci)	4330	3	IMPORTING SCHEDULE IV OR V DRUGS - PUN - IND	085
6.(3ci)	4330	3	INTENT TO EXPORT SCHEDULE IV OR V DRUGS - PUN - INC	085
6.(3cii)	4330	1	IMPORTING SCHEDULE IV OR V DRUGS - PUN - SC	085
6.(3cii)	4330	1	INTENT TO EXPORT SCHEDULE IV OR V DRUGS - PUN - SC	085
7.(1)	4310-4440	•	PRODUCTION OF SUBSTANCE - DEF	077/080/085/090
7.(2a)	4310	25	PRODUCTION SCHEDULE I: HEROIN	077
7.(2a)	4320	25	PRODUCTION SCHEDULE I: COCAINE	081
7.(2a)	4330	25	PRODUCTION SCHEDULE I OR II: OTHER DRUGS	085
7.(2a)	4340	25	PRODUCTION SCHEDULE I OR II: OTHE: THAN CANNABIS	085
7.(2b)	4440	7	PRODUCTION SCHEDULE II: CANNADIC	090
7.(2ci)	4330	10	PRODUCTION SCHEDULE III DRUGS - PU, ' - IND	085
7.(2cii)	4330	18 M	PRODUCTION SCHEDULE III DR. 'GS. PUN - SC	085
7.(2di)	4330	3	PRODUCTION SCHEDULE IV DRUCS - PUN - IND	085
7.(2di) 7.(2dii)	4330	1	PRODUCTION SCHEDULE IV L'RUGS - PUN - SC	085
7.(2011)	4000	,	THOSOGNOMOSHESCE WE GOOD TON GO	000
OTHER FEDE	RAL STATUTES			
	6100	3	BANKRUPTCY ACT	096
	6150	5	INCOME TAX ACT	102
	6200	25	CANADA SHI PPING ACT	097
	6250	(9)	CANADA H. ALIII ACT	102
	6300	5	CU STOME ACT	098
	6350	5	CON PETITION ACT	102
	6400	2	FXCISE ACT	099
	6450	.5	YOUTH CRIMINAL JUSTICE ACT	102
	6500	5	MMIGRATION AND REFUGEE PROTECTION ACT	100
	6550	5	FIREARMS ACT	101
	6560	25	NATIONAL DEFENCE ACT	102
	6900	(9	OTHER FEDERAL STATUTE OFFENCES	102
PROVINCIAL S	STATUTE	7		
. I C TITOLAL	7107	(9)	LIQUOR ACT	104
	7200	(9)	SECURITIES ACT	105
	7300	(9)	OTHER PROVINCIAL STATUTES	106
	9510	(9)	FAIL TO STOP OR REMAIN	717
	9520	(9)	DANGEROUS DRIVING WITHOUT DUE ATTENTION	718
	9530	(9)	DRIVING WHILE DISQUALIFIED/LICENSE SUSPENSION	719
	5000	(0)	DITATION OF THE DIOGONALII IED/EIOENOE GOOF ENGION	, 10

*A COMPLETE LISTING OF THE VIOLATION CODES, SECTIONS, AND PENALTIES FOR THE RSC 1970 IS AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST FROM CCJS

FOOTNOTES:

.5 = 6 MONTHS

⁽¹⁾ SECTIONS LISTED IN THE CRIMINAL CODE DATED JANUARY 1, 1991

⁽²⁾ FIGURES REFER TO YEARS OR FRACTIONS OF A YEAR UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED N.B. 25 = LIFE

Table of Concordance: Criminal Code Ascending - UCR 2.*

CC	UCR	MAXIMUM		UCR
C-46	VIOLATION	PENALTY	DESCRIPTION	OFF
RSC 1985 (1)	CODE	[2]		CODE

BLANK = NOT APPLICABLE (EG. DEFINITION)

- (3) SECTIONS LISTED IN THE CRIMINAL CODE DATED JANUARY 1, 1988
- (4) PROHIBITION ORDERS PREVENT THE POSSESSION OF ANY ITEM FOR A SPECIFIED PERIOD OF TIME IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER PUNISHMENT IMPOSED FOR AN OFFENCE
- (5) THIS SECTION HAS BEEN SPLIT ACCORDING TO THE TESTAMENTARY VALUE OF THE PROPERTY, IN ORDER TO MAINTAIN HISTORICAL CONTINUITY WITH THE AGGREGATE UCR SURVEY
- (6) MAXIMUM PENALTY IS LIMITED TO HALF THE LONGEST TERM ALLOWED UPON CONVICTION OF THE INDICTABLE OFFENCE
- (7) MAXIMUM PENALTY IS THE SAME AS FOR ATTEMPTING TO COMMIT AN INDICTABLE OFFENCE
- (8) MAXIMUM PENALTY IS THE SAME AS UPON CONVICTION OF THE INDICTABLE OFFENCE
- (9) MAXIMUM PENALTIES NOT SPECIFIED BECAUSE OF VARIABILITY AMONG PROVINCIAL OR MUNICIPAL JURISD. "TIONS

ABBREVIATIONS

? UNKNOWN 1ST OFF FIRST OFFENCE 2ND OFF SECOND OFFENCE

A AIRCRAFT
B BOAT
DEF DEFINITION

IND INDICTABLE CONVICTION

MLA MEMBER OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

MP MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT

MV MOTOR VEHICLE
PUN PUNISHMENT
R RAIL EQUIPMENT
SC SUMMARY CONVICTION

STMT STATEMENT

SUBS OFF SUBSEQUENT OFFENCES

V VESSEL

TABLE 2: UCR VIOLATION CODES (ASCENDING ORDER)

FORTHERMATION

UCR	CC	MAXIMUM		UCR
VIOLATION	C-46	PENALTY	DESCRIPTION	OFF
CODE	RSC 1985 (1)	[2]		CODE
1110	229.(a-c)		MURDER WITH INTENT - DEF	002
1110	231.(2-5)		FIRST DEGREE MURDER - POLICE, ETC - DEF	002
1110	235.(1)	25	MURDER - PUN	002
1120	231.(7)		SECOND DEGREE MURDER - DEF	003
1120	235.(1)	25	SECOND DEGREE MURDER - PUN	003
1130	232.(1,2)		MURD REDUCED TO MANSL - PASSION/PROVOC - DEF	004
1130	234.		MANSLAUGHTER - DEF	004
1130	236.(ab)	25	MANSLAUGHTER - PUN - IND	004
1130	263.(1,2)		SAFEGUARD OPENING IN ICE/LAND - IF DEATH - DEF	073
1130	263.(3a)	25	SAFEGUARD OPENING - IF DEATH - PUN	073
1140	233.		INFANTICIDE - DEF	005
1140	237.	5	INFANTICIDE - PUN	005
1150	219.(1ab)		CRIMINAL NEGLIGENCE - DUTY - ACT/OMISSION - DFF	073
1150	220.(ab)	25	CRIMINAL NEGLIGENCE CAUSING DEATH - PUN - IND	073
1160	46.(1a)		HIGH TREASON - KILL HER MAJESTY - DEF	073
1160	47.(1)	25	HIGH TREASON - S.46(1a) - PUN	073
1160	238.(1)	25	KILLING UNBORN CHILD IN ACT OF BIRTH	073
1160	241.(ab)	14	COUNSEL, ETC TO COMMIT SUICIDE - CAUSE DEATH	073
1160	242.	5	NEGLECT TO OBTAIN ASSIST IN CHILDBIRTH	073
1160	247.(5)	25	TRAP CAUSING DEATH - PUN - INI	073
1210	239.(ab)	25	ATTEMPTED MURDER	006
1220	465.(1a)	25	CONSPIRE TO COMMIT MURDER - PUN - IND	073
1310	273.(1)		AGGRAVATED SEXUAL ASSA 'LT - DÉF	202
1310	273.(2a)	25	AGGRAVATED SEXUA' ASSAUL PUN	202
1320	272.(1)		SEX. ASSAULT W/WEAP./>. 'PEAT/CAUSE BOD HARM - DEF	203
1320	272.(2)	14	SEX. ASSAULT W/ 'EAP./THREAT/CAUSE BOD HARM - PUN - IND	203
1330	271.(1a)	10	SEXUAL ASS^!JLT F \ 'N - IND	204
1330	271.(1b)	18 M	SEXUAL ASSAULT PUN - SC	204
1340	151.	10	SEXUAL INTERFERENCE - PUN - IND	213
1340	151.	.5	SEXUAL IN TERFERENCE - PUN - SC	213
1340	152	10	IN' ITATION O SEXUAL TOUCHING - PUN - IND	213
1340	152	.5	INV TATION TO SEXUAL TOUCHING - PUN - SC	213
1340	153.(1ab)	5	S'LXUAL EXPLOITATION - PUN - IND	213
1340	153.(1ab)	.5	S TXUAL EXPLOITATION - PUN - SC	213
1340	155.(1)		'NCEST - DEF	213
1340	155.(2)	14	INCEST - PUN	213
1340	159.(1-3)	10	ANAL INTERCOURSE - PUN - IND	213
1340	159.(1-3)	.;	ANAL INTERCOURSE - PUN - SC	213
1340	160.(1-3)	10	BESTIALITY - COMMIT/COMPEL/INCITE PERS < 14	213
1340	160.(1-7)	.5	BESTIALITY - COMMIT/COMPEL/INCITE PERS < 14	213
1410	212(2.1)	14	AGGREVATED ASSAULT/AVAILS OF PROSTITUTION < 18 YRS	048
1410	260 (1)		AGGRAVATED ASSAULT - DEF	207
1410	268.(১)	14	AGGRAVATED ASSAULT - PUN	207
1420	267.(ab)	10	ASSAULT WITH WEAPON/CAUSING BODILY HARM - PUN - IND	206
1420	267.(ab)	18 M	ASSAULT WITH WEAPON/CAUSING BODILY HARM - PUN - SC	206
1430	265.(1a-c)		ASSAULT - APPLY FORCE/THREAT/IMPEDE - DEF	205
1430	266.(a)	5	ASSAULT - PUN - IND	205
1430	266.(b)	.5	ASSAULT - PUN - SC	205
1440	247.(2)	10	TRAP CAUSING BODILY HARM - PUN - IND	208
1440	247.(3)	10	TRAP / OFFENCE RELATED PLACE - PUN - IND	208
1440	247.(4)	14	TRAP / OFFENCE RELATED PLACE CAUSING B.H PUN - IND	208
1440	263.(1,2)		SAFEGUARD OPENING IN ICE/LAND - BODILY HARM - DEF	073
1440	263.(3b)	10	SAFEGUARD OPENING - BODILY HARM - PUN	073
1440	269.(a)	10	UNLAWFULLY CAUSING BODILY HARM - PUN - IND	208
1440	269.(b)	18 M	UNLAWFULLY CAUSING BODILY HARM - PUN - SC	208
1450	244.(a-c)	14	DISCHARGE FIREARM WITH INTENT	209

UCR VIOLATION	CC C-46	MAXIMUM PENALTY	DESCRIPTION	UCR OFF
CODE	RSC 1985 (1)	[2]	DESCRIF HON	CODE
1450	244.1(a-c)	14	AIR GUN OR PISTOL: BODILY HARM WITH INTENT - PUN - IND	209
1460	270.(1a)		ASSAULT PEACE OFFICER - POLICE - DEF	210
1460	270.(1a)		ASSAULT PEACE OFFICER - OTHER - DEF	211
1460	270.(2a)	5	ASSAULT - S.270 - POLICE - PUN - IND	210
1460	270.(2a)	5	ASSAULT - S.270 - OTHER - PUN - IND	211
1460	270.(2b)	.5	ASSAULT - S.270 - POLICE - PUN - SC	210
1460	270.(2b)	.5	ASSAULT - S.270 - OTHER - PUN - SC	211
1460	270.1(1)		DISARMING PEACE/PUBLIC OFFICER - DEF	210/211
1460	270.1(3a)	5	DISARMING PEACE/PUBLIC OFFICER - PUN - IND	210/211
1460	270.1(3b)	18 M	DISARMING PEACE/PUBLIC OFFICER - PUN - SC	210/211
1470	219.(1ab)		CRIMINAL NEGLIGENCE - DUTY - ACT/OMISSION - DEF	073
1470	221.	10	CRIMINAL NEGLIGENCE BODILY HARM	073
1480	245.(a)	14	ADMIN NOXIOUS THING: ENDANG LIFE/BOD HARM - PLIN - IND	212
1480	245.(b)	2	ADMIN NOXIOUS THING: AGGRIEVE/ANNOY	212
1480	246.(ab)	25	OVERCOME RESIST TO COMMIT OFFENCE	212
1480	247.(1) (a-b)		TRAP LIKELY TO CAUSE BODILY HARM - DEF	212
1480	247.(1)	5	TRAP LIKELY TO CAUSE BODILY HARM - PUN - IND	212
1480	248.	25	INTERFERE WITH TRANSPORT	212
1480	269.1(1)	14	TORTURE BY OR AUTHORIZED BY CEFICIAL	212
1480	270.(1bc)		ASS PERS - RESIST ARREST/PREYENT & FIZURE - DEF	212
1510	279.(1a-c)		KIDNAP: CONFINE/TRANSPORT HC D FOR RANSOM - DEF	066
1510	279.(1.1ab)	25	KIDNAP: CONFINE/TRANSPORT/HOLD FOR RANSOM - PUN - IND	066
1510	279.(2a)	10	FORCIBLE CONFINEMENT - F IN - IND	066
1510	279.(2b)	18 M	FORCIBLE CONFINEMENT - PUN - SC	066
1520	279.1(1ab)		HOSTAGE TAKING/UTI EN TYREAT RE HOSTAGE - DEF	066
1520	279.1(2)	25	HOSTAGE TAKING PUN	066
1530	281.	10	ABDUCT PEPSON UNDER 14	215
1540	280.(1)	5	ABDUCT PERSON L'NDER 16	216
1545	273.3(1a-c)		REMOV. L C F CHILD FROM CANADA - DEF	216
1545	273.3(2a)	5	REMOVAL OF GAILD FROM CANADA - PUN - IND	216
1545	273.3(2b)	.5	REMOVA Or CHILD FROM CANADA - PUN - SC	216
1550	282.(1a)	10	ABL 'JCT IN CONTRAVENTION CUSTODY ORDER - PUN - IND	217
1550	282.(1b)	.5	ADDUCT IN CONTRAVENTION CUSTODY ORDER - PUN - SC	217
1560	283.(1a)	10	ARDUCT NO CUSTODY ORDER - PUN - IND	218
1560	283.(1b)	.5	ABDUCT NO CUSTODY ORDER - PUN - SC	218
1610	343.(a-c)		ROBBERY: VIOL/BOD HARM/ASS W/INTENT - DEF	021
1610	343.(d)		ROBBERY WITH OFFENSIVE WEAPON - DEF	019
1610	343.(d)		ROBBERY WITH OFFENSIVE WEAPON - DEF	020
1610	344.	25	ROBBERY - PUN	019-021
1610	345.	25	STOPPING MAIL W/INTENT TO ROB/SEARCH	021
1620	346 (1))	EXTORTION - DEF	073
1620	34((1.1)	25	EXTORTION - PUN	073
1625	264.(, 2a-d)		CRIMINAL HARASSMENT-DEF	073
1625	264.(3a)	10	CRIMINAL HARASSMENT - PUN - IND	073
1625	264.(3b)	.5	CRIMINAL HARASSMENT - PUN - SC	073
1627	264.1(1a-c)		UTTER THREATS - PERSON/PROP/ANIMAL - DEF	073
1627	264.1(2a)	5	UTTER THREATS - PERSON - PUN - IND	073
1627	264.1(2b)	18 M	UTTER THREATS - PERSON - PUN - SC	073
1628	80.(a)	25	EXPLOSIVES: BREACH OF DUTY CAUSING DEATH	058
1628	80.(b)	14	EXPLOSIVES: BREACH OF DUTY - INJURE	058
1628	81.(1ab)		EXPLOSIVES: TO CAUSE BODILY HARM/DEATH - DEF	058
1628	81.(2a)	25	EXPLOSIVES: CAUSE BODILY HARM/DEATH - PUN - IND	058
1629	433.(ab)	25	ARSON - DISREGARD FOR HUMAN LIFE	060
1630	46.(1a)	0=	HIGH TREASON - ATTEMPT TO KILL HER MAJESTY - DEF	073
1630	47.(1)	25	HIGH TREASON - S.46(1a) - PUN	073
1630	218.	2	ABANDON CHILD	073

UCR	CC	MAXIMUM		UCR
VIOLATION	C-46	PENALTY	DESCRIPTION	OFF
CODE	RSC 1985 (1)	[2]		CODE
1630	240.	25	ACCESSORY AFTER THE FACT TO MURDER	073
1630	241.(ab)	14	COUNSEL/AID/ABET PERSON TO COMMIT SUICIDE	073
1630	243.	2	CONCEAL BODY OF CHILD - PUN - IND	073
1630	430.(2)	25	MISCHIEF: CAUSE DANGER TO LIFE - PUN - IND	073
1630	431.	14	ENDANGER INTERNATIONALLY PROTECTED PERSON	073
1630	431.1	14	ENDANGER UNITED NATIONS PERSONNEL	073
1630	431.2(1)		USE EXPLOSIVE/UNITED NATIONS PERSONNEL - DEF	073
1630	431.2(2)	25	USE EXPLOSIVE/UNITED NATIONS PERSONNEL - PUN - IND	073
2110	434.	14	ARSON - DAMAGE TO PROPERTY	060
2110	434.1	14	ARSON - OWN PROPERTY	060
2110	435.(1)	10	ARSON FOR FRAUDULENT PURPOSE	060
2110	436.(1)	5	ARSON BY NEGLIGENCE	060
2110	436.1	5	POSSESSION OF INCENDIARY MATERIAL	060
2120	348.(1a-c)		BREAK & ENTER W/INTENT/COMMIT IND OFF - DEF	023-025
2120	348.(1d)	25	B & E IF RESIDENCE - PUN - IND	024
2120	348.(1e)	10	B & E IF NON-RESID - PUN - IND	023
2120	348.(1e)	.5	B & E IF NON-RESID - PUN - SC	023
2120	349.(1)	10	BEING UNLAWFULLY IN DWELLING-HOUGH	024
2130	322.(1-3)		THEFT W/INTENT: DEPRIVE/PLEDGE, TTC ->\$5000 - DEF	032,034,035
2130	323.(1,2)		THEFT OF OYSTERS - > \$5000 - DEF	035
2130	324.		THEFT BY BAILEE OF THINGS C FIZED -> \$5000 - DEF	032,034,035
2130	326.(1ab)		THEFT OF ELECTRIC/GAS/TELEC `ERVICE - > \$5000 - DEF	035
2130	327.(1)	2	POSS DEVICE OBTAIN TELECOM SERVICE - > \$5000 - PUN - IND	035
2130	328.(a-e)		THEFT/SPEC PROP/INTEREST: \ WNER/OTHER - > \$5000 - DEF	032,034,035
2130	330.(1)		THEFT BY PERSON REQ'L TO ACCOUNT - > \$5000 - DEF	035
2130	331.		THEFT BY PERSO W/POWER OF ATTORNEY - > \$5000 - DEF	035
2130	332.(1)		THEFT: MISAPPROPE ATION OF FUNDS - > \$5000 - DEF	035
2130	334.(a)	10	THEFT - > \$5000 - 1 'IN' - IND	032,034,035
2130	338.(2)	10	THEFT (F C ATTLE - > \$5000	035
2130	356.(1a)	10	THEFT FROM INVAIL - PUN - IND	035
2131 (UCR 2.1 only)	322.(1-3)		THEFT W. 'N') ANT: DEPRIVE/PLEDGE, ETC - >\$5000 - DEF	027-030
2131 (UCR 2.1 only)	324.		THL FT BY BAILEE OF THINGS SEIZED - > \$5000 - DEF	027-030
2131 (UCR 2.1 only)	` '		Thefirspec prop/interest: Owner/other - > \$5000 - Def	027-030
2131 (UCR 2.1 only)		10	`i. 'EFT: MV - > \$5000 - PUN - IND	027-030
2131 (UCR 2.1 only)		.5	TAKE MV/VESSEL WITHOUT CONSENT	027-030
2132 (UCR 2.1 only)			THEFT W/INTENT: DEPRIVE/PLEDGE, ETC - >\$5000 - DEF	033
2132 (UCR 2.1 only)	324.		THEFT BY BAILEE OF THINGS SEIZED - > \$5000 - DEF	033
2132 (UCR 2.1 only)	328.(a-e)		THEFT/SPEC PROP/INTEREST: OWNER/OTHER - > \$5000 - DEF	033
2132 (UCR 2.1 only)	334.(a)	10	THEFT FROM MV - >\$5000 - PUN - IND	033
2140	322.(1-7)	Y	THEFT W/INTENT: DEPRIVE/PLEDGE, ETC - <= \$5000 - DEF	037,039,040
2140	323 (1,2,)	THEFT OF OYSTERS - <= \$5000 - DEF	040
2140	32.		THEFT BY BAILEE OF THINGS SEIZED - <= \$5000 - DEF	037,039,040
2140	326.(. ¬b)		THEFT OF ELECTRIC/GAS/TELEC SERVICE - <= \$5000 - DEF	040
2140	327.(1)	2	POSS DEVICE OBTAIN TELECOM SERVICE - <= \$5000 - PUN - IND	040
2140	328.(a-e)		THEFT/SPEC PROP/INTEREST: OWNER/OTHER - <= \$5000 - DEF	037,039,040
2140	330.(1)		THEFT BY PERSON REQ'D TO ACCOUNT - <= \$5000 - DEF	040
2140	331.		THEFT BY PERSON W/POWER OF ATTORNEY - <= \$5000 - DEF	040
2140	332.(1)	2	THEFT: MISAPPROPRIATION OF FUNDS - <= \$5000 - DEF	040
2140	334.(bi)	2	THEFT - <= \$5000 - PUN - IND	037,039,040
2140	334.(bii)	.5	THEFT - <= \$5000 - PUN - SC	037,039,040
2140	338.(2)	2	THEFT OF CATTLE - <= \$5000	040
2141 (UCR 2.1 only)	322.(1-3)		THEFT W/INTENT: DEPRIVE/PLEDGE, ETC - <= \$5000 - DEF	027-030
2141 (UCR 2.1 only)	324		THEFT BY BAILEE OF THINGS SEIZED - <= \$5000 - DEF	027-030
2141 (UCR 2.1 only)	328.(a-e)	2	THEFT/SPEC PROP/INTEREST: OWNER/OTHER - <= \$5000 - DEF	027-030
2141 (UCR 2.1 only)	334.(bi)	2	THEFT: MV - <= \$5000 - PUN - IND	027-030
2141 (UCR 2.1 only)	334.(bii)	.5	THEFT: MV - <= \$5000 - PUN - SC	027-030

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2141 (UCR 2.1 only)	335.(1)	.5	TAKE MV/VESSEL WITHOUT CONSENT	027-030
2142 (UCR 2.1 only)	322.(1-3)	.5	THEFT W/INTENT: DEPRIVE/PLEDGE, ETC - <= \$5000 - DEF	027-030
2142 (UCR 2.1 only)	324		THEFT BY BAILEE OF THINGS SEIZED - <= \$5000 - DEF	038
2142 (UCR 2.1 only)			THEFT/SPEC PROP/INTEREST: OWNER/OTHER - <= \$5000 - DEF	038
2142 (UCR 2.1 only)	334.(bi)	2	THEFT FROM MV - <= \$5000 - PUN - IND	038
2142 (UCR 2.1 only)	334.(bii)	.5	THEFT FROM MV - <= \$5000 - PUN - SC	038
2150	354.(1,2)		POSSESSION OF PROPERTY OBTAINED BY CRIME - DEF	041
2150	355.(a)	10	POSS STOLEN PROPERTY - > \$5000 - PUN - IND	041
2150	355.(bi)	2	POSS STOLEN PROPERTY - <= \$5000 - PUN - IND	041
2150	355.(bii)	.5	POSS STOLEN PROPERTY - <= \$5000 - PUN - SC	041
2150	356.(1b)	10	POSSESSION OF MATTER STOLEN FROM MAIL	041
2150	357.	10	BRING STOLEN PROPERTY INTO CANADA	041
2160	336.	14	BREACH OF TRUST	045
2160	341.	2	FRAUDULENT CONCEALMENT	073
2160	342.(1a-d)	4.0	STEAL/FORGE/POSS/USE CREDIT CARD - DEF	044
2160	342.(1e)	10	STEAL/FORGE/POSS/USE CREDIT CARD - PUN - ND	044
2160	342.(1f)	.5	STEAL/FORGE/POSS/USE CREDIT CARD - FUN - SC INSTRUMENTS FOR FORGING CREDIT CARD - PUN	044
2160	342.01(1a-d)	10	UNAUTHORIZED USE OF COMPUTER PUN - IND	044
2160 2160	342.1(1a-c) 342.1(1a-c)	10 .5	UNAUTHORIZED USE OF COMPUTER - P IN SC	045 045
2160	342.1(1a-c)	2	POSSESS DEVICE TO OBTAIN CONDUTER SERVICE - PUN - IND	045
2160	342.2(1a)	.5	POSSESS DEVICE TO OBTAIN CO. 1PUTER SERVICE - PUN - SC	045
2160	361.(1,2)	.0	FALSE PRETENCE/EXAGGER. TED COMMENDATION - DEF	045
2160	362.(1ab)		THEFT BY FRAUD/OBT CREDIT LY FRAUD - DEF	045
2160	362.(1c)		FALSE STATEMENT IN WELTING - CHEQUE - DEF	043
2160	362.(1cd)		FALSE STATEMEN 01 HER: MAKE/KNOW OF - DEF	045
2160	362.(2a)	10	FALSE PRET > \$5000 S.362(1a) - PUN - IND	045
2160	362.(2bi)	2	FALSE PRFT <= \$500 10 - S.362(1a) - PUN - IND	045
2160	362.(2bii)	.5	FALSE, RE <= \$5000 - S.362(1a) - PUN - SC	045
2160	362.(3)	10	OBT CREL T - 5.362(1b-d) - PUN - IND	045
2160	362.(4,5)		FA .SE Pi ET_NCE - CHEQUE - DEF	043
2160	363.(ab)	5	OB AIN E (ECUTION OF SECURITY BY FRAUD	045
2160	364.(1)	.5	CSTAIN FOOD/BEV/LODGING BY FRAUD	045
2160	364.(2a-e)	.5	CRTAIN FOOD/BEV/LODGING BY FRAUD - OTHER	045
2160	364.(2f)	.5	OBTAIN FOOD/BEV/LODGING - CHEQUE	043
2160	364.(3)	_	OBTAIN FOOD/BEV/LODGING - CHEQUE - DEF	043
2160	365.(a-c)	.5	PRACTISE OF WITCHCRAFT/SORCERY, ETC FORGERY/MAKING A FALSE DOCUMENT - DEF	045
2160 2160	366.(1,2) 367.(a)	10	FORGERY - PUN - IND	045 045
2160	367.(a) 367.(b)	.5	FORGERY - PUN - SC	045
2160	368 (1a)	.0)	UTTER/CAUSE/DEAL WITH FORGED DOCUMENT - DEF	045
2160	360 (16)	10	UTTER/CAUSE/DEAL WITH FORGED DOCUMENT - PUN - IND	045
2160	368.(, 1)	.5	UTTER/CAUSE/DEAL WITH FORGED DOCUMENT - PUN - SC	045
2160	369.(a-c)	14	MAKE/POSS REVENUE PAPER/FORGING EQUIP/SEAL	045
2160	370.(ab)	5	PRINT/TENDER COUNTERFEIT PROCLAMATION, ETC	045
2160	371.	5	INT TO DEFRAUD: TELEGRAM IN FALSE NAME	045
2160	372.(1)	2	FALSE MESSAGES BY RADIO/PHONE/LETTER, ETC	045
2160	374.(ab)	14	DRAW/EXEC DOCUMENT W/OUT AUTH TO DEFRAUD	045
2160	375.	14	OBTAIN BY INSTRUMENT BASED ON FORGED DOC	045
2160	376.(1,2)	14	FRAUDULENTLY USE/POSS/COUNTERFEIT STAMPS	045
2160	377.(1a-d)	5	DAMAGE DOCUMENT/FRAUDULENT REGIS/ELEC DOC	045
2160	378.(a-c)	5	OFFENCES IN RELATION TO REGISTERS	045
2160	380.(1a)	14	FRAUD: MONEY/PROP/SECURITY > \$5000 - PUN - IND	045
2160	380.(1bi)	2	FRAUD: MONEY/PROP/SEC <= \$5000 - PUN - IND	045
2160	380.(1bii)	.5 14	FRAUD: MONEY/PROP/SEC <= \$5000 - PUN - SC FRAUD AFFECTING PUBLIC MARKET	045 045
2160	380.(2)	14	TIMOD AFFECTING FUDLIC WARKET	045

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2160	381.	2	FRAUD THROUGH MAILS	045
2160	382.(a-c)	10	FRAUDULENT MANIP OF STOCK EXCHANGE TRANS	045
2160	382.1(1)(a-e)		FRAUD: PROHIBITED INSIDER TRADING - DEF	045
2160	382.1(1)	10	FRAUD: PROHIBITED INSIDER TRADING - PUN - IND	045
2160	382.1(2)a)	5	FRAUD: TIPPING - PUN - IND	045
2160	382.1(2)b)	.5	FRAUD: TIPPING - PUN - SC	045
2160	383.(1ab)	5	FRAUD GAMING IN STOCKS, MERCHANDISE	045
2160	384.(ab)	5	BROKER REDUC STOCK BY SELL FOR OWN ACCT	045
2160	385.(1ab)	2	FRAUDULENT CONCEALMENT OF TITLES	045
2160	386.(a-c)	5	FRAUDULENTLY REGISTER TITLE	045 045
2160 2160	387. 388.(ab)	2 2	FRAUDULENT SALE OF REAL PROPERTY FRAUDULENT/MISLEADING RECEIPT: GIVE/ACCEPT	045
2160	389.(1ab)	2	FRAUDULENT DISPOSAL OF GOODS: DELIV/ASSIST	045
2160	390.(ab)	2	FRAUDULENT RECEIPTS UNDER BANK ACT	045
2160	392.(ab)	2	DEFRAUD CREDITIORS: DISPOSE/RECEIVE PROP	045
2160	393.(1,2)	2	FRAUD RE FARES/OBTAIN TRANSPO BY FRAUD PUN IND	045
2160	393.(3)	.5	FRAUD RE FARES/OBTAIN TRANSPO BY FRAUD - PUN - SC	045
2160	394.(1ab)		FRAUD IN RELATION TO MINERALS - DEF	045
2160	394.(5)	5	FRAUD IN RELATION TO MINERALS CUIN IND	045
2160	396.(1ab)	10	FRAUD OFFENCES IN RELATION TO MIN. S	045
2160	397.(1,2)	5	FALSIFY BOOKS, ETC/PRIVY TC CC YMISSION	045
2160	398.	.5	FALISFY EMPLOYMENT RECORD	045
2160	399.(ab)	5	FALSE RETURN BY PUBLIC CTFICEK: SUM/BALANCE	045
2160	400.(1a-c)	10	FALSE PROSPECTUS WINTEN'I	045
2160	401.(1)	.5	OBTAIN TRANSPO BY FALCE/MISLEAD BILLING	045
2160	402.(1a-c)	2 10	TRADER FAILING ON KEEP ACCOUNTS PERSONATION WITH INTENT - PUN - IND	045 045
2160 2160	403.(a-c) 403.(a-c)	.5	PERSONATION WITH MENT - PON - IND	045 045
2160	404.	.5	PERSO! ATI DN AT EXAMINATION	045
2160	405.	5	ACKNOWL DGL INSTRUMENT IN FALSE NAME	045
2160	406.(ab)	· ·	FCRGING TRADE MARK: MAKE/FALSIFY - DEF	045
2160	407.		FOI GING OFFENCE - DEF	045
2160	408.(ab)		PASSING OFF - WARES/SERVICES - DEF	045
2160	409.(1)		FOSS INSTRU FOR FORGING TRADE MARK - DEF	045
2160	410.(ab)		OTHER OFF IN RELATION TO TRADE MARKS - DEF	045
2160	411.		SALE OF USED GOODS W/OUT DISCLOSURE - DEF	045
2160	412.(1a)	2	S.407-411 - PUN - IND	045
2160	412.(1b)	.t	S.407-411 - PUN - SC	045
2160	413.	9	FALSELY CLAIMING ROYAL WARRANT	045
2170	430.(1.1a-d)	7	MISCHIEF RE. DATA -> \$5000 - DEF	071
2170 2170	430 (1.1 -d) 45 (4.1a)	10	MISCHIEF RE. DATA - <= \$5000 - DEF MISCHIEF TO RELIG PROP MOTIVATED BY HATE - PUN - IND	072 071
2170	430.(4 .a)	10	MISCHIEF TO RELIG PROP MOTIVATED BY HATE - PUN - IND	071
2170	430.(4.1b)	18 M	MISCHIEF TO RELIG PROP MOTIVATED BY HATE - PUN - SC	071
2170	430.(4.1b)	18 M	MISCHIEF TO RELIG PROP MOTIVATED BY HATE - PUN - SC	072
2170	430.(5a)	10	MISCHIEF RE. DATA - PUN - IND	071
2170	430.(5a)	10	MISCHIEF RE. DATA - PUN - IND	072
2170	430.(5b)	.5	MISCHIEF RE. DATA - PUN - SC	071
2170	430.(5b)	.5	MISCHIEF RE. DATA - PUN - SC	072
2170	430.(5.1a)	5	WIL ACT/OMIS LIKELY TO CAUSE MISCHIEF - PUN - IND	073
2170	430.(5.1b)	.5	WIL ACT/OMIS LIKELY TO CAUSE MISCHIEF - PUN - SC	073
2170	430.(1a-d)		MISCHIEF: DAMAGE PROP/OBSTRUCT PERS, ETC - VALUE ? - DEF	072
2172	430.(1a-d)		MISCHIEF: DAMAGE PROP/OBSTRUCT PERS, ETC - > \$5000 - DEF	071
2172	430.(3a)	10	MISCHIEF TO PROP > \$5000 - PUN - IND	071
2172	430.(3b)	.5	MISCHIEF TO PROP > \$5000 - PUN - SC	071
2174	430.(1a-d)		MISCHIEF: DAMAGE PROP/OBSTRUCT PERS, ETC - <= \$5000 - DEF	072

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2174	430.(4a)	2	MISCHIEF TO PROP <= \$5000 - PUN - IND	072
2174	430.(4b)	.5	MISCHIEF TO PROP <= \$5000 - PUN - SC	072
3110	210.(1)	2	BAWDY HOUSE - KEEPER	047
3110	210.(2a-c)	.5	BAWDY HOUSE - INMATE/FOUND IN/OWNER, ETC	047
3110	211.	.5	TRANSPORT TO BAWDY HOUSE	047
3115	212.(2)	14	LIVE OFF AVAILS OF PROSTITUTION < 18 YRS	048
3120	170.	5	PARENT/GUARDIAN PROCUR SEX ACTIVITY (< 14)	048
3120	170.	2	PARENT/GUARD PROCUR SEX ACTIVITY (14-18)	048
3120	171.	5	HOUSEHOLDER PERMIT SEX ACTIVITY (< 14)	048
3120	171.	2	HOUSEHOLDER PERMIT SEX ACTIVITY (14-18)	048
3120	212.(1a-j)	10	PROCURE/SOLICIT ILLICIT SEX/ENTICE, ETC	048
3125	212.(4)	5	COMMUNICATES FOR PURPOSE OF SEX < 18 YRS	048
3130	213.(1a-c)	.5	PROSTITUTION: STOP MV/IMPEDE TRAF/PERSON	049
3210	201.(1)	2	KEEPING DISORDERLY HOUSE - BETTING	051
3210	201.(2ab)	.5	DIS HOUSE - BET - FOUND IN/OWNER, ETC	051
3220	201.(1)	2	KEEPING DISORDERLY HOUSE - GAMING	052
3220	201.(2ab)	.5	DIS HOUSE - GAM - FOUND IN/OWNER, ETC	052
3230	202.(1a-j)		BETTING, POOL-SELLING, BOOKMAKIN!	053
3230	202.(2a)	2	BET/POOL-SELL, ETC - 1ST OFF - PUN IND	053
3230	202.(2b)	2	BET/POOL-SELL, ETC - 2ND OFF - PUN - 1 ID	053
3230	202.(2c)	2	BET/POOL-SELL, ETC - SUBS C. F - PUN - IND	053
3230	203.(a-c)		PLACE/ENGAGE/HOLD BET ON BL'HALF OF OTHER - DEF	053
3230	203.(d)	2	PLACE BET ON BEHALF CF CTHER / 1ST OFF - PUN - IND	053
3230	203.(e)	2	PLACE BET ON BEHALF OF OTH, IR - 2ND OFF - PUN - IND	053
3230	203.(f)	2	PLACE BET ON BEHALITO. OTHER - SUBS OFF - PUN - IND	053
3230	204.(10a)	2	NOT COMPLY W/F , OVS RE PARI - MUT SYS - PUN - IND	053
3230	204.(10b)	.5	NOT COMPLY W/PPO 'S RE PARI - MUT SYS - PUN - SC	053
3230	206.(1a-j)	2	LOTTERY SCHEML. PUBL/SELL/SEND/CONDUCT,ETC	053
3230	206.(4)	.5	BUY TIC (E) IN SCHEME/LOTTERY, ETC	053
3230	207.(3ai)	2	LOTTERY CHEME: UNAUTHORIZED CONDUCT - PUN - IND	053
3230	207.(3aii)	.5	LC TTER , SC. IEME: UNAUTHORIZED CONDUCT - PUN - SC	053
3230 3230	207.(3b) 209.	.5	PAI TICIP ITION IN LOTTERY SCHEME - PUN - SC CHEATING	053 053
3310	78.(1ab)	14	E. PLOSIVE ON AIRCRAFT	058
3310	81.(1cd)	14	SXPLOSIVES: TO DESTROY PROP/POSS TO ENDANG - DEF	058
3310	81.(2b)	14	EXPLOSIVES: TO DESTROY PROP/POSS TO ENDANG - PUN - IND	058
3310	82.(1)	5	EXPLOSIVES: ILLEGAL POSS/CONTROL, ETC	058
3310	82.(2)	1	EXPLOSIVES: POSS - CRIMINAL ORGANIZATION	058
3360	85.(1a-c)		USE FIREARM IN COMMISSION OF OFFENCE - DEF	055
3360	85.(2a-c)		USE IMITATION FIREARM IN COMMISSION - DEF	055
3360	85.(3a-c)	14	USE FIREARM IN COMMISSION OF OFFENCE - PUN	055
3365	99. (1ab)	/	WEAPONS TRAFFICKING - DEF	057
3365	99.(2)	10	WEAPONS TRAFFICKING - PUN	057
3365	100.(1ao)		POSS. WEAPONS FOR TRAFFICKING - DEF	057
3365	100.(2)	10	POSS. WEAPONS FOR TRAFFICKING - PUN	057
3365	101.(1)		TRANSFER WITHOUT AUTHORITY - DEF	057
3365	101.(2a)	5	TRANSFER WITHOUT AUTHORITY - PUN - IND	057
3365	101.(2b)	.5	TRANSFER WITHOUT AUTHORITY - PUN - SC	057
3365	102.(1)		MAKING AUTOMATIC FIREARM - DEF	057
3365	102.(2a)	10	MAKING AUTOMATIC FIREARM - PUN - IND	057
3365	102.(2b)	1	MAKING AUTOMATIC FIREARM - PUN - SC	057
3370	117.01(1)		POSSESSION CONTRARY TO ORDER - DEF	056
3370	117.01(2)		FAILURE TO SURRENDER - DEF	056
3370	117.01(3a)	10	POSSESSION CONTRARY / FAILURE - PUN - IND	056
3370	117.01(3b)	.5	POSSESSION CONTRARY / FAILURE - PUN - SC	056
3375	78.(1ab)	14	OFFENSIVE WEAPON ON AIRCRAFT	056

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3375 8	38.(1)		POSSESS WEAPON FOR DANGEROUS PURPOSE - DEF	056
	38.(2a)	10	POSSESS WEAPON FOR DANGEROUS PURPOSE - PUN - IND	056
	38.(2b)	.5	POSSESS WEAPON FOR DANGEROUS PURPOSE - PUN - SC	056
	39.(1)		CARRYING WEAPON IN PUBLIC MEETING - DEF	056
	39.(2)	.5	CARRYING WEAPON IN PUBLIC MEETING - PUN - SC	056
	90.(1)		CARRYING CONCEALED WEAPON - DEF	056
	90.(2a)	5	CARRYING CONCEALED WEAPON - PUN - IND	056
	90.(2b)	.5	CARRYING CONCEALED WEAPON - PUN - SC	056
	91.(1ab)		UNAUTHORIZED POSSSESSION OF FIREARM - DEF	056
	91.(2)		UNAUTHORIZED POSSSESSION OF FIREARM - DEF	056
	91.(3a)	5	UNAUTHORIZED POSSSESSION OF FIREARM - PUN - IND	056
3375 9	91.(3b)	.5	UNAUTHORIZED POSSSESSION OF FIREARM - PUN - SC	056
3375 9	92.(1ab)		POSSESSION OF FIREARM - DEF	056
3375 9	92.(2)		POSSESSION OF FIREARM - DEF	056
3375 9	92.(3a-c)	10	POSSESSION OF FIREARM - PUN	056
3375 9	93.(1a-c)		POSSESSION AT UNAUTHORIZED PLACE - DEF	056
3375 9	93.(2a)	5	POSSESSION AT UNAUTHORIZED PLACE - PUN - IND	056
3375 9	93.(2b)	.5	POSSESSION AT UNAUTHORIZED PLACE PLAN - SC	056
3375 9	94.(1ab)		POSSESSION IN MOTOR VEHICLE - CTF	056
	94.(2a)	10	POSSESSION IN MOTOR VEHICLE - PUN IND	056
	94.(2b)	.5	POSSESSION IN MOTOR VEHIC E-PUN-SC	056
	95.(1ab)		POSSESSION OF PROHIBIT'-D WL \P. W AMMO - DEF	056
	95.(2a)	10	POSSESSION OF PROHIBITEL WEAP. W AMMO - PUN - IND	056
	95.(2b)	1	POSSESSION OF PRCHIBITED V EAP. W AMMO - PUN - SC	056
	96.(1)		POSSESSION OF WEAP, COTAINED BY CRIME - DEF	056
	96.(2a)	10	POSSESSION OF FAP. OBTAINED BY CRIME - PUN - IND	056
	96.(2b)	1	POSSESSION OF WE P. OBTAINED BY CRIME - PUN - SC	056
	103(1ab)		KNOWING UNAUTA PRIZED IMPORTING/EXPORTING WEAP DEF	057
	103.(2)	10	KNOWI! G U VAUT HORIZED IMPORTING/EXPORTING WEAP PUN	057
	104.(1ab)	_	UNALITHO, IZEL IMPORTING AND EXPORTING WEAPON - DEF	057
	104.(2a)	5	UN AUTH RIZED IMPORTING/EXPORTING WEAP PUN - IND	057
	104.(2b)	.5	UN, UTHC RIZED IMPORTING/EXPORTING WEAP PUN - SC	057
	37.(1)	_ <	POINTING A FIREARM - DEF	055
	37.(2a)	5	FOINTING A FIREARM - PUN - IND	055
	37.(2b)	.5	POINTING A FIREARM - PUN - SC FAILS TO REPORT LOSING OR FINDING FIREARM - DEF	055
	105.(1ab)	_	FAILS TO REPORT LOSING OR FINDING FIREARM - DEF	058 058
	105.(2a) 105(2b)	5	FAILS TO REPORT LOSING OR FINDING FIREARM - PUN - SC	058
	105(2b) 106.(1ab)	.3	DESTROYING FIREARM/FAIL TO REPORT- DEF	058
	106.(1ab)	5	DESTROYING FIREARM/FAIL TO REPORT- PUN - IND	058
	106.(2b)	.5	DESTROYING FIREARM/FAIL TO REPORT- PUN - SC	058
	163 (25)	7.5	FALSE STATEMENTS - DEF	058
	107.(∠¬)	5	FALSE STATEMENTS - PUN - IND	058
	107.(2b)	.5	FALSE STATEMENTS - PUN - SC	058
	108.(1ab)		TAMPERING WITH SERIAL NUMBER - DEF	058
	108.(2a)	5	TAMPERING WITH SERIAL NUMBER - PUN - IND	058
	108.(2b)	.5	TAMPERING WITH SERIAL NUMBER - PUN - SC	058
	36.(2)		UNSAFE STORAGE OF FIREARMS - DEF	058
		2	UNSAFE STORAGE OF FIREARMS - PUN - 1ST OFF - IND	058
3395 8	36.(3aii)	5	UNSAFE STORAGE OF FIREARMS - PUN - SUBS OFF - IND	058
	36.(3b)	.5	UNSAFE STORAGE OF FIREARMS - PUN - SC	058
	145.(3-5)	2	FAIL TO COMPLY/APPEAR, ETC - PUN - IND	061
	145.(3-5)	.5	FAIL TO COMPLY/APPEAR, ETC - PUN - SC	061
3410 8	310(3b)	1	FAIL/REFUSE RECOGNIZANCE - FEAR OF INJURY/DAMAGE	073
3410 8	310.01(4)	1	FAIL/REFUSE RECOGNIZANCE - FEAR OF CERTAIN OFFENCES	073
3410 8	310.1(3.1)	1	FAIL/REFUSE RECOGNIZANCE - FEAR OF SEXUAL OFFENCE	073

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3410	810.2(4)	1	FAIL/REFUSE RECOGNIZANCE - FEAR OF SERIOUS INJURY	073
3410	811.(a)	2	BREACH OF RECOGNIZANCE UNDER S.810 - PUN - IND	073
3410	811.(b)	.5	BREACH OF RECOGNIZANCE UNDER S.810 - PUN - SC	073
3420	449.	14	MAKING COUNTERFEIT MONEY	062
3420	450.(a-c)	14	COUNTERFEIT MONEY: BUY/POSSESS/IMPORT	062
3420	451.(a-c)	5	GOLD/SILVER FILING/CLIPPING/BULLION/DUST	062
3420	452.(ab)	14	UTTER/EXPORT COUNTERFEIT MONEY	062
3420	453.(ab)	2	INTENT TO DEFRAUD: UTTER COIN/SLUG	062
3420	454.(ab)	.5	PRODUCE/SELL/POSSESS FRAUDULENT COIN	062
3420	460.(1ab)	5	ADVERTISE TO SELL/DEAL COUNTERFEIT MONEY	062
3430	175.(1a-d)	.5	CAUSING A DISTURBANCE: EXPOSE/LOITER, ETC - PUN - C	063
3440	144.(ab)	10	PRISON BREACH	064
3440	145.(1a)	2	ESCAPE CUSTODY - PUN - IND	064
3440	145.(1a)	.5	ESCAPE CUSTODY - PUN - SC	064
3450	173.(1ab)	.5	INDECENT ACTS - PUN - SC	065
3450	173.(2)	.5	EXPOSURE TO PERSON UNDER 14 - PUN - SC	065
3450	174.(1ab)	.5	NUDITY - PUBLIC PROPERTY/PRIVATE PROPERTY - PUN - SC	065
3455	163.1(1)	.0	CHILD PORNOGRAPHY - DEF	067
3455	163.1(2a)	10	CHILD PORN/PRINT, PUBLISH, POSS, FOR PUBLICATION - PUN - IND	067
3455	163.1(2b)	.5	CHILD PORN/PRINT, PUBLISH, POS 3, FOR PUBLICATION - PUN - SC	067
3455	163.1(3a)	10	CHILD PORN/IMPORT, DIST, SEL. PCSS, FOR DISTRIB PUN - IND	067
3455	163.1(3b)	.5	CHILD PORN/IMPORT, DIST SELL, FOSS, FOR DISTRIB PUN - SC	067
3455	163.1(4a)	5	POSSESS CHILD PORN - PUN IND	067
3455	163.1(4b)	.5	POSSESS CHILD PORM - PUN - C	067
3455	163.1(4.1a)	5	ACCESSING CHILD PORNUCRAPHY - PUN - IND	067
3455	163.1(4.1b)	.5	ACCESSING CHILL, PORNOGRAPHY - PUN - SC	067
3460	163.(1,2)		CORRUPT MORALS - DEF	067
3460	165.		TIED SALE - DEF	067
3460	167.(1,2)		IMMORAL TUEATRE PERFORMANCE - DEF	067
3460	168.		MAIL OBSCENE MATTER - DEF	067
3460	169.(a)	2	CC RRUF TMURALS: S.163,165,167,168 - PUN - IND	067
3460	169.(b)	.5	CO, `RUPT MORALS: S.163,165,167,168 - PUN - SC	067
3460	172.(1)	2	CORRUPTING CHILDREN IN THE HOME	067
3461	172.1(a-c)		L 'RING A CHILD VIA COMPUTER - DEF	067
3461	172.1(2a)	5	LURING A CHILD VIA COMPUTER - PUN - IND	067
3461	172.1(2b)	.5	LURING A CHILD VIA COMPUTER - PUN - SC	067
3470	129.(a-c)		OBSTRUCT PEACE OFFICER - DEF	068
3470	129.(d)	2	OFF RE. PEACE OFFICER - PUN - IND	068
3470	129.(e)	9	OFF RE. PEACE OFFICER - PUN - SC	068
3480	145.(1b)	2	ESCAPE CUSTODY BEFORE TERM EXPIRES - PUN - IND	069
3480	145 (1b)).5 _	ESCAPE CUSTODY BEFORE TERM EXPIRES - PUN - SC	069
3490	17.1	.5	TRESPASS AT NIGHT	070
3510	145.(∠¬b)	2	FAIL TO ATTEND COURT - PUN - IND	061
3510	145.(2ab)	.5	FAIL TO ATTEND COURT - PUN - SC	061
3520	161(4a)	2	BREACH OF PROBABITION ORDER - PUN - IND	073
3520	161(4b)	.5	BREACH OF PROBABTION ORDER - PUN - SC	073
3520	733.1(1a)	2	FAIL TO COMPLY PROBATION ORDER - PUN - IND	073
3520 3520	733.1(1b) 753.3(1)	18 M 10	FAIL TO COMPLY PROBATION ORDER - PUN - SC BREACH OF LONG-TERM ORDER	073 073
		.5		073
3530 3710	372.(2,3) 46.(1bc)	.J	INDECENT/HARRASSING TELEPHONE CALLS HIGH TREASON - DEE	073
			HIGH TREASON - DEF	073
3710 3710	46.(2a-e)	25	TREASON - DEF HIGH TREASON - S.46(1b,c) - PUN	073
3710	47.(1) 47.(2a)	25 25	TREASON - S.46(10,c) - PUN	073
3710	47.(2a) 47.(2b)	25 25	TREASON - 5.46(2b,e) STATE OF WAR - PUN	073
3710	47.(20) 47.(2c)	14	TREASON - 5.46(2b,e) STATE OF WAR - PUN TREASON - S.46(2b,e) - PUN	073
0, 10	71.(20)	17	1112/10014 - 0.70(20,0) - 1 014	010

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3710	49.(ab)	14	INT TO ALARM/HARM QUEEN/BREAK PUBLIC PEACE	073
3710	50.(1ab)		ASSIST ALIEN ENEMY/OMIT TO PREV TREASON - DEF	073
3710	50.(2)	14	PUNISHMENT PROV FOR S.50(1a,b)	073
3710	51.	14	INTIMIDATE PARLIAMENT/LEGISLATURES	073
3710	52.(1ab)	10	SABOTAGE: CANADA/OTHER COUNTRY	073
3710	53.(ab)	14	INCITE MUTINY: SEDUCE/INCITE	073
3710	54.	.5	ASSIST DESERTER	073
3710	56.(a-c)	.5	OFFENCES RE RCMP: DESERT/HARBOUR/AID	073
3710	57.(1ab)	14	FORGING A PASSPORT/DEAL/CAUSE TO DEAL	073
3710	57.(2a)	2	FALSE STMT TO PROCURE PASSPORT - PUN - IND	073
3710	57.(2b)	.5	FALSE STMT TO PROCURE PASSPORT - PUN - SC	073
3710	57.(3)	5 2	POSSESSION OF FORGED PASSPORT	073
3710 3710	58.(1ab) 59.(1-4ab)	2	FRAUDULENT USE OF CERT OF CITIZENSHIP SEDITION - DEF	073 073
3710	61.(a-c)	14	SEDITION - PUN	073
3710	62.(1a-c)	5	SEDITION - MILITARY FORCES	073
3710	63.(1ab)	· ·	UNLAWFUL ASSEMBLY - DEF	073
3710	64.		RIOT - DEF	073
3710	65.	2	RIOTER - PUN	073
3710	66.	.5	UNLAWFUL ASSEMBLY - PUN	073
3710	68.(a-c)	25	RIOTS PROCLAMATION	073
3710	69.	2	NEGLECT BY PEACE OFFIC'-R TO SUPPRESS RIOT	073
3710	70.(1ab)		UNLAWFUL DRILLING - DEF	073
3710	70.(3)	5	UNLAWFUL DRILLING GOV IN COUNCIL ORDER - PUN	073
3710	71.(a-c)	2	DUELLING - PUN - IND	073
3710	72.(1)(2)	_	FORCIBLE ENTRY DEF	073
3710	73.(a)	.5 2	FORCIBLE ENTRY - P. N - SC	073
3710 3710	73.(b) 74.(1)	2	FORCIBLE ENTRY PUN - IND PIRACY DEF	073 073
3710	74.(1)	25	PIRACY - IN	073
3710	75.(a-d)	14	PIFATICA LACTS	073
3710	76.(a-d)	25	HIJ. CKING	073
3710	77.(a-g)	25	ENDANGER AIRCRAFT	073
3710	78.1(1)(2a-d)	25	STIZING CONTROL OF SHIP OR FIXED PLATFORM	073
3710	78.1(3)	25	FALSE COMMUNICATION	073
3710	78.1(4)	25	THREATS CAUSING DEATH OR INJURY	073
3710	83.(1a-c)	.5	PRIZE FIGHT: ENGAGE IN/ENCOURAGE/PROMOTE - PUN - SC	073
3711	83.02-04 (ab)	1)	PROPERTY OR SERVICES FOR TERRORIST ACTIVITIES	073
3712	83.08 (a-c)		FREEZING OF PROPERTY - TERRORISM - DEF	073
3712	83.1(1ab)(2)	Y	DISCLOSURE OF PROPERTY - TERRORISM - DEF	073
3712	83.1 (1- 1))	AUDIT OF PROPERTY - TERRORISM - DEF FREEZING OF PROPERTY/DISCLOSURE/AUDIT - PUN - SC	073
3712 3712	85.12(1a) 83.12(1b)	1 10	FREEZING OF PROPERTY/DISCLOSURE/AUDIT - PUN - SC FREEZING OF PROPERTY/DISCLOSURE/AUDIT - PUN - IND	073 073
3712	83.18(1)	10	PARTICIPATE IN ACTIVITY OF TERRORIST GROUP	073
3714	83.19(1)(2)	14	FACILITATE TERRORIST ACTIVITY	073
3715	83.2	25	COMMISSION OF ACT FOR TERRORISM	073
3715	83.21 (1)	25	INSTRUCT COMMISSION OF ACT FOR TERRORISM	073
3715	83.22 (1)	25	INSTRUCT TO CARRY OUT TERRORIST ACTIVITY	073
3716	83.23	10	HARBOUR OR CONCEAL A TERRORIST	073
3720	86.(1)		CARELESS USE OF FIREARM - DEF	058
3720	86.(3ai)	2	CARELESS USE OF FIREARM - PUN - 1ST OFF- IND	058
3720	86.(3aii)	5	CARELESS USE OF FIREARM - PUN - SUBS OFF - IND	058
3720	86.(3b)	.5	CARELESS USE OF FIREARM - PUN - SC	058
3730	119.(1ab)	14	ACCEPT/OFFER BRIBE - JUDICIAL OFFICER/MP/MLA	073
3730	120.(ab)	14	ACCEPT/OFFER BRIBE - JUSTICE/POLICE COMMISIONER/PEACE OFFI	
3730	121.(1,2)		FRAUDS UPON GOVERNMENT - DEF	073

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3730	121.(3)	5	FRAUDS UPON GOVERNMENT - PUN	073
3730	121.(3)	5	BREACH OF TRUST BY PUBLIC OFFICER	073
3730	122. 123.(1a-f)	5	CORRUPT MUNICIPAL OFFICIAL	073
	` '	5		073
3730	123.(2a-c)	5 5	INFLUENCE MUNICIPAL OFFICIAL	
3730	124.(ab)		SELLING/PURCHASING OFFICES	073
3730	125.(a-c)	5	DEAL/NEGOTIATE/SOLICIT OFFICES/APPTMENTS	073 073
3730	126.(1)	2	DISOBEYING A STATUTE	
3730 3730	127.(1)	2	DISOBEYING ORDER OF COURT MISCONDUCT OF OFFICER IN EXECUTING PROCESS	073 073
3730	128.(ab) 130.(ab)	.5	PERSONATING A PEACE OFFICER - PUN - SC	073
3730		.5	PERJURY - DEF	073
3730	131.(1) 132.	14	PERJURY - GENERAL - PUN	073
3730	134.(1)	.5	FALSE STATEMENT IN AFFIDAVIT, ETC - PUN - SC	073
3730	136.(1)	14	GIVING CONTRADICTORY EVIDENCE	073
3730	137.	14	FABRICATING EVIDENCE	073
3730	137. 138.(a-c)	2	OFFENCES RELATING TO AFFIDAVITS	073
3730	139.(1ab)	2	OBSTRUCT JUSTICE - DEF	073
3730	139.(1c)	2	OBSTRUCT JUSTICE - PUN - IND	073
3730	139.(1d)	.5	OBSTRUCT JUSTICE - PUN - SC	073
3730	139.(2,3)	10	OBSTRUCT JUSTICE - OTHER/JUD PROC FEIJING	073
3730	140.(1a-d)	10	PUBLIC MISCHIEF - DEF	073
3730	140.(2a)	5	PUBLIC MISCHIEF TO MISL AD PC - PUN - IND	073
3730	140.(2b)	.5	PUBLIC MISCHIEF TO MISLEAD PO - PUN - SC	073
3730	141.(1)	2	COMPOUNDING INDICTABLE OF TENCE	073
3730	142.	5	CORRUPTLY TAKING REV. PDS	073
3730	143.(a-d)	.5	ADVERTISE REWA. D AND IMMUNITY	073
3730	146.(a-c)	2	PERMIT OR ASSIST ECCAPE	073
3730	147.(a-c)	5	RESCUE OR PERIV ESCAPE	073
3730	148.(ab)	5	ASSIST 'RI: ONE' OF WAR TO ESCAPE	073
3740	176.(1ab)	2	OBSTPUC OFFICIATING CLERGY: ASSAULT/ARREST	073
3740	176.(2,3)	.5	WI .FULL 1 DISTURB RELIG WORSHIP/MEETING	073
3740	178.(ab)	.5	OF, FNSIVE VOLATILE SUBSTANCE	073
3740	179.(1ab)		VaGRANCY - DEF	073
3740	179.(2)	.5	V. 'GRANCY - PUN	073
3740	180.(1a)	2	COMMON NUISANCE - ENDANGER LIFE - PUN - IND	073
3740	180.(1b)	2	COMMON NUISANCE - CAUSE INJURY - PUN - IND	073
3740	180.(2ab)		COMMON NUISANCE - DEF	073
3740	181.	2	SPREAD FALSE NEWS CAUSING INJURY	073
3740	182.(ab)	5	INDECENTLY INTERFERE WITH DEAD BODY	073
3750	183.	Y	INVASION OF PRIVACY - DEF	073
3750	184 (1)	5	INTERCEPTING A PRIVATE COMMUNICATION	073
3750	16 5(:)	5	INTERCEPTING RADIO-BASED TELEPHONE COMMUNICATIONS	073
3750	191.(.)	2	POSSESS/SELL/BUY INTERCEPTING DEVICES	073
3750	193.(1ao)	2	DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION	073
3750	193.1(1a-c)	2	DISCLOSURE - INTERCEPTED INFORMATION	073
3770	215.(1a-c)		DUTY OF PERSONS TO PROVIDE NECESSARIES - DEF	073
3770	215.(2ab)	2	PROVIDE NECESSARIES - OFFENCES - DEF	073
3770 3770	215.(3a) 215.(3b)	.5	PROVIDE NECESSARIES - PUN - IND PROVIDE NECESSARIES - PUN - SC	073 073
3770	215.(3b) 262.(ab)	.5 10	IMPEDE PERSON SAVING OWN LIFE/OTHER	073
3770	262.(ab) 263.(3c)	.5	SAFEGUARD OPENING - PUN - SC	073
3770	263.(30) 264.1(3a)	.5	UTTER THREATS - PROP/ANIMALS - PUN - IND	073
3770	264.1(3a) 264.1(3b)	2 18 M	UTTER THREATS - PROP/ANIMALS - PUN - SC	073
3770	276.3(1a-d)	I O IVI	PROHIBITED NOTICE - DEF	073
3770	276.3(1a-d) 276.3(2)	.5	PUBLICATION OF PROHIBITED NOTICE	073
3770	278.9(2)	.5	PUBLICATION OF PROHIBITED NOTICE	073
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	00= (4)		PROCURING MICCARRIAGE	
3770	287.(1)	25	PROCURING MISCARRIAGE	073
3770	287.(2)	2	WOMAN PROCURING OWN MISCARRIAGE	073
3770	288.	2	SUPPLY NOXIOUS THING FOR ABORTION	073
3770	290.(1ab)		BIGAMY: CANADA/OTHER COUNTRY - DEF	073
3770	291.(1)	5	BIGAMY - PUN	073
3770	292.(1)	5	PROCURING FEIGNED MARRIAGE	073
3770	293.(1ab)	5	POLYGAMY	073
3770	294.(ab)	2	UNLAWFUL SOLEMNIZATION OF MARRIAGE	073
3770	295.	2	MARRIAGE CONTRARY TO LAW	073
3770	296.(1)	2	BLASPHEMOUS LIBEL	073
3770	298.(1,2)		DEFAMATORY LIBEL - DEF	073
3770	299.(a-c)	_	DEFAMATORY LIBEL - PUBLISH - DEF	073
3770	300.	5	LIBEL KNOWN TO BE FALSE - PUN	073
3770	301.	2	DEFAMATORY LIBEL - PUBLISH	073
3770	302.(1,2)	_	EXTORTION BY LIBEL - DEF	073
3770	302.(3)	5	EXTORTION BY LIBEL - PUN	073
3770	318.(1)	5	ADVOCATE/PROMOTE GENOCIDE PUBLIC INCITEMENT OF HATRED - PUBLIC INC	073
3770	319.(1a,2a)	2	TODEIG INGITEMENT OF TIXTIZED TO	073
3770	319.(1b,2b)	.5	PUBLIC INCITEMENT OF HATRED - PUN - SC	073 073
3780	337.	14	FRAUD PUBLIC SERVANT	
3780	338.(1ab)	5	FRAUDULENTLY TAKE/HOLD/D、FA、F/MAKE BRAND FRAUDULENTLY TAKE LUM'3ER/A、TER MARK, ETC	073
3780 3780	339.(1a-c)	5 .5	DEALER DEALING IN LUMBER W/OUT CONSENT	073 073
3780	339.(2) 340.(a-c)	.5	DESTROY/CANCEL, ETC TITLE/S 2CURITY/JUD DOC	073
3780	347.(1ab)	10	CRIM INTEREST RATE: AG, PFE/RECEIVE - DEF	073
3780	347.(1ab)	5	CRIMINAL INTEREST RATE - PUN - IND	073
3780	347.(1d)	6 M	CRIMINAL INTEREST . 247E - PUN - SC	073
3780	351.(1,2)	10	POSS HOUSE-PREAT & INSTR/DISGUISE W/INTENT	073
3780	352.	2	POSS IN STIFUMENT TO BREAK MONEY DEVICES	073
3780	353.(1ab)	2	SELI /POS. FSS/BUY AUTO MASTER KEY	073
3780	353.(3ab)	_	FALTO, EC TRANS OF KEY - DEF	073
3780	353.(4)	.5	FAI. TO REC TRANS OF KEY - PUN - SC	073
3790	415.(a-e)		C. FENCES IN RELATION TO WRECK - DEF	073
3790	415.(f)	2	CFFENCES IN RELATION TO WRECK - PUN - IND	073
3790	415.(g)	.5	OFFENCES IN RELATION TO WRECK - PUN - SC	073
3790	417.(1ab)	2	APPLY/REMOVE DISTING MARKS W/OUT AUTHOR	073
3790	417.(2a)	2	UNLAWFUL TRANS IN PUBLIC STORES - PUN - IND	073
3790	417.(2b)	.t	UNLAWFUL TRANS IN PUBLIC STORES - PUN - SC	073
3790	418.(1,2ab)	14	SELL DEFECT STORES TO H.M./OFF BY EMPLOYEE	073
3790	419.(a-c)	.5	UNLAWFUL USE OF MILITARY UNIFORMS/CERTIF	073
3790	420 (1a)	5	BUY/RECEIVE MILITARY STORES - PUN - IND	073
3790	420 (11)	.5	BUY/RECEIVE MILITARY STORES - PUN - SC	073
3790	422.(. ¬-e)		CRIMINAL BREACH OF CONTRACT - DEF	073
3790	422.(1f)	5	CRIM BREACH - PUN - IND	073
3790	422.(1g)	.5	CRIM BREACH - PUN - SC	073
3790	424.	5	THREAT TO INTERNATIONALLY PROTECTED PERSON	073
3790	425.(a-c)	.5	OFFENCES BY EMPLOYERS	073
3790	425.1(1)(a-b)	_	THREAT AND RETALIATION AGAINST EMPLOYEES - DEF	073
3790	425.1(2)a)	5	THREAT AND RETALIATION AGAINST EMPLOYEES - PUN - IND	073
3790	425.1(2)b)	.5	THREAT AND RETALIATION AGAINST EMPLOYEES - PUN - SC	073
3790	426.(1ab)		SECRET COMMISSIONS: BRIBE/DECEIVE - DEF	073
3790	426.(2)	5	PRIVY TO COMMISSIONS OF S.426(1) OFF - DEF	073
3790	426.(3)	5 5	SECRET COMMISSIONS - S.426 - PUN	073
3790 3791	427.(1,2) 423.(1a-g)	.5 5	ISSUE/SELL TRADING STAMPS INTIMIDATION - VIOLENCE/THREAT, ETC - PUN - IND	073 073
3791	423.(1a-g) 423.(1a-g)	.5	INTIMIDATION - VIOLENCE/THREAT, ETC - PUN - IND INTIMIDATION - VIOLENCE/THREAT, ETC - PUN - SC	073
0101	¬∠J.(1a-y)	.5	INTERNIDATION - VIOLENCE/THINEAT, ETC - FUN - 3C	013

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3791	423.1(3)	14	INTIMIDATION OF JUSTICE SYSTEM PARTICIPANT	073
3810	437.(a)	2	FALSE FIRE ALARM - PUN - IND	073
3810	437.(b)	.5	FALSE FIRE ALARM - PUN - SC	073
3810	438.(1ab)	5	INTERFERE WITH SAVING OF WRECKED VESSEL	073
3810	438.(2)	.5	INTERFERE WITH SAVING OF WRECK	073
3810	439.(1)	.5	FASTEN VESSEL TO SIGNAL/BUOY	073
3810	439.(2)	10	WILFULLY ALTER/INTERFERE W/MARINE SIGNAL	073
3810	440.	2	REMOVE NATURAL BAR NECESSARY TO HARBOUR	073
3810	441.	5	OCCUPANT INJURES BUILDING	073
3810	442.	.5	INTERFERE WITH BOUNDARY LINE	073
3810	443.(1ab)	5	INTERFERE W/INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY MARK	073
3810	444.(ab)	5	INJURE OR ENDANGER CATTLE	073
3810	445.(ab)	.5	INJURE OR ENDANGER OTHER ANIMALS	073
3810	446.(1a-g)		CAUSING ANIMALS UNNECESSARY SUFF - DEF	073
3810	446.(2)	.5	CAUSING ANIMALS UNNECESSARY SUFF - PUN - SC	073
3810	446.(5)	PROH2 (4)	PROHIBITION ORDER OF ANIMAL OR BIRD	073
3810	446.(6)	.5	BREACH OF PROH ORDER S.446(5)	073
3810	447.(1)	.5	BUILD/MAINTAIN/KEEP A COCK-PIT	073
3820	455.(ab)	14	CLIPPING/UTTERING CLIPPED COIN!	073
3820	456.(ab)	.5	DEFACE COIN/UTTER DEFACED COIN	073
3820	457.(1ab)		PRINT/CIRCULATE IN LIKENES, OF NOTF/SECURITY - DEF	073
3820	457.(3)	.5	PRINT/CIRCULATE IN LIKEN'ESS CT NOTE/SECURITY	073
3820	458.(a-d)	14	COUNTERFEITING: MAKE/SEL*/POSS INSTRUMENT	073
3820	459.(a-c)	14	CONVEY INSTR/PART/COIN/ETC OUT OF MINT	073
3825	462.31(1ab)		LAUNDERING PROCEEDS OF CRIME - DEF	073
3825	462.31(2a)	10	LAUNDERING PRUCEEDS OF CRIME - PUN - IND	073
3825	462.31(2b)	.5	LAUNDERING PROCE. DS OF CRIME - PUN - SC	073
3825	462.33(11)	2	RESTRAINT ONDER VIOLATION - PUN - IND	073
3825	462.33(11)	.5	RESTRANT ORDER VIOLATION - PUN - SC	073
3830	463.(a)	14	ATTEMPT, CCLSSORY TO IND OFFENCE - PUN - INDLIF	073
3830	463.(b)	7	AT FMPT ACCESSORY TO IND OFFENCE - PUN - IND14	073
3830	463.(c)	.5	AT, FMPT ACCESSORY TO SC OFFENCE - PUN - SC	073
3830	463.(di)	IND (6)	A TEMPT/ACCESSORY TO HYBRID OFFENCE - PUN - IND	073
3830	463.(dii)	.5 IND (7)	A TEMPT/ACCESSORY TO HYBRID OFFENCE - PUN - SC COUNSELLING OFFENCE NOT COMMITTED - PUN - IND	073 073
3830 3830	464.(a)	IND (7)	COUNSELLING OFFENCE NOT COMMITTED - PUN - IND	073
3830	464.(b) 465.(1bi)	10	CONSPIRE TO PROSECUTE - PUN - INDLIF/14	073
3830	465.(1bii)	10	CONSPIRE TO PROSECUTE - PUN - INDEIP/14 CONSPIRE TO PROSECUTE - PUN - IND < 14	073
3830	465.(1c)	'ND (C)	CONSPIRE TO COMMIT INDICTABLE OFFENCE - PUN - IND	073
3830	465.(1d)	.5	CONSPIRE TO COMMIT SC OFFENCE - PUN - SC	073
3840	467.13(')	25	INSTRUCT OFFENCE FOR CRIMINAL ORGANIZATION	073
3841	46.112(1)	14	COMMISSION OF OFFENCE FOR CRIMINAL ORGANIZATION	073
3842	467.1 (1)	5	PARTICIPATION IN ACTIVITIES OF CRIMINAL ORGANIZATION	073
3890	462.2(a)	6 M	INSTR/LITERATURE - DRUG USE - 1ST OFF - PUN - SC	073
3890	462.2(b)	1	INSTR/LITERATURE - DRUG USE - 2ND OFF - PUN - SC	073
3890	467.1(1)		PARTICIPATION IN CRIMINAL ORGANIZATION - DEF	073
3890	486.(3)		ORDER RESTRICTING PUBLICATION OF ID - DEF	073
3890	486.(5)	.5	FAIL TO COMPLY WITH S.486(3) ORDER	073
3890	487.08(3)	.5	DNA - USE OF RESULTS	073
3890	487.08(4a)	2	DNA - USE OF BOD. SUBSTANCE ORDER/USE RESULTS - PUN - IND	073
3890	487.08(4b)	6 M	DNA - USE OF BOD. SUBSTANCE ORDER/USE RESULTS - PUN - SC	073
3890	487.2(1ab)	.5	PUBLISH INFORMATION RE SEARCH WARRANT	073
3890	517.(1ab)		PUBLISHING BAN FOR SPECIFIED PERIOD - DEF	073
3890	517.(2)	.5	FAIL TO COMPLY WITH PUBLISHING BAN	073
3890	539.(1a-d)		ORDER DIRECTING EVIDENCE NOT BE PUBLISHED - DEF	073
3890	539.(3)	.5	FAIL TO COMPLY WITH S.539(1) ORDER	073

UCR	CC	MAXIMUM		UCR
VIOLATION	C-46	PENALTY	DESCRIPTION	OFF
CODE	RSC 1985 (1)	[2]		CODE
3890	542.(2ab)	.5	PUBL CONFESS/ADMISSION TENDERED AS EVID	073
3890	545.(1a-d)	8 DAYS	WITNESS REFUSES TO BE EXAMINED - DEF/PUN	073
3890	605.(1)		ORDER RELEASE OF EXHIBITS FOR TESTING - DEF	073
3890	605.(2)	.5	FAIL TO COMPLY WITH RELEASE ORDER	073
3890	648.(1)		RESTR ON PUBLICATION WHILE JURY SEPAR - DEF	073
3890	648.(2)	.5	RESTR ON PUBLICATION WHILE JURY SEPAR - PUN	073
3890	649.(ab)	.5	DISCLOSURE OF JURY PROCEEDINGS	073
3890	672.37(3)	.5	MISUSE APPLICATION FOR FEDERAL EMPLOYMENT	073
3890	708.(1)		CONTEMPT: FAIL TO ATTEND COURT - DEF	073
3890	708.(2)	90 DAYS	CONTEMPT: FAIL TO ATTEND COURT - PUN - SC	073
9110	249.(4)	14	DANGEROUS OPERATION: MV - CAUSE DEATH - PUN - IND	701
9110	249.(4)	14	DANGEROUS OPERATION: V/A/R - CAUSE DEATH - PUN - INL	702
9110-9130	249.(1a)		DANGEROUS OPERATION OF MV - DEF	701/703/705
9110-9130	249.(1b)		DANGEROUS OPERATION OF VESSEL - DEF	702/704/706
9110-9130	249.(1c)		DANGEROUS OPERATION OF AIRCRAFT - DEF	702/704/706
9110-9130	249.(1d)		DANGEROUS OPERATION OF RAIL EQUIPMENT DEF	702/704/706
9120	249.(3)	10	DANGEROUS OP.: MV - CAUSE BODILY HARM - PUN - IND	703
9120	249.(3)	10	DANGEROUS OP.: V/A/R - CAUSE BOD!(ARM - PUN - IND	704
9130	249.(2a)	5	DANGEROUS OPERATION: MV - PUN _ 'ND	705
9130	249.(2a)	5	DANGEROUS OPERATION: V/A/R - PUN - ND	706
9130	249.(2b)	.5	DANGEROUS OPERATION: MV PU. '- SC	705
9130	249.(2b)	.5	DANGEROUS OPERATION: '//A/R - PUN - SC	706
9131	249.1(4b)	25	FLIGHT CAUSING DEATH	701
9132	249.1(4a)	14	FLIGHT CAUSING BOD'LY HARM.	703
9133	249.1(2a)	5	FLIGHT - PUN - IND	705
9133	249.1(2b)	.5	FLIGHT - PUN - SC	705
9210	255.(1b)	5	MAX PUN: CAUSING L FAITH - S.253,254 - IND	707/708
9210	255.(1c)	6 M	MAX PUN: CAUSING DEATH - S.253,254 - SC	707/708
9210	255.(3)	25	IMPAIRED D RIVING: MV - CAUSE DEATH	707
9210	255.(3)	25	IMPAIDED TRIVING: B/V/A - CAUSE DEATH	708
9210-9230	253.(a)		IM PAIREL DEAVING: MV - DEF	707/709/711
9210-9230	253.(a)		IMF \IRED DRIVING: B/V/A - DEF	708/710/712
9210-9230	253.(b)		DRIVING ABOVE .08: MV - DEF	707/709/711
9210-9230	253.(b)		LPIVING ABOVE .08: B/V/A - DEF	708/710/712
9220	255.(1b)	5	MAX PUN: CAUSING BODILY HARM - S.253,254 - IND	709/710
9220	255.(1c)	6 M	MAX PUN: CAUSING BODILY HARM - S.253,254 - SC	709/710
9220	255.(2)	10	IMPAIRED DRIVING: MV - CAUSE BODILY HARM	709
9220	255.(2)	1)	IMPAIRED DRIVING: B/V/A - CAUSE BODILY HARM	710
9230	255.(1b)		MAX PUN: OPERATION MV/V/A OVER .08 - S.253,254 - IND	711/712
9230	255.(1c)	6.7	MAX PUN: OPERATION MV/V/A OVER .08 - S.253,254 - SC	711/712
9240	254 (2,3))	FAIL/REFUSE TO PROVIDE BREATH SAMPLE - DEF	713
9240	250 (11)	5	MAX PUN: FAIL PROVIDE BREATH SAMPLE - S.253,254 - IND	713
9240	255.(, ~)	6 M	MAX PUN: FAIL PROVIDE BREATH SAMPLE - S.253,254 - SC	713
9250	254.(3b)	_	FAIL/REFUSE TO PROVIDE BLOOD SAMPLE - DEF	714
9250	255.(1b)	5	MAX PUN: FAIL PROVIDE BLOOD SAMPLE - S.253,254 - IND	714
9250	255.(1c)	6 M	MAX PUN: FAIL PROVIDE BLOOD SAMPLE - S.253,254 - SC	714
9310	252.(1a)		HIT & RUN PERSON - DEF	715
9310	252.(1b)		HIT & RUN MV/VESSEL/AIRCRAFT - DEF	715
9310	252.(1c)	_	HIT AND RUN CATTLE - DEF	715
9310	252.(1.1)	5	HIT & RUN PERSON - PUN - IND	715
9310	252.(1.1)	.5	HIT & RUN PERSON - PUN - SC	715
9310	252.(1.1)	5	HIT & RUN MV/VESSEL/AIRCRAFT - PUN - IND	715
9310	252.(1.1)	.5	HIT & RUN MV/VESSEL/AIRCRAFT - PUN - SC	715
9310	252.(1.1)	5	HIT AND RUN CATTLE - PUN - IND	715
9310	252.(1.1)	.5	HIT AND RUN CATTLE - PUN - SC	715
9310	252.(1.2)	10	HIT & RUN PERSON - BODILY HARM	715

UCR	CC	MAXIMUM		UCR
VIOLATION	C-46	PENALTY	DESCRIPTION	OFF
CODE	RSC 1985 (1)	[2]		CODE
	. ,			
9310	252.(1.3ab)	25	HIT & RUN PERSON - DEATH	715
9320	259.(4a)	5	OPERATE VEHICLE WHILE DISQUALIFIED - PUN - IND	716
9320	259.(4b)	.5	OPERATE VEHICLE WHILE DISQUALIFIED - PUN - SC	716
9330	250.(1,2)	.5	FAIL TO WATCH PERSON/TOW AFTER DARK - PUN - SC	073
9330	251.(1ab)	5	OPERATE UNSEAWORTHY VESSEL/UNSAFE AIRCRAFT	073
9330	251.(1c)	5	OPERATE RAIL EQUIPMENT	073
CONTROLLED DRU		-		075
4110 4110	4.(3a) 4.(3bi)	7 6 M	POSSESSION SCHEDULE I: HEROIN - PUN - IND POSSESSION SCHEDULE I: HEROIN - 1ST OFF - PUN - SC	075 075
4110	` ,	0 IVI 1	POSSESSION SCHEDULE I: HEROIN - 131 OFF - PUN - 3C	075
	4.(3bii)	ı		
4110-4140 4120	4. (1)	7	POSSESSION OF SUBSTANCE - DEF POSSESSION SCHEDULE I: COCAINE - PUN - IND	075/079/083/087 079
	4.(3a)	7 6 M	POSSESSION SCHEDULE I: COCAINE - PON - IND POSSESSION SCHEDULE I: COCAINE - 1ST OFF - PUN SC	
4120	4.(3bi)	6 IVI 1		079
4120	4.(3bii)	ı	POSSESSION SCHEDULE I: COCAINE - SUBS OF T - PUN - SC FAIL TO DISCLOSE PREVIOUS PRESCRIPTION - DEF	079
4130	4.(2a-b)	7	POSSESSION SCHEDULE I: OTHER DRUGS - PUN - IND	083
4130	4.(3a)		POSSESSION SCHEDULE I: OTHER DRUCS - IST OFF - PUN - SC	083
4130	4.(3bi)	6 M		083
4130	4.(3bii)	1	POSSESS SCHEDULE I: OTHER DI 'UGS - SUBS OFF - PUN - SC POSSESSION SCHEDULE III DI 'IG - PUN - IND	083 083
4130	4.(6a)	3 6 M	POSSESSION SCHEDULE III DIX 'GC - PUN - IND POSSESSION SCHEDULE II' DRUCS - PUN - SC	
4130	4.(6bi)			083
4130	4.(6bii)	1	POSSESSION SCHEDULE III L RUGS - SUBS OFF - PUN - SC FAIL TO DISCLOSE SCHEDULE DRUGS - PUN - IND	083
4130	4.(7ai)	7		083
4130	4.(7aii)	5	FAIL TO DISCLOSE SCHEDULE III DRUGS - PUN - IND	083
4130	4.(7aiii)	3	FAIL TO DISCLOSE SCHEDULE III DRUGS - PUN - IIND	083
4130	4.(7aiv)	18 M	FAIL TO DISC! OSE SU HEDULE IV DRUGS - PUN - IND	083
4130	4.(7bi)	6 M	FAIL DISCI OSE PAZ VIOUS PRESCRIPTION - 1ST OFF - PUN - SC	083
4130	4.(7bii)	1	FAIL DISCLUSE PIPEVIOUS PRESCRIPTION - SUBSOFF - PUN - SC POSSESS, IN SCHEDULE II: CANNABIS - PUN - IND	083
4140	4.(4a)	5 6 M		087 087
4140	4.(4bi)	6 IVI 1	PC SSES、SCHED II: CANNABIS/DERIVATIVE - 1ST OFF - PUN - SC PO、SESS SCHED II: CANNABIS/DERIVATIVE - SUBS OFF - PUN - SC	087
4140 4140	4.(4bii)	6 M	POSSESS SCHEDULE II: CANNABIS <= SCHEDULE VIII - PUN - SC	087
4210	4.(5) 5.(3a)	25	1.2AFFICKING SCHEDULE II: HEROIN	076
4210		25	'NTENT TO TRAFFIC SCHEDULE I: HEROIN	076
4210-4240	5.(3a)	25	TRAFFICKING IN SUBSTANCE - DEF	076/080/084/088
4210-4240	5.(1) 5. (2)		INTENT TO TRAFFIC IN SUBSTANCE - DEF	076/080/084/088
	5. (2)	_	TRAFFICKING SCHEDULE I: COCAINE	
4220 4220	5.(3a) 5.(3a)	20	INTENT TO TRAFFIC SCHEDULE I: COCAINE	080 080
4230		25	TRAFFICKING SCHEDULE I: OTHER DRUGS	084
4230	5.(3a) 5.(3a)	25	INTENT TO TRAFFIC SCHEDULE I: OTHER DRUGS	084
4230	5.(34) 5.(34)	10	TRAFFICKING SCHEDULE III DRUGS - PUN - IND	084
4230	5.(3b ₁)	18 M	INTENT TO TRAFFIC SCHEDULE III DRUGS - PUN - SC	084
4230	5.(3ci)	3	TRAFFICKING SCHEDULE IV DRUGS - PUN - IND	084
4230	5.(3ci)	3	INTENT TO TRAFFIC SCHEDULE IV DRUGS - PUN - IND	084
4230	5.(3cii)	1	TRAFFICKING SCHEDULE IV DRUGS - PUN - SC	084
4230	5.(3cii)	1	INTENT TO TRAFFIC SCHEDULE IV DRUGS - PUN - SC	084
4240	5.(3a)	25	TRAFFICKING SCHEDULE II: CANNABIS	088
4240	5.(3a) 5.(3a)	25	INTENT TO TRAFFIC SCHEDULE II: CANNABIS	088
4240	5.(3a) 5.(4)	5	TRAFFICKING SCHEDULE II: CANNABIS <= SCHEDULE VII	088
4240	5.(4)	5	INTENT TO TRAFFIC SCHEDULE II: CANNABIS <= SCHEDULE VII	088
4310	6.(3a)	25	IMPORTING/EXPORT SCHEDULE I: CANNABIS \= SCHEDULE VII	077
4310	6.(3a)	25	INTENT TO EXPORT SCHEDULE I: HEROIN	077
4310	7.(2a)	25	PRODUCTION SCHEDULE I: HEROIN	077
4310-4340	6. (1)	20	IMPORTING AND EXPORTING - DEF	077/081/085/089
4310-4340	6. (2)		INTENT TO IMPORT AND EXPORT - DEF	077/081/085/089
13 10 7070	J. (<i>L</i>)		THE TO THE OTT AND EXTORT DE	37 1700 170007000

UCR	CC	MAXIMUM		UCR			
VIOLATION	C-46	PENALTY	DESCRIPTION	OFF			
CODE	RSC 1985 (1)	[2]		CODE			
4310-4440	7.(1)		PRODUCTION OF SUBSTANCE - DEF	077/081/085/090			
4320	6.(3a)	25	IMPORTING/EXPORT SCHEDULE I: COCAINE	081			
4320	6.(3a)	25	INTENT TO EXPORT SCHEDULE I: COCAINE	081			
4320	7.(2a)	25	PRODUCTION SCHEDULE I: COCAINE	081			
4330	6.(3a)	25	IMPORTING/EXPORT SCHEDULE I: OTHER DRUGS	085			
4330	6.(3a)	25	INTENT TO EXPORT SCHEDULE I: OTHER DRUGS	085			
4330	6.(3bi)	10	IMPORTING SCHEDULE III OR VI DRUGS - PUN - IND	085			
4330	6.(3bi)	10	INTENT TO EXPORT SCHEDULE III OR VI DRUGS - PUN - IND	085			
4330	6.(3bii)	18 M	IMPORTING SCHEDULE III OR VI DRUGS - PUN - SC	085			
4330	6.(3bii)	18 M	INTENT TO EXPORT SCHEDULE III OR VI DRUGS - PUN - SC	085			
4330	6.(3ci)	3	IMPORTING SCHEDULE IV OR V DRUGS - PUN - IND	085			
4330	6.(3ci)	3	INTENT TO EXPORT SCHEDULE IV OR V DRUGS - PUN - ,ND	085			
4330	6.(3cii)	1	IMPORTING SCHEDULE IV OR V DRUGS - PUN - SC	085			
4330	6.(3cii)	1	INTENT TO EXPORT SCHEDULE IV OR V DRUGS - PUN SC	085			
4330	7.(2a)	25	PRODUCTION SCHEDULE I OR II: OTHER DRUG \$	085			
4330	7.(2ci)	10	PRODUCTION SCHEDULE III DRUGS - PUN - IND	085			
4330	7.(2cii)	18 M	PRODUCTION SCHEDULE III DRUGS - PUN - SC	085			
4330	7.(2di)	3	PRODUCTION SCHEDULE IV DRUGS - FUND	085			
4330	7.(2dii)	1	PRODUCTION SCHEDULE IV DRUGS PUN - SC	085			
4340	6.(3a)	25	IMPORTING/EXPORT SCHEDULE I : CANI ABIS	089			
4340	6.(3a)	25	INTENT TO EXPORT SCHEDULL II: \ANNABIS	089			
4340	7.(2a)	25	PRODUCTION SCHEDULE I OR II: THER THAN CANNABIS	085			
4440	7.(2b)	7	PRODUCTION SCHEDULE II: CANNASIS	090			
OTHER FEDERAL	STATUTES						
6100		3	BANKRUPTCY ACT	096			
6150		5	INCOME TAX ACI	102			
6200		25	CANAD.' SH PPINC ACT	097			
6250		(9)	CANADA I. FALITI ACT	102			
6300		5	CL STOM 'ALL	098			
6350		5	CO. 'PETI' ION ACT	102			
6400		2	FXCISE ACT	099			
6450		.5	Y OUTH CRIMINAL JUSTICE ACT	102			
6500		5	MMIGRATION AND REFUGEE PROTECTION ACT	100			
6550		5	FIREARMS ACT	101			
6560		25	NATIONAL DEFENCE ACT	102			
6900	_	(;)	OTHER FEDERAL STATUTE OFFENCES	102			
PROVINCIAL STAT	UTES)					
7100	A	(9)	LIQUOR ACT	104			
7200		(9)	SECURITIES ACT	105			
7300		(9)	OTHER PROVINCIAL STATUTES	106			
9510		(9)	FAIL TO STOP OR REMAIN	717			
9520		(9)	DANGEROUS DRIVING WITHOUT DUE ATTENTION	718			
9530		(9)	DRIVING WHILE DISQUALIFIED/LICENSE SUSPENSION	719			
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*A COMPLETE LISTING OF THE VIOLATION CODES, SECTIONS, AND PENALTIES FOR THE RSC 1970 IS AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST FROM CCJS

FOOTNOTES:

.5 = 6 MONTHS

⁽¹⁾ SECTIONS LISTED IN THE CRIMINAL CODE DATED JANUARY 1, 1991

⁽²⁾ FIGURES REFER TO YEARS OR FRACTIONS OF A YEAR UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED N.B. 25 = LIFE

UCR	CC	MAXIMUM		UCR
VIOLATION	C-46	PENALTY	DESCRIPTION	OFF
CODE	RSC 1985 (1)	[2]		CODE

BLANK = NOT APPLICABLE (EG. DEFINITION)

- (3) SECTIONS LISTED IN THE CRIMINAL CODE DATED JANUARY 1, 1988
- (4) PROHIBITION ORDERS PREVENT THE POSSESSION OF ANY ITEM FOR A SPECIFIED PERIOD OF TIME IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER PUNISHMENT IMPOSED FOR AN OFFENCE
- (5) THIS SECTION HAS BEEN SPLIT ACCORDING TO THE TESTAMENTARY VALUE OF THE PROPERTY, IN ORDER TO MAINTAIN HISTORICAL CONTINUITY WITH THE AGGREGATE UCR SURVEY
- (6) MAXIMUM PENALTY IS LIMITED TO HALF THE LONGEST TERM ALLOWED UPON CONVICTION OF THE INDICTABLE OFFENCE
- (7) MAXIMUM PENALTY IS THE SAME AS FOR ATTEMPTING TO COMMIT AN INDICTABLE OFFENCE
- (8) MAXIMUM PENALTY IS THE SAME AS UPON CONVICTION OF THE INDICTABLE OFFENCE
- (9) MAXIMUM PENALTIES NOT SPECIFIED BECAUSE OF VARIABILITY AMONG PROVINCIAL OR MUNICIPAL JURISDICTIO. 'S

ABBREVIATIONS

? UNKNOWN
1ST OFF FIRST OFFENCE
2ND OFF SECOND OFFENCE
A AIRCRAFT
B BOAT
DEF DEFINITION

IND INDICTABLE CONVICTION

MLA MEMBER OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

MP MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT
MV MOTOR VEHICLE
PUN PUNISHMENT
R RAIL EQUIPMENT
SC SUMMARY CONVICTION

STMT STATEMENT

SUBS OFF SUBSEQUENT OFFENCES

V VESSEL