Investment, Science and Technology Division (ISTD)

Research and Development in Canadian Industry, 2011 **Industrial Non-profit Organizations**

Confidential when completed.

Si vous préférez ce questionnaire en français, veuillez nous appeler au 1-877-992-3999.

Please correct company information if needed

| | r roads correct company micrimation in nocacan |
|------|--|
| 0001 | Legal name |
| 0008 | First name of contact |
| 0028 | Last name of contact |
| 0021 | Title of contact |
| 0004 | Address (number and street) |
| 0005 | City |
| 0006 | Province/territory Postal code |
| 0053 | Country |

INFORMATION FOR RESPONDENTS

This information is collected under the authority of the Statistics Act, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1985, Chapter S-19. COMPLETION OF THIS QUESTIONNAIRE IS A LEGAL REQUIREMENT UNDER THIS ACT.

Why we conduct this survey

This survey collects data which are essential to assure the availability of pertinent statistical information to monitor science and technology related activities in Canada and to support the development of science and technology policy. Your data will be used to plan and evaluate research and development (R&D) incentive programs and to complete national totals for scientific R&D expenditures and personnel. The results of this survey be published in "Industrial Research and Development" (Cat. No. 88-202-X) and in CANSIM 358-0024 and 358-0161.

Your information may also be used by Statistics Canada for other statistical and research purposes.

Confidentiality

The Statistics Act protects the confidentiality of information collected by Statistics Canada.

Data-sharing agreements

To reduce respondent burden, Statistics Canada has entered into data sharing agreements with provincial and territorial statistical agencies and other government and non-government organizations, which must keep the data confidential and use them only for statistical purposes.

Information on confidentiality, data-sharing agreements and record linkages can be found at the end of this questionnaire.

Reporting period and coverage

This questionnaire should be completed for the fiscal year ending in 2011. This report should exclude foreign operations. Please report all currency amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars.

Record linkages

To enhance the data from this survey, Statistics Canada may combine it with information from other surveys or from administrative sources.

Fax or other electronic transmission disclosure

Statistics Canada advises you that there could be a risk of disclosure during facsimile or other electronic transmission. However, upon receipt, Statistics Canada will provide the guaranteed level of protection afforded all information collected under the authority of the Statistics Act.

Please complete a separate questionnaire for each company performing research and development (R&D) activities in Canada.

- · If your records do not permit separate reporting please refer to question 1b) for more instructions.
- If your company performs R&D activities, all questions should be completed.
- If your company does not perform but funds R&D activities, complete questions 2 to 8, 12 to 15 and Contact information section.

For further information, please see the Information and definitions section at the end of this questionnaire.

Please return the completed questionnaire within 30 days of receipt.

5-5300-404.1: 2012-07-24 STC/SAT-465-60041

ANSWERING THE QUESTIONNAIRE

Electronic format for the questionnaire: In an effort to reduce paper use and to meet the needs of respondents, Statistics Canada has developed an internet based reporting option to complete your questionnaire. If you wish to report electronically, please call 1-800-972-9692.

Avoid call backs: To avoid call backs for verification purposes indicate "0" (zero) in the total line for those questions which do not apply to your firm's activities. Also, if your firm reports a major change in R&D spending or funding, please indicate the reason for the change in the "Reasons for Major Change" section.

| GENERAL CORPORATE DATA (QUESTIONS 1 AND 2) |
|---|
| 1. a) FISCAL YEAR ENDING IN 2011 |
| From: Year Month Day To: Year Month Day To: To: Year Month Day To: Year Month Day To: Year Month Day |
| b) Please provide the GST number (business number) for the organization reporting R&D expenditures and/or technology payments in this questionnaire. |
| |
| 2. TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF THIS ORGANIZATION IN 2011 (CAN\$ thousands) 500 \$,000 |
| |
| R&D DEFINITION |
| Research and development (R&D) is systematic investigation carried out in the natural and engineering sciences by means of experiment or analysis to achieve a scientific or technological advance. Research is original investigation undertaken on a systematic basis to gain new knowledge. |
| Development is the application of research findings or other scientific knowledge for the creation of new or significantly improved products or processes. If successful, development will usually result in devices or processes which represent an improvement in the "state of the art" and are likely to be patentable. |
| 3. Performed R&D in 2011 Yes ³ No |
| 4. Plan to perform R&D in 2012 311 1 Yes No |
| 5. Forecast to perform R&D in 2013 312 1 Yes No |
| If you have answered YES to any of these questions please go to question 6 . If you have answered NO to all of these questions please go to question 12 . |
| |

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DATA ON R&D PERFORMED - SPENDING, PERSONNEL

6. **EXPENDITURES IN CANADA FOR R&D PERFORMED WITHIN THIS REPORTING ORGANIZATION** (Total R&D expenditures made in 2011 should equal total R&D expenditure of questions 8, 9, 10 and 11).

| | Made in 2010 | Made in 2011 | Planned for 2012 | Forecast for 2013 |
|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|---|-------------------|
| | | (CAN\$ t | housands) | |
| Current expenditures | | | (| |
| Wages and salaries* | \$,000 | \$,000 | \$,000 | \$,000 |
| Other current costs** | \$,000 | \$,000 | \$ \$ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ | 513 \$,000 |
| Total current | \$,000 | \$,000 | \$,000 | \$,000 |
| Capital expenditures | | • 6 | | |
| Land | \$,000 | \$ \$,0 | \$,000 | \$,000 |
| Buildings | \$,000 | \$,000 | \$,000 | \$,000 |
| Equipment & other | \$,000 | \$,000 | \$,000 | 553 \$,000 |
| Total capital | \$,000 | \$,000 | \$,000 | \$,000 |
| Total | 574 \$,000 | \$,000 | \$,000 | \$,000 |

^{*} Include fringe benefits of persons engaged in R&D.

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^{**} Include contracts for services required to carry out R&D (e.g., contracts awarded for drilling needed for heavy oil R&D). Exclude contracts for R&D work itself which should be reported in question 12. Exclude capital depreciation.

7. PERSONNEL ENGAGED IN R&D IN CANADA FOR THIS ORGANIZATION IN 2011 (in full-time equivalents).

For definitions of personnel engaged in R&D, please see the Information and definitions section at the end of this questionnaire.

*Full-time equivalent (FTE) – R&D may be carried out by persons who work solely on R&D projects or by persons who devote only part of their time to R&D, and the balance to other activities such as testing, quality control and production engineering. To arrive at the total effort devoted to R&D in terms of personnel, it is necessary to estimate the full-time equivalent of these persons working only part-time in R&D.

FTE = Number of persons who work solely on R&D projects and the estimate of time of persons working only part of their time on R&D.

Example calculation: If out of four scientists engaged in R&D work, one works solely on R&D projects and the remaining three devote only one quarter of their working time to R&D, then: FTE = 1 + 1/4 + 1/4 = 1.75 scientists.

| | Full-time equivalent* |
|---|-----------------------|
| a) Total R&D personnel by occupation | |
| Scientists and engineers | 321 |
| R&D administrators | 322 |
| Total professionals: | 320 |
| Technicians and technologists** | 324 |
| Administrative support staff*** | 325 |
| Total technical and administrative support staff: | 323 |
| Total (cells 320 + 3 | 23) 326 |
| b) Professional R&D personnel by level of education | |
| Without college or university diploma | 327 |
| With college diploma | 328 |
| With university degree: Bachelor | 329 |
| Masters | 330 |
| PhD | 331 |
| Total (should equal cell 3: | 20) 332 |
| c) Technical and administrative support R&D personnel by level of education | |
| Without college or university diploma | 333 |
| With college diploma | 334 |
| With university degree: Bachelor | 335 |
| Masters | 336 |
| PhD | 337 |
| Total (should equal cell 3 | 23) 338 |

8. **PROVINCIAL OR TERRITORIAL INFORMATION FOR R&D PERFORMED WITHIN THIS ORGANIZATION IN 2011** (Expenditures should be reported in thousands of Canadian dollars).

- * For work done on federal lands, please include in the closest province or territory.
- ** Full-time equivalent (FTE) See definition in question 7.

| | R&D expenditures | | | | R&D personnel | |
|---|-------------------|------------|---------|-----|---------------|--|
| Province or territory where R&D was performed* | Current | | Capital | Pro | ofessionals | Technical and administrative support staff |
| | (CAN | N\$ thousa | nds) | | (full-time e | quivalent)** |
| a) Newfoundland and Labrador | 701 \$ | 000 711 | ,000 | 721 | V | |
| b) Prince Edward Island | 702 | 000 712 | ,000 | 722 | NV | 732 |
| c) Nova Scotia | 703 | 000 713 | ,000 | 723 |) • | 733 |
| d) New Brunswick | 704 | 000 714 | ,000 | 724 | | 734 |
| e) Quebec | 792 | 000 793 | ,470 | 794 | | 795 |
| f) Ontario | 796 | 000 797 | ,000 | 798 | | 799 |
| g) Manitoba | 709 | 000 (1) | ,000 | 729 | | 739 |
| h) Saskatchewan | 741 | 151 \$ | ,000 | 761 | | 771 |
| i) Alberta | 742 | 752 | ,000 | 762 | | 772 |
| j) British Columbia | 743 _{\$} | 000 753 | ,000 | 763 | | 773 |
| k) Yukon | 780 | 000 781 | ,000 | 782 | | 783 |
| I) Northwest Territories | 784 | 000 785 | ,000 | 786 | | 787 |
| m) Nunavut | 788 | 789 | ,000 | 790 | | 791 |
| Total (equal to 2011 R&D expenditures reported in question 6 (cells 521 and 561) and 2011 R&D personnel reported in question 7 a) (cells 320 and 323) | \$, | 755 | ,000 | 765 | | 775 |
| question 7.a) (cells 320 and 323) | | | | | | |

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LOCATION OF R&D ACTIVITIES

9. FOR YEAR 2011, PLEASE COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING QUESTION FOR EACH POSTAL CODE LOCATION WHERE R&D IS PERFORMED, provide the postal code, value (in thousands of Canadian dollars) of total internal R&D expenditures (equal to question 6, cell 571) and the number of full-time equivalent R&D personnel (equal to question 7, cell 326).

If you have more than 5 (five) postal code locations, please complete the grid for the postal code locations with the four highest levels of R&D performance and report the residual R&D expenditures and personnel in the fifth row.

** Full-time equivalent (FTE) – See definitions in question 7.

| | Postal code | Total R&D expenditures (CAN\$ thousands) | Total full-time equivalent* |
|----|-------------|---|-----------------------------|
| 1. | 340_1 | 341_1 \$,000 | 342_1 |
| 2. | 340_2 | 341_2 \$,000 | 342_2 |
| 3. | 340_3 | 341_3 \$,000 | 342_3 |
| 4. | 340_4 | 341_4 \$,000 | 342_4 |
| 5. | 340_5 | 341_5 | 349.5 |

Count R&D projects once in the primary postal code location where R&D is performed in multiple locations. For work done on federal lands, please include in the closest province or territory.

SOURCES OF FUNDS

10. SOURCES OF FUNDS FOR R&D PERFORMED WITHIN THIS ORGANIZATION IN 2011

| X |) * | Canadian | Non-Canadian |
|---|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 1 M | | (CAN\$ th | ousands) |
| a) Funds from this organization (i.e. therest and other | er income) | \$,000 | \$,000 |
| b) Funds from member companies (annual fees, sus | taining grants) | | |
| Names of companies (please print full legal name) | GST No. (BN No.) | (CAN\$ th | ousands) |
| 802_1 | 807_1 | \$03_1 \$,000 | \$,000 |
| 802_2 | 807_2 | \$03_2 \$,000 | \$04_2 \$,000 |
| 802_3 | 807_3 | 803_3 \$,000 | 804_3 \$,000 |
| If more space is required, please use the comments section (page 13). | Sub-total b) | \$,000 | \$,000 |

Question 10 continues on the next page >

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| | | | Canad | lian |
|---|---------------------|---|----------------------|--------|
| | | | (CAN\$ tho | usands |
|) Canadian federal government R&D g | | D portion only of any other grants | | |
| Industry Canada: Technology Partne | rship Program / St | rategic Aerospace & Defence Initiative | \$21 | ,00 |
| National Research Council: Industria | ıl Research Assista | ance Program | 822 | ,0 |
| Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agend | гу | | 626 | ,0 |
| Canada Economic Development (Qu | ebec Regions) | | \$ | ,0 |
| Western Economic Diversification Of | fice | | \$25 | ,0 |
| Other grant programs | (please specify): | 883_1 | 884_1 | ,0 |
| | (please specify): | 883_2 | 884_2 | ,0 |
| more space is required, please use the comme ection (page 13). | nts | Sub-to | otal c) 820 \$ | ,0 |
|) Canadian federal government R&D c | | R&D portion only of any other federal govern | ment contracts | |
| | nts are often made | through Public Works and Government Serv | ices Canada for othe | er |
| Canadian Space Agency | (0) | • | 831 | ,0 |
| National Defence | 1 | | 832 | ,0 |
| Environment Canada | | | 839 | ,0 |
| Other contracts | (please specify): | 887_1 | 833_1 | ,0 |
| | nte | Out to | 830 \$ | ,0 |
| more space is required, please use the comme ection (page 18). | | Sub-to | | |
| | contracts) | Sub-to | | |
| ection (page 13). Provincial government: (grants and o | contracts) | 888_1 | 889_1 | ,0 |
| Provincial government: (grants and (Exclude any funds or tax credits from tax | contracts) | | | ,0, |

Question 10 continues on the next page >

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| Names of companies (please print full legal name) | GST No. (BN No.) | (0.11) | |
|---|--------------------------------------|------------------|--------------|
| (please print full legal name) | GST No. (BN No.) | (0.41)0.11 | |
| 3 1 | | (CAN\$ ti | housands) |
| - | 873_1 | 864_1 \$,000 | 865_1 ,00 |
| 3_2 | 873_2 | 864_2 | 865_2 |
| 3_3 | 873_3 | 864_3 | 865_3 |
| many appear in required places use the comments | | \$.000 | \$,00 |
| nore space is required, please use the comments ction (page 13). | Sub-total f) | \$ 700 | \$,00 |
| y) Private non-profit organizations R&D contracts | 3 | | |
| Names of companies (please print full legal name) | GST No. (BN No.) | (CAN\$ ti | housands) |
| 4_1 | 875_1 | 876_1 \$,000 | 877_1 ,00 |
| 4_2 | 875_2 | 876_2 \$,000 | 877_2 |
| 4_3 | 875_3 | 876_3 | 877_3 |
| | | \$,000 | 879 |
| more space is required, please use the comments ction (page 13). | Sub-total g) | \$,000 | \$,00 |
| n) Other organizations (i.e., universities, foreign government, etc.) | Sub-total h) | \$,000 | \$,00 |
| \ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ | | | |
| | | Canadian | Non-Canadian |
| | | (CAN\$ ti | housands) |
| ~ | Sub-totals (a to h) | \$,000 | 895 |
| Table worlds to be 1 0044 PSP come | welltungs of musching C (sell 574)) | 800 | 000 |
| Total (equal to total 2011 R&D expe | inditures of question 6 (cell 57 1)) | Ψ | ,000 |

FIELD OF SCIENCE OR TECHNOLOGY

11. PLEASE INDICATE IN WHICH FIELD OF SCIENCE OR TECHNOLOGY YOU PERFORMED R&D IN 2011

* Full-time equivalent (FTE) – R&D may be carried out by persons who work solely on R&D projects or by persons who devote only part of their time to R&D, and the balance to other activities such as testing, quality control and production engineering. To arrive at the total effort devoted to R&D in terms of personnel, it is necessary to estimate the full-time equivalent of these persons working only part-time in R&D.

FTE = Number of persons who work solely on R&D projects + the estimate of time of persons working only part of their time on R&D.

Example calculation: If out of four scientists engaged in R&D work, one works solely on R&D projects and the remaining three devote only one quarter of their working time to R&D, then: FTE = 1 + 1/4 + 1/4 = 1.75 scientists.

| | | Total R&D expenditures | R&D personnel |
|----|---|------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | (CAN\$ thousands) | (full-time equivalent)* |
| a) | Natural and formal sciences | | |
| | i) Mathematics (1.01**) | 905 \$,010 | 306 |
| | ii) Computer and information sciences (1.02.01 and 1.02.02) (exclude software) | 998 ,000 | 999 |
| | iii) Physical sciences (1.03**) | 911 \$,000 | 912 |
| | iv) Chemical sciences (1.04**) | 913 ,,000 | 914 |
| | v) Earth and related environmental sciences (1.05**) | 913 ,000 | 916 |
| | vi) Biological sciences (1.06**) | \$,000 | 918 |
| | vii) Other natural sciences (1.07**) | 919 \$,000 | 920 |
| b) | Engineering and technology | | |
| | i) Civil engineering (2.01**) | 921 \$,000 | 922 |
| | ii) Software engineering (1.02.03 and 2.02.09) | 965 \$,000 | 966 |
| | iii) Electrical engineering, electronic engineering & information technology (2.02.01 to 2.02.08) | \$,000 | 968 |
| | iv) Mechanical engineering (2.03*) | 925 \$,000 | 926 |
| | v) Chemical engineering (2.04**) | 927 \$,000 | 928 |
| | vi) Materials engineering (2.05**) | 929 \$,000 | 930 |
| | vii) Medical engineering (2.06**) | 931 \$,000 | 932 |
| | viii) Environmental engineering (2.07**) | 933 \$,000 | 934 |
| | ix) Environmental biotechnology (2.08**) | 935 \$,000 | 936 |
| | x) Industrial biotechnology (2.09**) | 937 \$,000 | 938 |
| | xi) Nano-technology (2.10**) | 939 \$,000 | 940 |
| | xii) Other engineering and technologies (2.11**) | 941 \$,000 | 942 |

Question 11 continues on the next page >

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| (Question 11 – Continued) | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | Total R&D expenditures | R&D personnel | | | |
| | | (CAN\$ thousands) | (full-time equivalent)* | | | |
| c) | Medical and health sciences | | | | | |
| | i) Basic medicine (3.01**) | 943 \$,000 | 944 | | | |
| | ii) Clinical medicine (3.02**) | 945 \$,000 | 946 | | | |
| | iii) Health sciences (3.03**) | 947 \$,000 | 948 | | | |
| | iv) Medical biotechnology (3.04**) | 949 \$,000 | 950 | | | |
| | v) Other medical sciences (3.05**) | 1103 \$,000 | 1004 | | | |
| d) | Agricultural sciences | | | | | |
| | i) Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries (4.01**) | 951 \$,600 | 9 52 | | | |
| | ii) Animal and dairy science (4.02**) | 953 \$ | 954 | | | |
| | iii) Veterinary science (4.03**) | 955 \$,000 | 956 | | | |
| | iv) Agricultural biotechnology (4.04**) | 957 \$,000 | 958 | | | |
| | v) Other agricultural sciences (4.05**) | 949 ,000 | 960 | | | |
| | Total (equal to 2011 R&D expenditures reported in question 6 | \$,000 | 962 | | | |

^{**} These numbers represent the Canada Revenue Agency's codes, in the Guide to Form T661 (Appendix 1), T4088 (E) Rev. 08. For full definitions please refer to Canada Revenue Agency's website http://www.cra-arc.gc.ca/E/pub/tg/t4088/t4088-11E.html.

R&D EXPENDITURES CONTRACTED OR GRANTED TO OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

12. R&D CONTRACTED OR GRANTED EXPENDITURES MADE TO OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

| | | In Canada | Outside Canada | | |
|----|--|--------------|----------------|--|--|
| | | (CAN\$ th | ousands) | | |
| a) | Total expenditures made in 2010 for R&D performed by other organizations | \$,000 | \$,000 | | |
| b) | b) Total expenditures for R&D performed in 2011 by other organizations | | | | |
| | i) Companies | 1002 \$,000 | 1012 \$,000 | | |
| | ii) Universities | 1006 \$,000 | 1016 \$,000 | | |
| | iii) Other | 1008 \$,000 | 1018 \$,000 | | |
| | Total of items 12.b) i) to iii) for 2011 | 1098 \$,000 | 1099 \$,000 | | |
| c) | Total expenditures planned for 2012 for R&D performed by other organizations | \$,000 | \$,000 | | |
| d) | Total expenditures forecast for 2013 for R&D performed by other organizations | \$,000 | \$,000 | | |

OTHER EXPENDITURES OR PAYMENTS FOR TECHNOLOGY

A company can acquire information based on R&D performed in the past by other companies, organizations or individuals. Similarly, it can sell information based on R&D it has performed in the past. In the preceding section, payments for R&D while this R&D is being done. In this section, consider only payments for information and rights derived from R&D performed in the past.

13. EXPENDITURES MADE OR PAYMENTS RECEIVED IN 2011 BY THIS ORGANIZATION.

| | Expenditure made | | | | Payments received | | | |
|---|------------------|------|---------|------------|-------------------|-------------|---------|--------|
| | Within Can | ada | Outside | Canada | Within C | anada | Outside | Canada |
| | | | | (CAN\$ the | nousands) | | | |
| a) Parent, affiliated or subsidiary companies | | | | | | (> | | |
| i) Patents | 1029 | ,000 | 1030 \$ | ,000 | 1031 | , 100 | 1032 | ,000 |
| ii) Copyrights | 1033 \$ | ,000 | 1034 | ,000 | 1035 | y 00 | 1036 | ,000 |
| iii) Trademarks | 1037 \$ | ,000 | 1038 \$ | ,000 | 1039 \$ | ,000 | 1040 \$ | ,000 |
| iv) Industrial design and integrated circuit topography designs | 1041 | ,000 | 1042 | | 1043 | ,000 | 1044 | ,000 |
| v) Other (includes technical assistance, industrial processes and know-how, etc.) | 1045 | ,000 | 1046 | 000 | 1047 | ,000 | 1048 | ,000 |
| Total | 1049 \$ | ,000 | 1050*\$ | ,000 | 1051 \$ | ,000 | 1052 \$ | ,000 |
| b) Other organizations or individuals | | | | | | | | |
| i) Patents | 1053 | ,005 | 054 \$ | ,000 | 1055 | ,000 | 1056 | ,000 |
| ii) Copyrights | 1057 | ,000 | 1058 \$ | ,000 | 1059 \$ | ,000 | 1060 \$ | ,000 |
| iii) Trademarks | 1081 | ,000 | 1062 \$ | ,000 | 1063 | ,000 | 1064 \$ | ,000 |
| iv) Industrial design and integrated circuit topography designs | 1965 | ,000 | 1066 | ,000 | 1067 | ,000 | 1068 | ,000 |
| v) Other (includes technical assistance, industrial processes and know-how, etc.) | 1069 | ,000 | 1070 | ,000 | 1071 | ,000 | 1072 | ,000 |
| Total | 1073 \$ | ,000 | 1074 \$ | ,000 | 1075 | ,000 | 1076 | ,000 |

Definitions

(equivalent to the canadian Intellectual Property Office http://www.ic.gc.ca/eic/site/cipointernet-internetopic.nsf/eng/wr00143.html)

Patent: A government grant giving the right to exclude others from making, using or selling an invention.

Copyright: Provides protection for literary, artistic, dramatic or musical works (including computer programs), and three other subject matter known as: performance, sound recording, and communication signal.

Trademark: A word, symbol or design (or any combination of these features) used to distinguish the wares and services of one person or organization from those of others in the marketplace.

Industrial design: The visual features of shape, configuration, pattern or ornament (or any combination of these features), applied to a finished article of manufacture.

Integrated circuit topography: The three-dimensional arrangement of the electronic circuits in integrated circuit products or layout designs.

Intellectual property: A form of creative endeavour that can be protected through a patent, trademark, copyright, industrial design or integrated circuit topography.

| SURVEY COMPLETION TIME | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 14. PLEASE INDICATE THE TOTAL TIME IT TOOK YOU TO COMPLETE THIS QUESTIONNAIRE, INCLUDING THE TIME IT TOOK TO GATHER THE INFORMATION. | | | | | | | | |
| 9909 minute(s) | | | | | | | | |
| CONTACT INFORMATION | | | | | | | | |
| First name of person who completed this report (please print) Last name of person who completed this report (please print) 0054 Last name of person who completed this report (please print) | | | | | | | | |
| Title 0014 | | | | | | | | |
| 0014 | | | | | | | | |
| Telephone No. 0017 Extension 0027 Fax No. 0016 Date | | | | | | | | |
| E-mail address 0018 Date 0015 Y Y Y M M D D | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| DATA ON ENERGY R&D | | | | | | | | |
| 15. IN 2011, DID THIS REPORTING COMPANY PERFORM OR FUND ANY ENERGY R&D? | | | | | | | | |
| 1401 1 Yes > Please complete the enclosed "Energy R&D expenditures by area of technology" questionnaire. | | | | | | | | |
| No Please complete the Contact information section on page 4 of the enclosed "Energy R&D expenditures by area of technology" questionnaire and return with this questionnaire. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| REASONS FOR MAJOR CHANGES IF APPLICABLE | | | | | | | | |
| Statistics Canada compares current responses with those provided for the last reporting period. Please describe reasons for any variations with previous information (e.g., expansion, businesses acquired or sold, closures, organizational changes etc.). | | | | | | | | |
| Explaining possible changes or events may prevent follow-up by Statistics Canada. | | | | | | | | |
| 1412 | | | | | | | | |
| 1413 | | | | | | | | |
| 1414 | | | | | | | | |
| 1415 | | | | | | | | |
| 1416 | | | | | | | | |
| 1417 | | | | | | | | |
| 1418 | | | | | | | | |
| 1419 | | | | | | | | |
| 1420 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

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| GENERAL COMMENTS | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| We | invite your comments below. | | | | | | | |
| 9920 | | | | | | | | |
| 9913 | | | | | | | | |
| 9914 | | | | | | | | |
| 9915 | | | | | | | | |
| 9916 | | | | | | | | |
| 9917 | | | | | | | | |
| 9918 | | | | | | | | |
| 9919 | | | | | | | | |
| 9921 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

INFORMATION AND DEFINITIONS

Confidentiality

Your answers are confidential.

Statistics Canada is prohibited by law from releasing any information it collects which would identify a person, business, or organization, unless consent has been given by the respondent or as permitted by the *Statistics Act*. The confidentiality provisions of the *Statistics Act* are not affected by either the *Access to Information Act* or any other legislation. For example, the Canada Revenue Agency cannot access identifiable survey records from Statistics Canada.

Information from this survey will be used for statistical purposes only and will be published in an aggregate form only.

Data-sharing agreements

To reduce respondent burden, Statistics Canada has entered into data sharing agreements with provincial and territorial statistical agencies and other government and non-government organizations, who must keep the data confidential and use them only for statistical purposes. Statistics Canada will only share data from this survey with those organizations that have demonstrated a requirement to use the data.

Section 11 of the *Statistics Act* provides for the sharing of information with provincial and territorial statistical agencies that meet certain conditions. These agencies must have the legislative authority to collect the same information, on a mandatory basis, and the legislation must provide substantially the same provisions for confidentiality and penalties for disclosure of confidential information as the *Statistics Act*. Because these agencies have the legal authority to compel businesses to provide the same information, consent is not requested and businesses may not object to the sharing of the data.

For this survey, there are **Section 11** agreements with the provincial and territorial statistical agencies of Newfoundland and Labrador, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia, and the Yukon.

The shared data will be limited to information pertaining to business establishments located within the jurisdiction of the respective province or territory.

Section 12 of the *Statistics Act* provides for the sharing of information with federal, provincial or territorial government organizations or non-government organizations. Under **Section 12**, you may refuse to share your information with any of these organizations by writing a letter of objection to the Chief Statistician, specifying the organizations with which you do not want Statistics Canada to share your data and mailling it to the following address:

Chief Statistician of Canada

Statistics Canada

Care of Survey manager, Research and Development in Canadian Industry survey

Industrial Non-profit Organizations

Investment, Science and Technology Division SC-1302

150 Tunney's Pasture Driveway

Ottawa, ON

K1A 0T6

You may also contact us by fax at: 613-951-1572

For this survey, there are **Section 12** agreements with the statistical agencies of Prince Edward Island, the Northwest Territories and Nunavut.

For agreements with provincial and territorial government organizations, the shared data will be limited to information pertaining to business establishments located within the jurisdiction of the respective province or territory.

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Record linkages

To enhance the data from this survey, Statistics Canada may combine it with information from other surveys or from administrative sources.

- 1. This survey has been carried out since 1955; you may have file copies of your returns for earlier years which will help you now. If you are filling a consolidated return for two or more related companies please ensure that consolidated figures are used for all questions (e.g. revenues, employment, R&D expenditures and technology payments). "This reporting company", as used in the questionnaire, covers groups of related companies when a consolidated return is filed.
- Please answer all questions. Your best estimates are satisfactory when precise figures are not available. Your estimates will be better than ours.
- 3. Please return the completed questionnaire within 30 days of receipt. If you are unable to do so, please inform us of the expected completion date. If you receive more than one copy of this survey questionnaire for the same business, please complete one and attach and return the duplicate(s). If you require assistance in the completion of this questionnaire or have any questions regarding the survey please address all enquiries to:

Statistics Canada 150 Tunney's Pasture Driveway Ottawa, ON K1A 0T6 Tel: 1-877-992-3999

Fax: 1-888-883-7999

R&D definition

Research and development (R&D) is systematic investigation carried out in the natural and engineering sciences by means of experiment or analysis to achieve a scientific or technological advance.

Research is original investigation undertaken on a systematic basis to gain new knowledge.

Development is the application of research findings or other scientific knowledge for the creation of new or significantly improved products or processes. If successful, development will usually result in devices or processes which represent an improvement in the state of the art" and are likely to be patentable.

Research and development should be considered to be "Scientific Research and Experimental Development" in the natural sciences and engineering only, therefore excluding:

- i. market research, sales promotion,
- quality control or routine analysis and testing of materials, devices or products,
- iii. research in the social sciences or the humanities,
- iv. prospecting, exploring or drilling for or producing minerals, petroleum or natural gas,
- the commercial production of a new or improved material, device or product or the commercial use of a new or improved process,
- vi. style changes, or routine data collection.

Examples:

The investigation of electrical conduction in crystals was research. The application of this knowledge to the creation of a new amplifying device – the transistor – was development. The application of the device to the construction of new electrical circuits for television receivers was development. The formulation of new plastic cases for a television receiver is design, not development.

Research and development may be carried out either by a permanent R&D company (e.g., R&D division) or by a company generally engaged in any non R&D activity such as engineering or production. In the first case, the R&D company may spend part of its time on routine testing or trouble shooting or on some other activities which should not be included in R&D. In the second, only the R&D portion of such company's total activity should be considered.

For more information, see section 37, Reg 2900 of the *Income Tax Act* and paragraph 63 of the *Frascati Manual, Proposed standard practice for surveys on research and experimental development* (OECD, 2002).

Note:

All expenditures attributable to P&D activities should be reported including expenditures for land and buildings specifically intended to support R&D. This inclusion differs to the treatment of research and development expenditures eligible for the Scientific Research & Experimental Development Tax Incentive Program.

Interpretation

Generally speaking, industrial R&D is intended to result in an invention which may subsequently become a technological novation. An essential requirement is that the outcome of the work is uncertain, i.e., that the possibility of obtaining a given technical objective cannot be known in advance on the basis of current knowledge or experience. Hence much of the work done by scientists and engineers is not R&D, since they are primarily engaged in "routine" production, engineering, quality control or testing. Although they apply scientific or engineering principles their work is not directed towards the discovery of new knowledge or the development of new products and processes. However, work elements which are not considered R&D by themselves but which directly support R&D projects, should be included with R&D in these cases. Examples of such work elements are design and engineering, shop work, computer programming, and secretarial work.

If the primary objective is to make further technical improvements to the product or process, then the work comes within the definition of R&D. If however, the product, process or approach is substantially set and the primary objective is to develop markets, to do pre-production planning or to get a production, or control system working smoothly, then the activity can no longer be considered as part of R&D even though it could be regarded as an important part of the total innovation process. Thus, the design, construction and testing of prototypes, models and pilot plants are part of R&D. But when necessary modifications have been made and testing has been satisfactorily completed, the boundary of R&D has been reached. Hence, the costs of tooling (design and try-out), construction drawings and manufacturing blueprints, and production start-up are not included in development costs.

Pilot plants may be included in development only if the main purpose is to acquire experience and compile data. As soon as they begin operating as normal production companies, their costs can no longer be attributed to R&D. Similarly, once the original prototype has been found satisfactory, the costs of other "prototypes" built to meet a special need or fill a very small order are not to be considered as part of R&D.

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| ITEM | TREATMENT | REMARKS | | |
|--|-----------|---|--|--|
| Prototypes, pilot plants | Include | As long as the primary objective is to make further improvements. | | |
| Contracts (questions 10.d) and 10.f)) | Include | All contracts which require R&D. For contracts which include other work, report only the R&D costs. | | |
| Economic research, market research, management studies | Exclude | All activities in the social sciences. | | |
| Quality control, routine testing, style changes, minor adaptation of a product to meet a customer's specific requirement | Exclude | Even if carried out by staff normally engaged in R&D. | | |
| Prospecting, exploratory drilling, development of mines, oil or gas wells | Exclude | Except for R&D projects concerned with new equipment or techniques in these activities, such as in-situ and tertiary recovery research. | | |
| Engineering | Exclude | Engineering unless it is in direct support of R&D. | | |
| Design and drawing | Exclude | Pesign and drawing unless it is in direct support of R&D. | | |
| Tooling up, trial production, trouble shooting | Exclude | Although R&D may be required as a result of these steps. | | |
| Patent and licence work | Exclude | All administrative and legal work connected with patents and licences. | | |

R&D personnel definition

Include independent contractors and employees engaged in R&D related activities while working 'on site' in the business offices, laboratories, factories or other business facilities of the reporting company and companies listed in question 1.b).

Professional personnel – are researchers or R&D managers. They can be either scientists or engineers. Researchers are professionals engaged in the conception or creation of new knowledge, products, processes, methods and systems and also in the management of the projects concerned. Managers and administrators engaged in the planning and management of the scientific and technical aspects of a researcher's work also fall into this category.

Technicians and technologists – Technically trained personnel who assist scientists and engineers in R&D, e.g. chemical technicians, draftspersons. They may be certified by either provincial educational authorities or by provincial or national scientific or engineering associations.

Administrative support staff – Personnel directly engaged in the R&D program, e.g. machinists and electricians in construction of prototypes, or clerks, typists, accountants and storekeepers engaged in the administration or clerical support of R&D companies.

The results of this survey will be published in "Industrial Research and Development" (Cat. No. 88-202-X) and CANSIM 358-0024 and 358-0161.

http://www.statcan.ca/cgi-bin/downpub/freepub.cgi?subject=193#193 Please make a copy of the completed questionnaire for your records.

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Please return the completed questionnaire within 30 days of receipt.

If you are unable to do so, please inform us of the expected completion date. If you receive more than one copy of this survey questionnaire for the same business, please complete one and attach and return the duplicate(s). If you require assistance in the completion of this questionnaire or have any questions regarding the survey please address all enquiries to:

Statistics Canada 150 Tunney's Pasture Driveway Ottawa, On K1A 0T6 Tel: 1-877-992-3999 Faxt 1-888-883-7999

Thank you for completing this questionnaire. Please retain a copy for your records.

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